

**GEORGIA
STATE DIVISION OF CONSERVATION**

DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY

GARLAND PEYTON, Director

**THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
Bulletin Number 73**

**EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954)
ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA**

by

M. T. Thomson and R. F. Carter

United States Geological Survey



Prepared cooperatively by the U. S. Geological Survey

ATLANTA

1963

ERRATA

TABLE 1. Wherever a zero appears in the column headed "Minimum 12-Month Flow", all data for that site were intended to be omitted, and should be disregarded except for the zero in the column headed "1-Day". The zeros in the column headed "1-Day" represent factual information and are believed to be correct in all cases.

For example: Data for site 1078, page 96, should read as follows:

| Map No. | Drainage Area | Stream | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow |
|---------|---------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-----------------------|
| | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 1078 | 41 | Turkey Creek | 0 | | | | | | |

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LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL
Department of Mines, Mining and Geology

October 2, 1962

His Excellency, S. Ernest Vandiver
Governor of Georgia and
Commissioner Ex-Officio
State Division of Conservation
Atlanta, Georgia

Dear Governor Vandiver,

I have the honor to submit herewith Georgia Geological Survey Bulletin No. 73, "Effect of a Severe Drought (1954) on Streamflow in Georgia" by M. T. Thomson and R. F. Carter of the U.S. Geological Survey, in cooperation with the Department of Mines, Mining and Geology.

This report is published to provide a comprehensive analysis of the effect of an outstanding drought on the surface water resources of the State. The observed flow data on which this report is based were published early in 1955 as Information Circular 17 in order to make those data immediately available to the public.

Streamflow during the drought of 1954 was observed and recorded more completely than in any previous drought in Georgia. This extensive documentation was performed at a time when much of the streamflow in the State was still free from man-made regulation and modification. The data in Information Circular 17 and the analyses of those data in this report will provide a basis for evaluation and comparison of the effect of future measures undertaken for protection against droughts and for control of surface-water resources.

The technical evaluation and appraisal in this report of the effect of a severe drought on streamflow will be of continuing benefit to the people of Georgia, serving as a guide to wise use and development of the streams of the State.

Very respectfully yours,



Garland Peyton,
Director

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ABSTRACT

This report contains an analysis of streamflow conditions in Georgia during the severe drought of 1954, based on streamflow data collected during 1954 and subsequent years. Derived values of drought flows are presented, including minimum average flows for one day and for longer periods of time. Methods are presented for estimating the volume of supplemental storage that would be required to maintain various rates of flow during a drought such as that of 1954. The probable accuracy of the derived drought data and of the storage requirement data is discussed. The probable frequency of recurrence of the 1954 drought is delineated for various areas of the State. This report provides the most thorough appraisal ever made in Georgia of a severe drought on a statewide basis.

EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954) ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA

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M. T. Thomson and R. F. Carter

INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

This report presents the results of analyses of streamflow information collected by the U. S. Geological Survey in Georgia during the drought of 1954 and during the period of low flow that persisted in the years following 1954.

Observed data collected during 1954 were published by the Department of Mines, Mining and Geology in January, 1955, as Information Circular 17, to make these data available as quickly as possible because of the many urgent measures then under consideration to provide protection against drought damages.

At the time that Information Circular 17 was prepared, it was planned to present the analyses of the data in that publication in a subsequent Information Circular. However, because the information is expected to have a long period of usefulness—at least until some future drought surpasses in severity that of 1954—the report is published as a Bulletin.

The low streamflows in Georgia during the drought of 1954 in Georgia deserve special attention. They were probably the outstanding climatic event of the decade of the 1950's. If not the lowest streamflows ever known in most of the State, they were among the lowest. Because of the great number of low-flow measurements made, the low flows of 1954 were not only better defined, quantitatively, than any drought flows up to that time, but they provide a rare opportunity to appraise a drought on a state-wide basis.

The measurements of low flows made during the drought of 1954 are important because on many small streams they are probably the only such measurements that will ever be made under predominantly natural flow conditions during an extreme drought. Since 1954, the flows of streams in Georgia have become more and more affected by manmade regulation from innumerable small ponds and by diversions for water supplies and irrigation.

Intensive surveys and studies of the drought of 1954 would not be warranted unless the information could be made applicable to future droughts. This is done in this report by establishing frequency relationships for the minimum flows of 1954, and by providing means of relating future low flows to those measured in 1954.

Most of the people of Georgia will remember the low flows of the streams during the drought of 1954 for many years to come, and will prefer to plan their use of the streams and to design their measures for protection against future droughts on the basis of that event. Probably they will continue to do so until another, more severe, drought event occurs. When such an event does occur, the competitive demands on Georgia's water resources may be great enough to warrant economic evaluation of the measures to avoid losses from low streamflows. The economic evaluation should be on the primary basis of frequency considerations, rather than on the basis of an important, isolated, historical event.

The computed minimum flows that occurred at the measuring sites for several duration periods are presented, as well as information for the design of storage reservoirs, based on the low flows of 1954 and the replenishment period of 1955. All of the information presented is based on studies and interpretations of the observed field data collected under drought conditions and represents the authors' concepts of what type of information is most likely to be needed by water-resources specialists, consulting engineers, and the public, for practical application to the water problems that can be anticipated in future droughts.

The report explores the severity of the drought in terms of the frequency of extreme low streamflows, examines the accuracy of drought information and presents information to assist in the design of storage reservoirs that will provide a sufficient supply of water during future droughts. It also explains the methods of determining minimum flows and storage requirements at localities other than those at which streamflow measurements have been made.

Administration and Acknowledgments

Most of the streamflow data at the continuous-record gaging stations in Georgia and the low-flow measurements at the partial-record gaging stations were collected under a cooperative agreement between the Department of Mines, Mining and Geology,

Georgia State Division of Conservation, and the U. S. Geological Survey. The agreement also provided for the analysis of the drought flows and the preparation of this report. Many of the drainage areas listed in this report were obtained under a cooperative agreement with the Georgia State Highway Department.

The report was prepared in the Atlanta District of the Surface Water Branch, U. S. Geological Survey, under the direction of A. N. Cameron, district engineer. R. F. Carter, hydraulic engineer in charge of special investigations, directed the analysis and compilation of the data.

Data for the gaging stations on the Savannah River, St. Mary's River, Withlacoochee River, and the tributaries of the Tennessee River were furnished by district offices of the U. S. Geological Survey in States adjacent to Georgia.

MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954

The minimum flows during 1954 for all the sites on the streams in Georgia for which field data are available are listed in table 1. The locations of the sites are shown on the map in figure 1, which also shows by means of symbols the approximate minimum monthly flows per square mile.

Explanation of Minimum-Flow Information Units of Flow

Streamflows are expressed in this report as cubic feet per second (cfs). A cubic foot per second is the rate of flow of a stream whose channel is 1 square foot in cross-sectional area and whose average velocity is 1 foot per second. That unit of flow is used most commonly by those concerned mostly with rivers and streams. Others concerned mostly with wells and conduits use units of gallons per minute, and million gallons per day; still others, concerned mostly with irrigation, use units of acre-inches per hour, or acre-feet per day.

To avoid confusion in presenting the information, only the one unit of flow (cfs) is given in the tables and text. The reader who prefers to use other units can easily compute them—one cubic foot per second is approximately equal to 450 gallons per minute, two-thirds of a million gallons per day, 1 acre-inch per hour, or 2 acre-feet per day. The rounded equivalents are well within the usual limits of accuracy of streamflow information.

Use of Significant Figures

Care has been taken in presenting the flow information in this report to show streamflows only to the degree justified by their probable accuracy. Measured flows and records at gaging stations are generally given to three significant figures for flows greater than 100 cfs and to two significant figures for flows less than 100 cfs. Flows computed for sites other than those where measured or recorded data are available are frequently shown only as being within a given range—as on the map in figure 1.

The limits of accuracy should be recognized when converting cubic feet per second to other units, and conversions should not be carried out to more significant figures than are given herein.

Streamflows smaller than 0.05 cfs are considered to be too small and too much subject to error to report and consequently are given as zero flow.

Cubic Feet Per Second Per Square Mile

Sometimes minimum flows are expressed as cubic feet per second per square mile (cfsm). This term represents the average number of cubic feet per second flowing from each square mile of the area drained by the stream, assuming that the runoff is distributed evenly in time and area. This concept is useful when comparing the flows of stream drainage areas of different sizes. However, the basic assumption that the runoff is distributed evenly over an entire drainage area is rarely valid when used for low streamflows as will be amply demonstrated by the information in this report. Consequently, the authors do not recommend the computation of low flows of a stream solely on the basis of the flows per square mile of another stream.

Map-Numbering System

The map numbers by which most of the sites are identified in column 1 of table 1 and on the map in figure 1 are those used in Information Circular 17. Where information at additional sites is given, the additional sites are identified by letter suffixes, and the information is inserted in the table in the proper place in downstream order. For example, site numbered 12A is downstream from site 12 and upstream from 13. If a site were numbered 12B it would be downstream from 12A and upstream from site 13.

Drainage Areas

The drainage areas in square miles are given in the second column in table 1. Many drainage areas had not been determined when Information Circular 17 was published. They are all given in this report. Some drainage areas are revised. When discrepancies appear in the drainage areas given in Information Circular 17 and in this report, the areas given in this report are considered more accurate. The drainage areas listed in table 1 were carefully measured on the best maps available according to the standards prepared under the supervision of the Subcommittee on Hydrology of the Federal Inter-Agency River Basin Committee and were included in a report.¹

¹Carter, R. F., 1959, Drainage Area Data for Georgia Streams: U. S. Geol. Survey Open File Report.

Location of Site Where Flow Data Apply

The name of the stream is given in the third column of table 1 if it is known. To assist in the identification of the stream, the

name of the stream to which it is tributary is given in the fourth column. A brief description of the location is given in the fifth column. The highway designation given in the description is generally that which was in effect in 1954.

Precaution is needed in identifying a location in future years from a highway designation, as the highway may be relocated or its designation changed. Even a slight error in the location may seriously affect the usefulness of the information given here, when used in future years. For example, a sizable tributary or spring may enter the stream just upstream or downstream from the location and alter the flow considerably. Thus, the latitude and longitude of the site is often more reliable for identifying the correct location than is the highway designation.

Minimum Daily Flow

The minimum daily flow, as used in this report, is the mean flow for the minimum 1-day period from midnight to midnight. Generally, the minimum daily flow in 1954 occurred sometime in September or October. For most practical purposes, the flow given in column 6 of table 1 can be assumed to be the absolute minimum that occurred during 1954, even though the flow during the day may have varied somewhat. Some variation in flow occurs even under natural flow conditions because of diurnal evaporation from the water surfaces and transpiration from riparian vegetation. More pronounced fluctuation during the day occurs on streams that are regulated by the operations of mills and hydroelectric power plants.

Minimum 7-Day Flow

The minimum 7-day flow given in column 7 is the smallest arithmetic average of the daily flows for seven consecutive days during 1954. Generally, the minimum 7-day flow occurred in September or October, and on unregulated streams was not much greater than the minimum daily flow. On streams that are regulated by hydroelectric plants, the minimum 7-day flow may greatly exceed the minimum daily flow because such plants characteristically release large quantities of water for five days a week—Monday through Friday—and small quantities for the remaining two days—the “weekend holdover”. The differences between the minimum daily and 7-day flows are greatest just downstream from the hydroelectric power plants and tend to diminish with distance downstream.

Because many of the larger streams are regulated, it is generally more convenient to study the minimum 7-day flows than the minimum daily flows. Also, State agencies tend to regulate weekly operations rather than daily operations at water works and waste-treatment plants.

Minimum Monthly Flow

The minimum monthly flow, given in column 8, is the mean flow for the calendar month having the smallest mean flow during 1954. Generally, the minimum monthly flow was that for September or October. On most unregulated streams minimum monthly flows are appreciably greater than the minimum 7-day and daily flow, but on regulated streams that are affected by seasonal storage operations at reservoirs they may not differ much from the minimum 7-day flows.

Minimum monthly flows are convenient for studies of large, regulated streams because the records of storage and diversions are generally available only on a monthly basis. Monthly flows are also useful for studies of the relations of streamflows to rainfall and other weather features.

Some hydrologists prefer to use the minimum mean flow for a 30-day period instead of that for a calendar month. The former is generally somewhat smaller and tends to be related somewhat more consistently to the minimum mean flows for shorter and longer periods. However, for most purposes either quantity will serve with approximately equal accuracy. Both quantities were used in the analyses of the drought data, but the minimum mean monthly flow was chosen for presenting the results.

Possible Severity of Water Shortages

The minimum flows for the three periods provide an opportunity to evaluate the possible severity of water shortages for short periods. For example, a community or industry may require, most of the time, a flow equal to that of the minimum monthly flow that occurred in 1954. Yet no great harm would result if the flow were somewhat less for a few days.

Ordinarily, the flow for about half the month would average less than the monthly mean. The minimum 7-day flow indicates how much less the flow would be for the lowest consecutive 7-day period within the month. The minimum daily flow indicates how much less the flow would be for the lowest day within the month.

After considering the low-flow data, the community or industry could decide whether to accept the possibility of a deficiency, or take measures to insure a more dependable supply.

The minimum flows given in columns 6 to 8 of table 1 are especially significant for municipal or industrial water-supply purposes for which water demands are uniform throughout the year or at their seasonal peak in the normal low flow period of September or October.

Minimum Flows in Summer Months

Minimum streamflows during the summer months may be of considerable concern, because water demands are not uniform throughout the year nor do they necessarily reach their seasonal peak in September and October. Irrigation demands in Georgia may be greater in the months of July and August when the crops naturally suited to the climate of the State normally require the most water. Recreational needs for water facilities are likely to be greatest in June, July and August rather than in September and October. Oxygen demands for aquatic life and the reduction of wastes may be at a peak in the hot months of July and August when the natural supply of dissolved oxygen in the water is smaller in proportion to the flow than in September and October when the water is cooler.

For such reasons, competition for the use of water during the months of June, July and August in future droughts may be more severe than during the common low-flow months of September and October. Therefore, the minimum daily flows of June, July, and August are shown in columns 9, 10 and 11. These data provide an indication of water-supply in the summer months. The inclusion of more summer-time flow data is not considered to be warranted. Should a problem involving water shortages in the summer months arise, more detailed information would probably be required.

Minimum 12-Month Flow, 1954-55

The remaining minimum flow statistic, shown in column 12 of table 1, is the minimum 12-month flow, 1954-55, which is the mean flow of the minimum 12-month period that occurred in 1954 and 1955. This is a much greater amount than those for the other minimum periods. It is given primarily because of its significance with respect to storage requirements. The minimum

12-month flow represents the flow that could be made available uniformly for the 12-month period by storage operations of a reservoir that is assumed to be full at the beginning of the period, emptied sometime during the period, and then refilled by the end of the period.

Perfect operation of such a reservoir in 1954 and 1955 (which would have been only theoretically possible) would have made the discharge of the reservoir uniform over one complete annual cycle of streamflow without the need of storage capacity in the reservoir to carry over water for more than one annual cycle.

Minimum Flows per Square Mile

Limitations of Minimum Flows Per Square Mile

The subject of minimum flows per square mile is discussed here primarily to emphasize that the concept has limited usefulness. The concept that minimum flows of streams are directly related to their drainage areas may be dangerously misleading. Yet, for some practical purposes, mostly in a very generalized sense, the concept may be useful.

In some places, the average flows of large streams over periods of several years may be closely related to the average rainfall on the drainage areas. Therefore, it is quite logical to think of average flows per square mile as being a significant concept to apply to sites on streams for which the discharge was not determined by actual streamflow measurements but for which the average rainfall may be determined. For example, if it were known that a stream draining 1,000 square miles had an average flow of 1,000 cfs, the average flow per square mile would be 1.00 cfs. Then if the area of a stream in the same vicinity, and having the same average rainfall were 500 square miles, which can be determined readily from maps, its average flow would be 500 square miles \times 1.00 cfs or 500 cfs. This areal relationship for average flows has been determined to be quite satisfactory for large streams in some parts of Georgia.

Unfortunately, this simple areal relationship is rarely accurate when applied to the minimum flows of even large streams in Georgia. One stream having a drainage area of 1,000 square miles may have a minimum flow of 10 cfs, or 0.01 cfs, while the minimum flow of a stream draining 500 square miles in the vicinity and having the same average rainfall could be zero or even more than 10 cfs. Such discrepancies are common in Georgia on streams

draining areas of 100 square miles or less as shown on the map in figure 1.

Explanation of Symbols

The minimum flows per square miles shown on the map in figure 1 are for the monthly data. The data for the minimum 7-day and daily flows would show similar but somewhat more varied patterns. The data are presented as symbols to represent various rates of flow per square mile. The ranges of flow per square mile shown by each symbol are approximately the same percentage-wise except for those for zero flow and those for flows less than 0.01 cfs/m. For example, the symbol that represents the class having the smallest range of flows per square mile, has a 1-to-3 range, 0.01 to 0.03. The symbol representing the next larger class has approximately the same 1-to-3 range, 0.03 to 0.1, which is approximately three times the magnitude of the range shown by the lesser symbol. The fourth symbol again has a 1-to-3 range, 0.1 to 0.3, which again is approximately three times the magnitude of the range shown by the third symbol.

Regional Generalizations

The map in figure 1 shows five broad hydrologic provinces, the Blue Ridge, the Valley and Ridge, the Piedmont, the upper Coastal Plain, and the lower Coastal Plain. Technically, the Coastal Plain is one physiographic province, but for clarity in this report the upper and lower parts of the Coastal Plain are treated as separate hydrologic provinces. The boundary between the Piedmont province and the Coastal Plain is called the Fall Line, or sometimes the Fall Zone because like a sea coast, it has "islands" of either Piedmont or Coastal-Plain formations and other irregularities for a width of 5 to 10 miles. Each of the five hydrologic provinces tends to have many streamflow characteristics common within the province and different from those in the other provinces. It is convenient to describe streamflow characteristics within each province separately, particularly the characteristics of low flows of the small streams and of the segments of the larger rivers that lie within two or more of the areas.

Examination of the map showing minimum flows per square mile in figure 1 will show that although differences occur on streams within local areas, some broad generalizations may be made, such as the prevalence of very low flows per square mile

on streams in the lower Coastal Plain, and relatively high flows per square mile on streams in the Blue Ridge province.

The following broad generalizations about the minimum monthly flow per square mile of streams in Georgia during the drought of 1954 are made from the data shown on the map in figure 1.

1. Streams in the lower Coastal Plain had either zero flows or very low flows per square mile, generally less than 0.01 cfs.

2. Streams in the upper Coastal Plain had flows per square mile ranging from zero to more than 1.0 cfs.

3. Streams in the Piedmont province had flows per square mile that varied locally, but having a distinct trend from predominantly zero near the Fall Line to as much as 1.0 cfs near the mountains.

4. Streams in the Ridge and Valley province had flows per square mile that ranged from zero to 1.0 cfs.

5. Streams in the Blue Ridge province had generally the highest flows per square mile in the State, ranging from 0.2 to 1.0 cfs.

These broad generalizations have little relation to practical water problems. For example, a municipality or industry in the Piedmont province of Georgia that requires a flow of 1 cfs and depends on a stream draining 10 square miles would find little satisfaction in the information that the minimum flow during a drought like that of 1954 would be between zero and 10 cfs.

The minimum flow per square mile shown on the map in figure 1 may be used by the reader for some general broad evaluations of water supplies if the most adverse flows indicated are used. For example, in the example just mentioned, he might note that the available minimum flow of the stream might be as little as zero, and therefore conclude that further and better information on the minimum flow is necessary.

Better means of computing minimum flows of streams than those provided by areal comparisons are available and will be discussed in the following sections of this report.

COMPUTATION OF MINIMUM FLOWS

The minimum flows at 106 gaging stations in Georgia and at 1,082 additional sites during the 1954 drought are given in table 1 of this report. From these data, minimum flows can be computed for other sites where flow information is desired.

Three methods of computing minimum flows at ungaged sites on streams are described in this report as: (1) the drainage-area-ratio method, (2) the discharge-ratio method, and (3) the control point method. The diagram in figure 2 illustrates the three methods.

Drainage-Area-Ratio Method

The drainage-area-ratio method, illustrated by line A in figure 2, is based on the assumption that the low flows of streams are proportional to their drainage areas. The drainage area and the minimum flows at gaging stations are given in the Water Supply Papers of the Geological Survey.

To apply this information to ungaged sites, the user must first determine, from the best maps available, the drainage area of the stream at the ungaged site for which he wishes to know the minimum flows. He then divides the drainage area for the ungaged site by the drainage area of a suitable gaging station as given in the Water Supply Paper to obtain the drainage-area ratio. He merely applies this ratio to the known minimum flows at the gaging station to compute the minimum flows at the ungaged site.

This simple method may give quite satisfactory results on large unregulated streams at ungaged sites close to gaging stations, but the accuracy of the results diminishes as the drainage areas for the ungaged sites become smaller, and as the distance from the gaging stations increases. Furthermore the results may be grossly in error, even on adjacent streams, as shown by the many disparities in minimum monthly flows per square mile on the map in figure 1.

The drainage-area-ratio method is not recommended for anything but the most general type of estimates. However, the other two methods require that the flow at the ungaged site be measured under certain low-flow conditions. The user may not be equipped to measure the flow, or he may not be able to wait until the required flow conditions occur. In such circumstances, he has little choice but to use the drainage-area-ratio method, for which

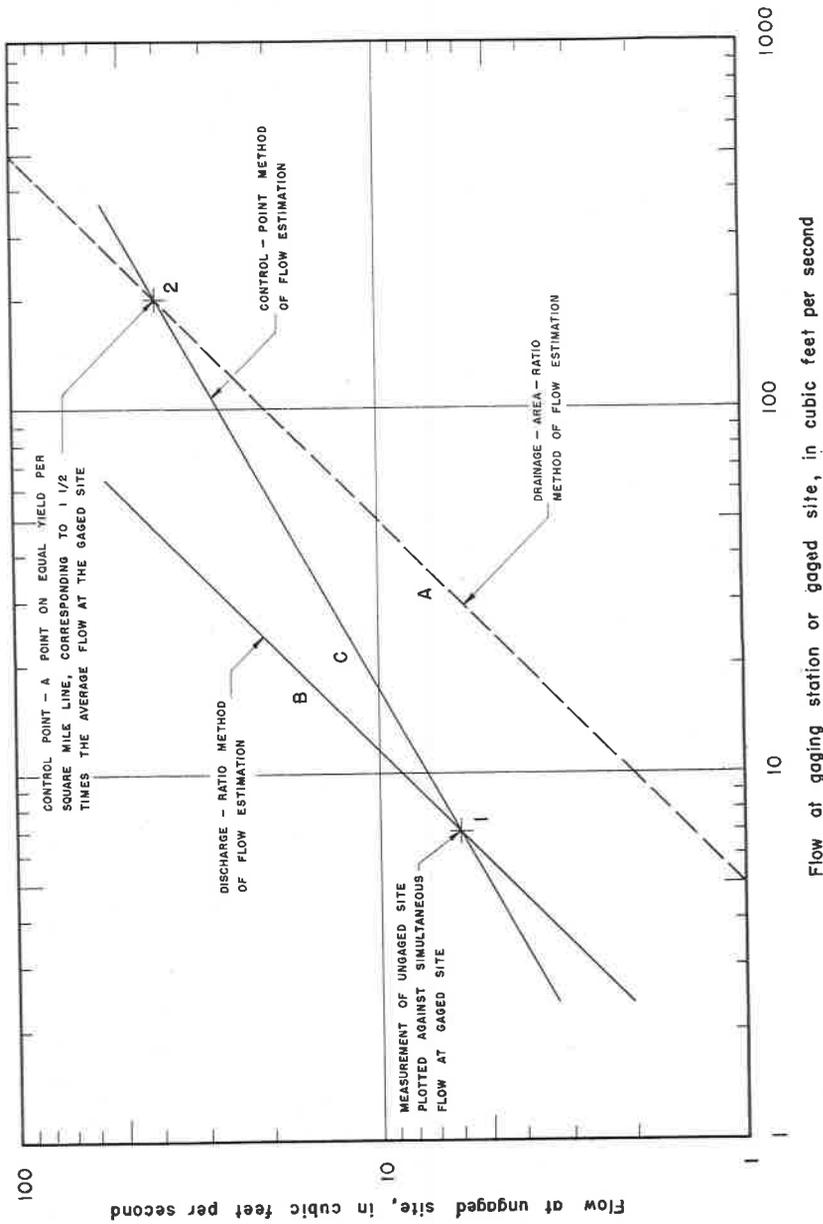


Figure 2. Illustration of three methods of estimating curves of relation between the flow of gaged and ungaged streams.

the information in figure 1 of this report should be of considerable help.

To use the information in this report, the user must first determine the drainage area at the ungaged site as best he can from the best maps available. He should then locate the nearest sites for which minimum flow data are given in this report, from figure 1. The sites must be on unregulated streams within the same province. They should be on streams having approximately the same size drainage area as the ungaged site. To be prudent, the user should not assume that he can compute the flows per square mile by interpolating the ranges shown by the symbols on the map, but he should select the smallest range of flow per square mile shown in the appropriate vicinity. He should then multiply the drainage area at the ungaged site by the range of flows per square mile at the gaged site to obtain the range of flow at the ungaged site. This procedure will provide an estimate of the range of minimum monthly flows at the ungaged site. He can then estimate storage requirements and the probabilities of recurrence in the future from the information given later in this report.

Discharge-Ratio Method

The discharge-ratio method, illustrated by line B in figure 2, is based on the assumption that the low flows of streams vary proportionally so long as the flows are not affected by storm runoff or regulation. Such flows are called base flows. They are derived from the gradual draining of water stored in the ground or in swamps, ponds, and stream channels. Under ordinary base-flow conditions, the low flows at nearby sites on a stream or on adjacent streams within a province tend to vary proportionally. Proportional variation means that if the base flow of one of two nearby streams were to decrease 10 percent in a few days, the base flow of the other stream would be expected to decrease 10 percent in the same period also. Simultaneous discharges of such streams, when plotted to a logarithmic scale like that in figure 2, would plot close to a line with a 45° slope (such as line B in that figure) for a relatively small range of discharges.

Using this principle to compute the minimum flow at an ungaged site on a stream, the drainage area at the ungaged site is not necessarily required, but an accurate measurement of the low flow is required at a time when no storm water is in the stream. Generally this condition will occur only after several days without

rain anywhere in the drainage basin—a condition which is rare in Georgia except during late September and most of October. Low-flow measurements at any other period are generally unreliable for use in computing minimum flows.

Having made a satisfactory base-flow measurement at the un-gaged site, a reliable computation of minimum flows at the site may then be computed.

Until the information in Information Circular 17 became available in 1955, the next step in the computation was to obtain the streamflows at a gaging station in the vicinity, from the nearest office of the U. S. Geological Survey. That may still be desirable in the future. When requesting streamflow information from the Geological Survey, certain details should be given about the place, time, and amount of flow that was measured at the un-gaged site. Those details enable the Survey to give the best available information. The place is important, because the Survey may already have available some observed flow data at that place, or the Survey may have information about regulation at the site or other conditions that may be pertinent. The Geological Survey makes measurements at additional sites on the small streams in Georgia whenever the base-flow conditions are favorable.

The exact date and time of the measurement at the un-gaged site are important because there might be diurnal fluctuations in flow that are serious enough to be considered in the computation of the minimum flows. The measured discharge is important because the experienced hydrologists of the Survey may be able to judge whether the discharge appears to be reliable, and if not, call attention to possible errors.

If the need for results is urgent, the information from the U. S. Geological Survey may be expedited by visiting the nearest gaging station on an unregulated stream in as short a time as possible before or after measuring the flow at the site. Most gaging stations are equipped with a gage in the water on which the gage height of the water surface can be observed. Then the Survey office can be called, giving that gage height, and the corresponding discharge can be immediately obtained.

It may be even better to measure not only the flow at the un-gaged site, but also to measure the flow, as nearly simultaneously as possible, at one of the sites in the same hydrologic province at which measurements have been made by the Survey and for which the location and minimum flow data are given in table 1

of this report. Using the site selected from table 1 as a gaged site, minimum flows at the ungaged site can then be computed.

Preferably, the gaged site selected from table 1 should be one of several possible sites in the vicinity of the ungaged site. To choose an acceptable gaged site, the flow per square mile of drainage area for a specific period should be compared for all the possible sites and any sites with flows that differ grossly from the general average for the area should be eliminated from consideration. Of the acceptable gaged sites with flows that compare reasonably well with each other, one should be selected that has a drainage area of about the same size as the ungaged site and is fairly near.

The computations of the minimum flows at the ungaged site by the discharge-ratio-method can be made graphically on logarithmic cross section paper like that in figure 2, or by simple arithmetic. By simple arithmetic, the computation is done by dividing the flow measured at the ungaged site by the simultaneous flow at the gaged site listed in table 1 to obtain the discharge ratio. The minimum flows listed for the site in table 1 are then multiplied by the discharge ratio to obtain the corresponding minimum flows at the ungaged site during the drought of 1954. The results should be rounded off to correspond with those given in table 1 to avoid the implication of unwarranted accuracy.

The accuracy of low flows computed by the discharge-ratio method is nearly as good as those computed by the third method, the control-point method, if the minimum flows are not too much less than the flows actually measured. The limitations of accuracy are discussed more fully in the following description of the control-point method.

Control-Point Method

The control-point method was developed by C. H. Hardison of the U. S. Geological Survey (oral communication). In his studies of correlation of simultaneous natural flows at gaging stations within short distances of each other in the Southeastern States, he observed that, when plotted on logarithmic coordinates, correlation curves tend to be straight lines which intersect the equal yield line at a discharge about 1.5 times the average discharge at the independent station. Above that point, called the "control-point" in this report, the correlation curves tend to assume a 45° slope indicating that storm runoff, which dominates the higher flows of streams, tends to be relatively uniform.

Below the control point the correlation curves assume a variety of slopes reflecting the difference in base flows caused by geological characteristics such as the presence or absence of substantial contributions of ground water.

Mr. Hardison's discovery is remarkably useful because the lower part of the correlation curve can be so consistently approximated by a straight line on a logarithmic plot. This makes it possible to project a correlation downward from the control point to minimum flows with considerable confidence, provided the position of some point on the correlation curve is defined by a sufficient number of simultaneous flow measurements.

For most Georgia streams only one or two simultaneous flow measurements are available for the drought of 1954. Consequently the correlations used in this report are subject to considerable inaccuracy due to the lack of observed data.

The control-point method of estimating minimum flows has considerable advantage over the discharge-ratio method. Both methods require the same simultaneous base-flow measurements, but the correlations by the two methods give progressively different results as the extension of the correlation curve below the measured flows to the minimum flows become greater, and as the disparities in the measured flows per square mile become greater.

On figure 2, point 1 represents the plotting of the simultaneous flow at two sites. The correlation by the discharge-ratio method is the 45° line, B, and the correlation by the control-point method is the line C from point 1 to the control point 2. Line B, when extended upward misses the control point and flows estimated in that range will generally be in error. Line B, when extended downward to the range of minimum flows, will again be in error.

When the measured flows of both streams are nearly proportional to the respective drainage areas and point 1 is therefore on or close to the 45° line that represents equal flows per square mile, the differences between the correlation curves by the two methods will be negligible. When the measured flows of the two streams differ radically from equal flows per square mile and point 1 is therefore far from the 45° line representing equal flows per square mile, the differences between the correlation curves by the two methods will be considerable. In the latter case, the correlation by the control-point method is usually more nearly correct than that by the discharge-ratio method.

A slight error in the control-point method is engendered by possible errors in the use of the control point at 1.5 times the average flow. No theoretical explanation supports the choice of this flow value for the control point. The choice is purely empirical based on the examination of many correlation curves not only for streams in Georgia, but for streams in many other States. Many correlations intersect the equal yield line at other discharges. However, even if the position of the control point should vary considerably, this has a minor effect on the slope of the correlation line from the control point downward to the range of minimum flows when the simultaneous measurements are reasonably low, unless the flows per square mile at the two sites are radically different.

The control-point method of computing minimum flows was used for the determination of the minimum flows shown in table 1 for the sites other than gaging stations. The use of that method is strongly recommended for computing minimum flows for other sites for which no record of streamflow is available.

In using the control-point method, a measurement of the flow at the ungaged site is required as already described for the discharge-ratio method. However, instead of computing the simple discharge ratio, a correlation curve should be plotted, like that shown in figure 2 as line C. The drainage area of the ungaged site will be needed to do this. From table 1, a site on a gaged stream nearest to the ungaged site should be selected, using a stream that lies wholly, or mostly within the same province as the ungaged stream. The streams reported in table 1 were not regulated, except as indicated by footnotes, and, when making an investigation of minimum flows in future years, it should be made certain that the stream selected for correlation is still unregulated.

No great error will ensue by using for the control point 1.1 cfs in the lower Coastal Plain, 1.4 cfs in the upper Coastal Plain, 1.7 in the Piedmont province, 2.4 in the Valley and Ridge province, and 3.5 cfs in the Blue Ridge province. These values are 1.5 times the average of the flows per square mile for the gaging stations in the respective provinces. The drainage area of the chosen site for which the minimum flow is given in table 1 and that of the ungaged site are multiplied by the value given above for the province in which the sites are located to obtain the coordinates of the control point.

The simultaneously measured flows at the two sites are then plotted to obtain the point marked "1" on figure 2. A line drawn

between the points is the correlation curve. The curve is entered with the minimum flows for the site given in table 1 on the proper axis and the corresponding minimum flows for the un-gaged site read on the other axis.

ACCURACY OF MINIMUM-FLOW DETERMINATIONS

The accuracy of minimum-flow determinations for the drought of 1954 is generally best at gaging stations. The accuracy is less at the sites where one or two base-flow measurements were made during the drought of 1954 and still less at the ungaged sites where future determinations may be based on base flow measurements made during other years using the methods described in this report. To evaluate the probable accuracy of the information given herein and of the determinations which may be made in the future (based on that information and actual measurements at ungaged sites) a study was made of the probable accuracy of the determinations of the minimum flows during 1954 at the sites reported in table 1.

Accuracy on Perennial Streams

To make the accuracy study for perennial streams, a group of sites at which the 1954 low flow was known was selected as a sample, and the low flow at these sites was then estimated by both the control point method, using a higher base flow measurement made in 1954, and by the drainage-area-ratio method.

The comparison of accuracy of the determinations by the two methods showed the control-point method to be much superior to the drainage-area-ratio method for most of the minimum flows of perennial streams that were determined during the 1954 drought. Furthermore, the accuracy by the drainage-area-ratio method is fixed because no other information is used. On the other hand, the accuracy by the control-point method may be improved by making more base-flow measurements. The study also indicated that the relative accuracy of the flow determinations depends largely on the magnitude of the flow determinations per square mile of drainage area. Flow determinations which are high per square mile of drainage area tend to have smaller proportional errors than flow determinations which are low per square mile of drainage area.

Accuracy on Non-perennial Streams

The preceding discussion has applied to streams that are considered perennial, i.e., streams that have some flow practically all the time. For practical purposes, as already indicated, the authors do not consider a stream perennial when the flow is less

than 0.05 cfs. There are many such streams in Georgia which are referred to here as non-perennial streams.

North of the Fall Line, non-perennial streams rarely have drainage areas exceeding 5 or 10 square miles. In the Coastal Plain, however, many streams draining several hundred square miles may have zero flows under drought conditions such as those of 1954. The map in figure 1 shows that most of the streams lying entirely within the lower Coastal Plain had zero flows, as did many of the smaller streams in the upper Coastal Plain.

It is easy to compute the minimum flows of streams which have been seen to have no flow. The minimum flow is zero. However, unless there is a gaging station at the site, it is not so easy to determine for how long the flow was zero, nor whether there may have been some storm run-off from showers during an extended dry period. Thus, there is some question as to the accuracy of zero flows for periods of a month or more. Prudence dictates that the flow of South Georgia streams should be assumed to be zero for at least a month unless there is some local evidence to the contrary.

There may be evidence obtainable from local residents about dry streams, even though the residents cannot indicate how much flow there was for a perennial stream. If evidence indicates that a stream ceased to flow but that water stood in the pools, it may be safe to assume that the flow was zero for less than a month. On the other hand, if evidence indicates that the pools dried up, the flow was probably zero for longer than a month. There is no practical way to attach reliability to evidence obtained from local residents except to estimate the credibility of the witnesses.

Some evidence of the length of the periods of zero flows on the streams of south Georgia might be derived from intensive studies and research based on observations of streams during the recurring drought conditions in that area. Successful research in the future might, in turn, make it possible to reconstruct the probable duration of zero flows during the drought of 1954. Inasmuch as some evidence (to be discussed later) indicates that the drought of 1954 in southern Georgia was a rare event—in some places possibly not exceeded in severity for a century—such studies and research may well be justified in the near future.

COMPUTATION OF STORAGE REQUIREMENTS

The suitability of a stream as a source of water supply or for waste disposal use may be severely limited by low flow during short periods, especially if the prospective user cannot afford to suspend operations during the most severe part of the drought. If the minimum flow is insufficient for his needs, the user may be forced to turn to an alternate source or to provide storage facilities to supplement the natural flow.

Information on the minimum flow may be all that the user needs if this flow is adequate for his requirements. If this flow is less than is required, then additional data is needed in order to estimate the cost of providing supplemental storage.

For sites on streams where complete-record gaging stations are located, the storage that would have been required to maintain various rates of flow during the drought of 1954 can be computed by analyses of the published streamflow records. Such storage analyses have been made of 1954 records for all complete-record gaging stations operated by the U. S. Geological Survey in Georgia on streams with little or no flow regulation. These analyses of the storage requirements at complete-record gaging stations were used to develop regional storage curves which may be used to compute estimates of storage requirements at other sites. These estimates will enable the prospective user of streamflow to make a more thorough appraisal of the cost of developing a given stream as a source of water supply or to make a comparison of the relative costs of developing alternative streams.

In studying the storage requirement characteristics at the gaging stations, it was found that storage data for the stations could be fitted into consistent areal patterns for three regions which embrace the five physiographic provinces used in the minimum flow analysis. The storage data for streams in a given region define a family of mean curves for that region very well, but differ significantly from data for other regions.

The regional storage curves are presented in figure 3 for the Piedmont and Blue Ridge provinces, in figure 4 for the Coastal Plain, and in figure 5 for the Valley and Ridge province. In these curves the minimum monthly flow, in cfsm, is shown on the abscissa, and the storage required to maintain a given rate of flow is shown on the parametric family of curves.

The reader who wishes to estimate the storage required to maintain a required minimum rate of flow at one of the sites

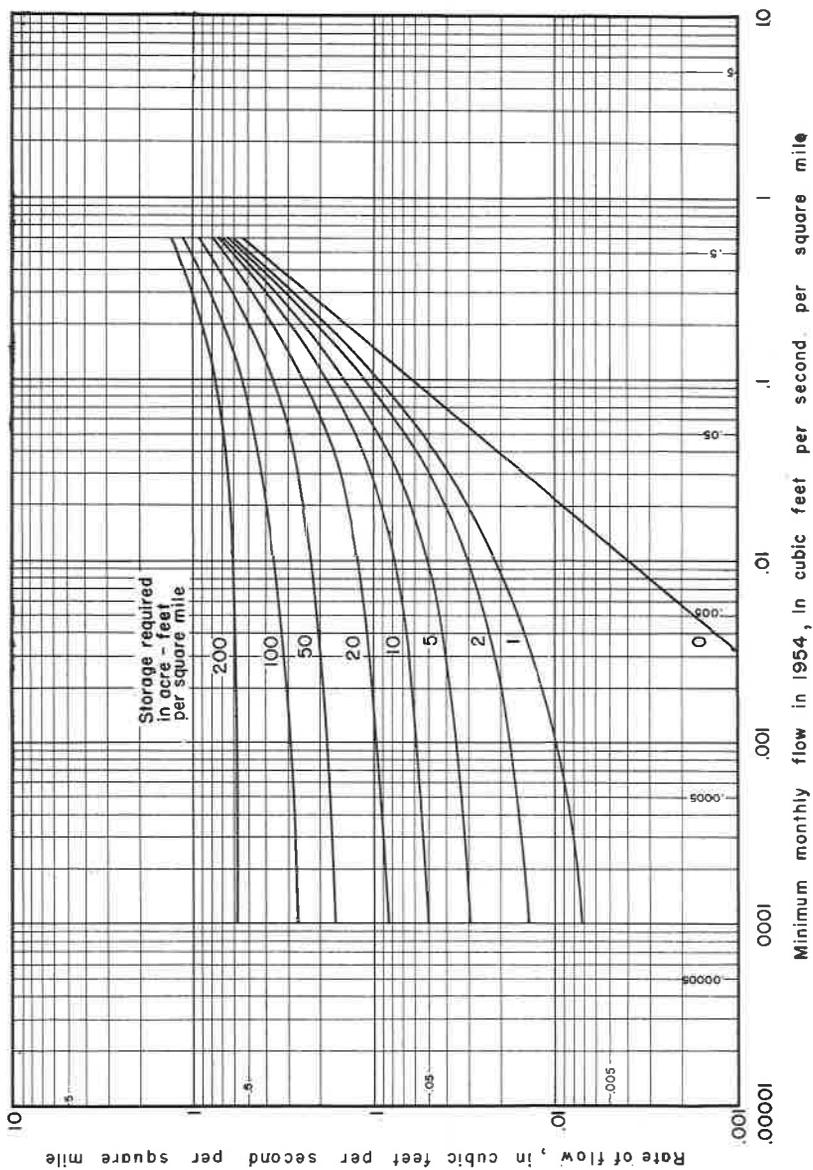


Figure 3. Storage required for various rates of continuous, regulated flow in streams of the Piedmont and Blue Ridge Provinces during the drought of 1954.

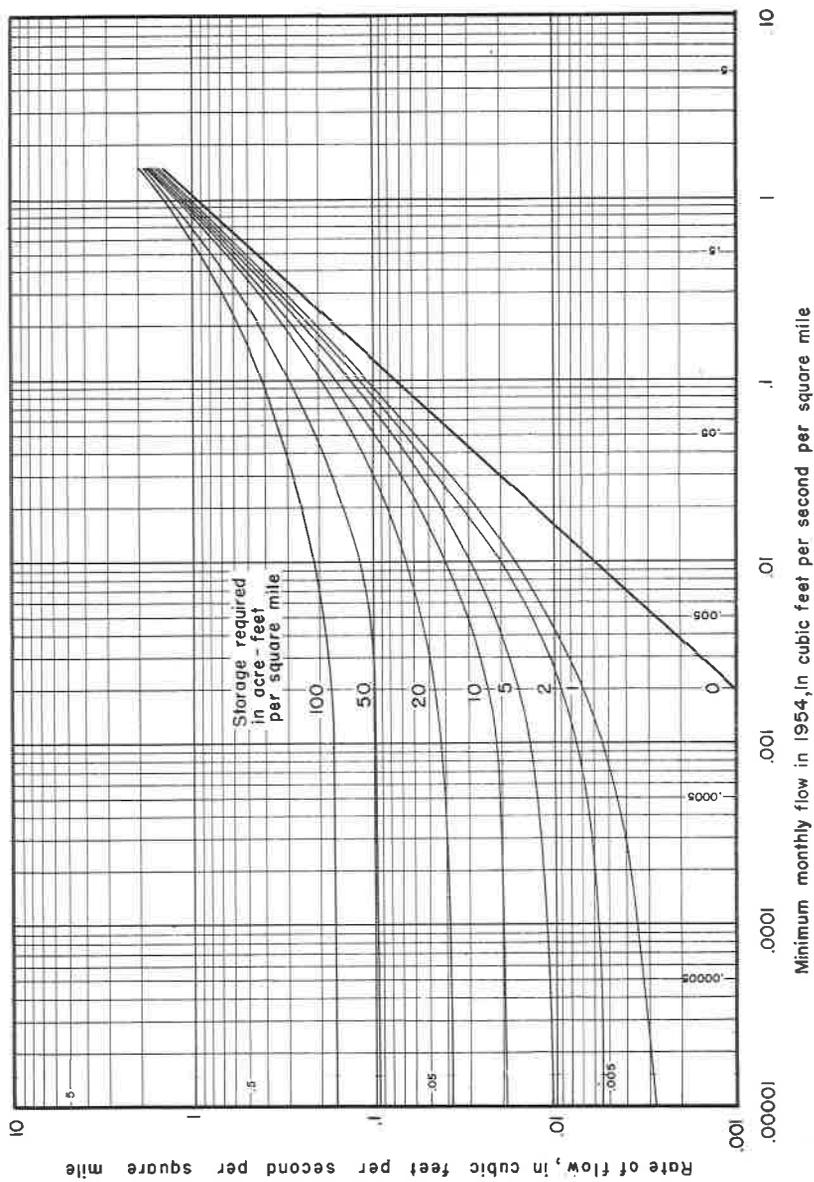


Figure 4. Storage required for various rates of continuous, regulated flow in streams of the Coastal Plain during the drought of 1954.

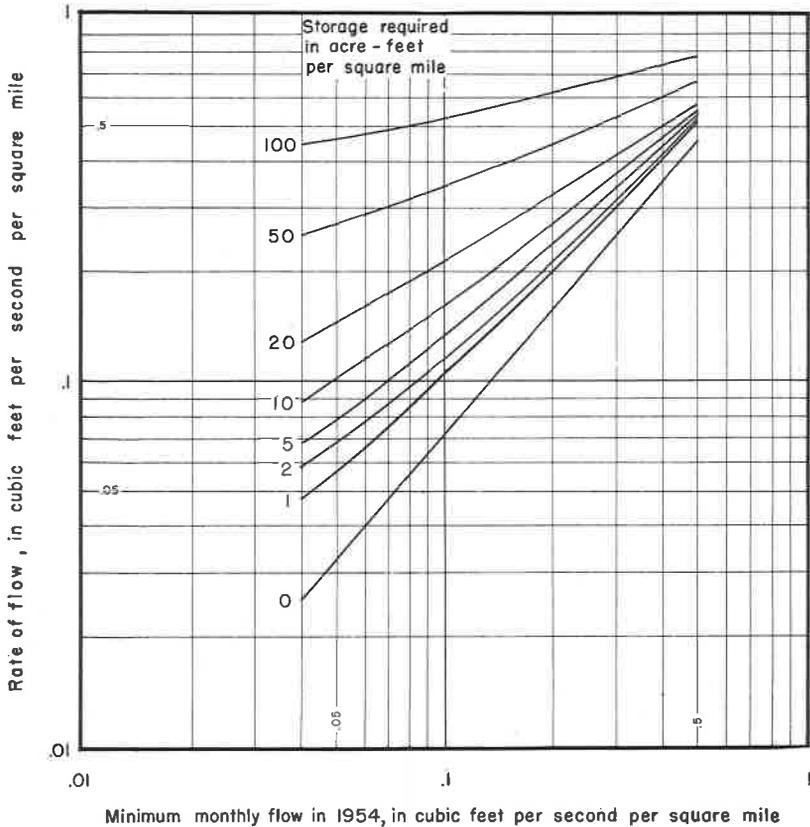


Figure 5. Storage required for various rates of continuous, regulated flow in streams of the Valley and Ridge Provinces during the drought of 1954.

listed in table 1 may do so as follows: Determine the minimum monthly flow and the drainage area at the site from table 1. Determine the physiographic province in which the site is located from figure 1. Using the storage curve which refers to that physiographic province, figure 3, 4, or 5, enter the figure with the minimum monthly flow and read off the required storage opposite the required flow, as read on the ordinate, interpolating, if necessary between the storage requirement curves.

The line for zero storage shows a flow rate which is less than the minimum monthly flow because, with no storage, the rate of flow is the same as the minimum daily flow.

The probable accuracy of storage estimates made in this manner depends on two factors: the probable accuracy of the estimate

of minimum monthly flow and the probable accuracy of the regional storage curve itself. The standard error of estimate of the regional storage may be judged from the accuracy with which the data for gaging stations check these curves. For the Piedmont and Blue Ridge regions, figure 3, data for two out of three stations with minimum monthly flows less than 0.1 cfsm check the storage curves within 8 percent and data for two out of three stations with minimum monthly flows greater than 0.1 cfsm check the storage curves within 5 percent. For the Coastal Plain, figure 4, data for two out of three stations with minimum monthly flows less than 0.1 cfsm check the storage curves within 15 percent and data for two out of three stations with minimum monthly flows greater than 0.1 cfsm check the storage curves within 6 percent. For the Valley and Ridge region, figure 5, data for two out of three stations check the storage curves within 5 percent.

Storage estimates made by this method do not allow for losses due to evaporation and seepage. Such losses are a function of conditions at an individual site and are not subject to areal analysis. Proper allowance for such losses would have to be made in the design of any reservoir.

The user of these storage requirement curves may be in some doubt as to which set of curves to use for sites on streams on or close to the border between two of the regions. In such a case, a safe procedure would be for him to compute the storage requirements by use of curves for each of the adjacent regions and to use the largest storage requirement value thus obtained.

FREQUENCY OF DROUGHT OF 1954

The expected frequency of recurrence of drought flows is a measure of the severity of the drought. The severity is perhaps as important in the use of the minimum-flow data in this report as is the accuracy of the data. The frequency with which the conditions of 1954 may be expected in future years can only be judged by what has happened in the past.

Data for the gaging stations in Georgia with long records that include the 1954 drought indicate that the relative severity of this hydrologic event varied considerably over the State. These gaging station records provide the best index of the frequency with which such conditions may be expected in the future.

To evaluate the relative severity of the 1954 drought on an areal basis, drought flows at some of the shorter term gaging stations were correlated with concurrent drought flows at the long term gaging stations. The relative severity of the 1954 drought at these shorter term gaging stations was estimated and generalized areas were delineated in which the severity of the 1954 drought was indicated to be fairly uniform. The relative magnitude of the minimum 30-day average flow was used to compare droughts. These generalized areas and the relative severity of the 1954 drought in each area are shown on the map in figure 6, to range from the sixth most severe in 60 years to the most severe in 61 years.

The areas are described below with a brief discussion of the long term gaging stations used as a basis for estimating the severity of the 1954 drought in each area.

Coosa River basin, Chattahoochee River basin above Norcross and Tugaloo River basin above Toccoa (area "A" in figure 6): The 1954 drought in this area was the fourth to sixth most severe in 60 years. Drought flows in this area were correlated with flows observed at Chattahoochee River near Norcross for which records are available since 1903 and with Oostanaula River at Resaca for which records are available since 1893. The most severe drought observed at these two gaging stations occurred in 1925.

Tennessee River tributaries in Northeast Georgia (area "B" in figure 6): The 1954 drought in this area was the second most severe in 57 years on the basis of correlation of drought flows with records for Hiwassee River above Murphy, N. C., for which records are available from 1898 to 1941 (with records of flow subject to artificial regulation available since 1941) and with

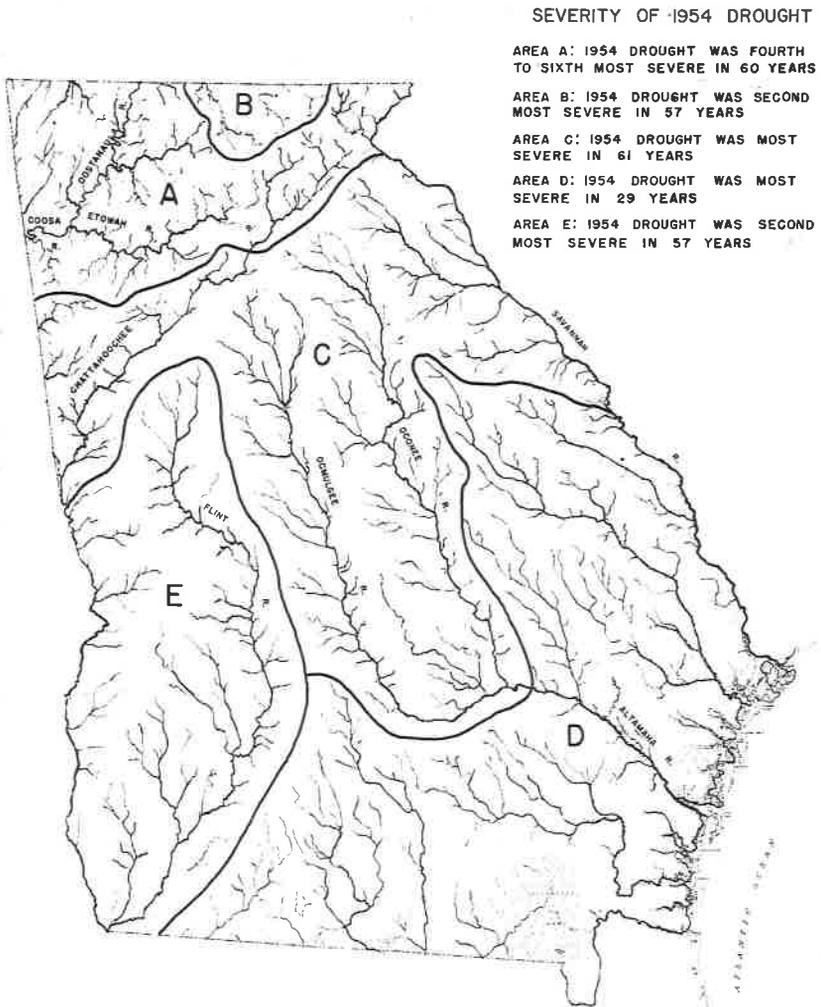


Figure 6. Map showing variation of the relative severity of the 1954 drought in Georgia by generalized areas.

Toccoa River near Dial, Ga., for which records are available since 1899. The most severe drought observed at these two gaging stations occurred in 1925.

Savannah River basin from Toccoa to Augusta, Altamaha River basin above the confluence of Ocmulgee and Oconee Rivers, Chattahoochee River basin from Norcross to West Point and Tallapoosa River basin (area "C" in figure 6): The 1954 drought in this area was the most severe in 61 years on the basis of cor-

relation of drought flows with records for Oconee River near Greensboro for which records are available since 1894.

Savannah River basin below Augusta, Altamaha River basin below confluence of Ocmulgee and Oconee Rivers, Ogeechee, Satilla, Suwannee and Ochlockonee River basins (area "D" in figure 6): No gaging stations are operated in this area which have records that go back as far as the 1925 drought. However, the available gaging station records in this area when correlated with long term gaging stations in other areas, indicate that the 1954 drought was the most severe since 1925 and was therefore, the most severe in at least 29 years.

Chattahoochee River basin below West Point and Flint River basin (area "E" in figure 6): The 1954 drought was the second most severe in this area in 57 years on the basis of correlation of drought flows with records for Chattahoochee River at West Point for which records are available since 1898 and on the basis of correlation with several other gaging stations in the area with intermittent periods of record. The most severe drought observed at the gaging station at West Point occurred in 1925.

SUMMARY

Streamflows in Georgia during the drought of 1954 were observed and recorded more extensively than in any previous drought. The high density of flow measurements made during this significant climatic event makes it possible to define regional flow characteristics and to delineate some local areas of fairly uniform flow characteristics.

Careful analysis of the data has indicated that regional generalizations are too broad to be of much value in solving practical water problems. Recognizable patterns of flow may be found in a few local areas. Some areas have generally high flow, some have generally low flow, and other areas have generally intermediate flows. However, even within these local areas there is still a large range of flow, so much so as to prohibit the effective application of areal low flow coefficients or factors in estimating low flow characteristics of specific streams. A streamflow measurement is needed at or near the site of a proposed use of a stream in order to make reliable estimates of the probable flow to be expected during times of severe droughts.

Sites for which data are presented in this report are sites where at least one streamflow measurement was made. The derived low flow figures were determined by the method considered to be the best now available. It is recommended that drought flow estimates at any additional site be based on at least one measurement at the site and a concurrent determination of flow at a suitable index gaging station or a gaged site. The control-point method or discharge-ratio method is recommended for use in making such flow estimates. The drainage area-ratio method is not recommended for anything but general preliminary type of estimates.

The volume of storage that would be required to provide for increased flows during a drought such as 1954 may be determined graphically from curves in this report. If the storage curves indicate that supplemental storage is required, then it is not necessary to estimate the absolute minimum flow. The estimate of storage requirement is likely to be more accurate than is the estimate of minimum flow, if the increased flow provided by the storage is substantially greater than the natural minimum flow.

The flow data in this report have value for use during future droughts, but some important limitations should be considered

in applying these data to the problem of preparing for future drought emergencies.

The degree of severity of the drought of 1954 was not uniform throughout the State and its probability of recurrence is not well determined. Many streams listed in this report will be affected by artificial regulation in the future, and the low flow characteristics of many streams may be affected to varying degrees by changes in land use.

The data presented in this report should be used with care and good judgment. The services of competent consulting engineers should be obtained on problems of considerable economic importance.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954
SAVANNAH RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|--|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 1 | 207 | Chattooga River | Tugalo River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1907-8, 1939-; Chattooga River near Clayton, Ga. Rabun County, lat 34°30', long 83°18', at State Highway 2, 7 miles southeast of Clayton. | 88 | 90 | 99 | 276 | 196 | 138 | 373 |
| 1A | 7.3 | Stekoa Creek | Chattooga River | Rabun County, lat 34°52', long 83°31', at State Highway 2, at Clayton. | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 7.9 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 11 |
| 1B | 26 | Tiger Creek | Tallulah River | Rabun County, lat 34°47', long 83°25', at county road, 3.4 miles northwest of Tallulah Falls. | 8.4 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 30 | 21 | 14 | 42 |
| 1C | 5.20 | Panther Creek | Tugalo River | Habersham County, lat 34°12', long 83°25', at State Highway 15, 3 miles south of Tallulah Falls. | .76 | .81 | .86 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 5.8 |
| 2 | 32.5 | Panther Creek | Tugalo River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1943-; Panther Creek near Toccoa, Ga. Stephens County, lat 34°31', long 83°21', a quarter of a mile upstream from mouth and 7 miles north of Toccoa. | 12 | 13 | 15 | 41 | 31 | 20 | 36 |
| 2A | 7.3 | Toccoa Creek | Tugalo River | Stephens County, lat 34°36', long 83°20', at State Highway 17, at Toccoa. | .82 | .93 | 1.2 | 5.5 | 3.5 | 1.8 | 4.5 |
| 2B | 10 | Eastanollee Creek | Tugalo River | Stephens County, lat 34°32', long 83°15', at State Highway 17, 5.4 miles southeast of Toccoa. | 3.1 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 12 | 8.8 | 5.5 | 10 |
| 2C | 3.6 | Shoal Creek | Tugalo River | Hart County, lat 34°28', long 83°04', at county road, 7.4 miles west of Hartwell. | .14 | .19 | .27 | 1.1 | .81 | .34 | 2.4 |
| 2D | 1.0 | Wrights Branch | Pooles Creek | Franklin County, lat 34°20', long 83°06', at county road at Layons. | .33 | .39 | .46 | .86 | .70 | .52 | 1.3 |
| 3 | 909 | Tugalo River | Savannah River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1925-27, 1940-; Tugalo River near Hartwell, Ga. Hart County, lat 34°22', long 82°56', 5 miles upstream from confluence with Sooneca River and 10 miles north of Hartwell. | 188 ^a | 307 ^a | 420 ^a | | | | |
| 4 | 14 | Lightwood Log Creek | Savannah River | Hart County, lat 34°22', long 82°57', at State Highway 77, 1/4 miles west of Hartwell. | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 6.7 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 13 |
| 5 | 7.2 | Flat Shoals Creek | Log Creek | Hart County, lat 34°22', long 82°57', at county road 7.2 miles north of Hartwell. | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 4.1 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 6.3 |
| 6 | 2,231 | Savannah River | Atlantic Ocean | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1950-; Savannah River near Waynes, S. C. Wilbert County, Ga., lat 34°15', long 82°45', at State Highway 82, 5.8 miles southeast of Way, S. C. | 540 ^a | 719 ^a | 886 ^a | | | | |

EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954) ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA 33

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 7 | Coldwater Creek | Savannah River | Hart County, lat 34°15', long 82°56', at county road 5 1/4 miles northeast of Bowman | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 2.4 | 11 |
| 8 | Boyd's Creek | Little Coldwater Creek | Hart County, lat 34°18', long 82°57', at State Highway 172, 4 miles south of Hartwell | .44 | .53 | .66 | 1.5 | 1.2 | .78 | 2.4 |
| 9 | Coldwater Creek | Savannah River | Elbert County, lat 34°13', long 82°48', at State Highway 82, 8 miles northwest of Elberton | 3.1 | 4.3 | 6.0 | 22 | 17 | 7.9 | 49 |
| 9A | Van Creek | Savannah River | Elbert County, lat 34°09', long 82°44', at county road, 8 miles northeast of Elberton | .15 | .23 | .38 | 2.5 | 1.7 | .58 | 7.9 |
| 1C | Morea Creek | South Beaver-dam Creek | Hart County, lat 34°17', long 83°04', at State Highway 8, 2 1/2 miles east of Royston | .23 | .31 | .48 | 2.2 | 1.6 | .66 | 5.9 |
| 11 | South Beaver-dam Creek | Beaverdam Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1942; South Beaverdam Creek at Dewey Rose, Ga. | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 9.3 | 6.8 | 2.8 | 22 |
| 11A | Beaverdam Creek | Savannah River | Elbert County, lat 34°11', long 82°57', 1 mile north-east of Dewey Rose and 3 miles upstream from con-fluence with North Beaverdam Creek | 1.7 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 20 | 14 | 7.2 | 57 |
| 12 | 2.876 Savannah River | Atlantic Ocean | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1896-1900, 1903, 1930-32, 1935; Savannah River near Calhoun Falls, S. C. | 636 ^a | 808 ^a | 978 ^a | | | | |
| 13 | Denmaus Creek | North Fork Broad River | Elbert County, lat 34°04', long 82°38', near bridge on State Highway 72, 3 miles southwest of Calhoun Falls, S. C. | .36 | .37 | .41 | .77 | .62 | .47 | .85 |
| 14 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | Stephens County, lat 34°33', long 83°22', about 1/2 mile downstream from SCS dam #2 in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 6.3 | 5.0 | 3.8 | 6.9 |
| 15 | Carnes Creek | North Fork Broad River | Stephens County, lat 34°33', long 83°20', at SCS Dam Site #3, 2 miles south of Toccoa, in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | .79 | .81 | .87 | 1.4 | 1.2 | .97 | 1.5 |
| 16 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1954; North Fork Broad River near Toccoa, Ga. | 6.2 | 6.3 | 7.1 | 14 | 11 | 8.2 | 16 |
| 17 | Unnamed Tributary | North Fork Broad River | Stephens County, lat 34°31', long 83°19', at State Highway 106, 5 miles south of Toccoa, in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
| 18 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | Stephens County, lat 34°32', long 83°18', at SCS dam Site #4, 4 miles southeast of Toccoa in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 7.9 | 8.2 | 9.0 | 18 | 14 | 10 | 20 |
| 19 | Bear Creek | North Fork Broad River | Stephens County, lat 34°28', long 83°18', at county road near mouth of Bear Creek in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 3.5 |

^a Flow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SAVANNAH RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 20 | 34.3 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | Franklin County, lat 34°28', long 83°16', at county road, 5¼ miles west of Martin in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 11 | 11 | 13 | 25 | 20 | 14 | 23 |
| 21 | 1.67 | Unnamed Tributary | North Fork Broad River | Stephens County, lat 34°28', long 83°18', at SCS dam site #5, 4 miles southwest of Martin in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | .77 | .78 | .86 | 1.5 | 1.2 | .87 | 1.7 |
| 22 | 42.0 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1954-; North Fork Broad River near Lavonia, Ga. Franklin County, lat 34°27', long 83°14', 2.1 miles upstream from Toms Creek in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 12 | 13 | 15 | 27 | 21 | 15 | 35 |
| 23 | 3.11 | Toms Creek | North Fork Broad River | Stephens County, lat 34°30', long 83°15', at county road upstream from SCS dam site #11, 3½ miles west of Avalon in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 3.2 |
| 24 | 3.64 | Unnamed Tributary | Toms Creek | Stephens County, lat 34°29', long 83°14', near mouth of stream and downstream from SCS dam #13, 14, and 15 in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | .34 | .36 | .44 | 1.3 | .87 | .63 | 1.6 |
| 25 | 10.3 | Toms Creek | North Fork Broad River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1954-; Toms Creek near Martin, Ga. | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 3.1 | — |
| 26 | 55.8 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | Franklin County, lat 34°28', long 83°13', at county road, 1.2 miles upstream from mouth in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 12 | 12 | 14 | 33 | 25 | 17 | 38 |
| 27 | 61.7 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | Franklin County, lat 34°27', long 83°13', at county road, 2¾ miles southwest of Martin in N. Fork Broad River Pilot Watershed | 15 | 16 | 19 | 36 | 27 | 19 | 55 |
| 27A | 6.9 | Bear Creek | North Fork Broad River | Franklin County, lat 34°24', long 83°11', at State Highway 59, 5 miles south of Martin | .39 | .51 | .72 | 2.5 | 1.9 | .62 | 5.2 |
| 28 | 119 | North Fork Broad River | Broad River | Franklin County, lat 34°22', long 83°08', 5 miles northwest of Royston USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1942-47, 1954-; North Fork Broad River near Carnesville, Ga. | 17 | 19 | 23 | 51 | 36 | 25 | 85 |
| 28B | 23 | Middle Fork Broad River | Broad River | Franklin County, lat 34°19', long 83°11', at State Highway 59, 4¼ miles southeast of Carnesville | 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 9.5 | 7.6 | 3.9 | 19 |
| 29 | 46 | Middle Fork Broad River | Broad River | Banks County, lat 34°27', long 83°28', at county road, 2¾ miles northeast of Hollingsworth Banks County, lat 34°27', long 83°26', at State Highway 134, 4¾ miles east of Hollingsworth | 11 | 12 | 13 | 29 | 22 | 15 | 30 |

| 29A | 29 | Leatherwood Creek | Middle Fork Broad River | Broad River | 21 | .26 | .42 | 6.5 | 2.9 | .90 | 4.6 |
|-----|-----|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 29B | 140 | Middle Fork Broad River Creek | Broad River | Broad River | 21 | 24 | 30 | 120 | 81 | 44 | 100 |
| 30 | 9.0 | Mountain Creek | Hudson River | Hudson River | 5.7 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 9.9 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 11 |
| 31 | 46 | Hudson River | Broad River | Broad River | 8.3 | 8.7 | 14 | 29 | 21 | 16 | 43 |
| 32 | 13 | Webb Creek | Hudson River | Hudson River | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 3.2 | 10 |
| 32A | 76 | Hudson River | Broad River | Broad River | 5.2 | 6.8 | 9.3 | 30 | 24 | 12 | 61 |
| 32B | 5.2 | Grove Creek | Hudson River | Hudson River | .33 | .44 | .60 | 2.0 | 1.6 | .76 | 4.1 |
| 33 | 21 | Grove Creek | Hudson River | Hudson River | 2.5 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 9.8 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 16 |
| 34 | 11 | Hickory Level Creek | Grove Creek | Grove Creek | 1.9 | 2.2 | 3.0 | 6.3 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 9.6 |
| 34A | 92 | Grove Creek | Hudson River | Hudson River | 2.1 | 3.0 | 4.5 | 21 | 15 | 6.2 | 54 |
| 34B | 17 | Nails Creek | Hudson River | Hudson River | 3.9 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 18 | 13 | 7.5 | 15 |
| 35 | 7.8 | Little Bluestone Creek | Bluestone Creek | Bluestone Creek | .66 | .86 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 6.7 |
| 36 | 760 | Broad River | Savannah River | Savannah River | 99 | 120 | 140 | 330 | 230 | 160 | 550 |
| 37 | 17 | South Fork Broad River | Broad River | Broad River | .29 | .42 | .66 | 3.3 | 2.3 | .88 | 9.3 |
| 38 | 44 | South Fork Broad River | Broad River | Broad River | 1.3 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 11 | 8.2 | 3.6 | 28 |
| 38A | 10 | Brush Creek | South Fork Broad River | South Fork Broad River | .29 | .41 | .61 | 2.6 | 1.9 | .82 | 6.4 |
| 39 | 89 | South Fork Big Clouds Creek | Broad River | Broad River | 2.4 | 3.4 | 5.1 | 22 | 16 | 6.8 | 55 |
| 39A | 16 | Big Clouds Creek | South Fork Broad River | South Fork Broad River | .26 | .27 | .32 | 2.6 | 2.1 | .76 | 7.4 |
| 40 | 47 | Big Clouds Creek | South Fork Broad River | South Fork Broad River | .70 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 8.7 | 6.0 | 2.3 | 25 |
| 41 | 20 | Fork Creek | South Fork Broad River | South Fork Broad River | 24 | .36 | .58 | 3.3 | 2.2 | .86 | 9.8 |
| 42 | 4.3 | Little Dove Creek | Dove Creek | Dove Creek | 34 | .43 | .59 | 1.8 | 1.4 | .73 | 3.6 |
| 43 | 16 | Dove Creek | Broad River | Broad River | .24 | .34 | .54 | 2.9 | 2.0 | .76 | 8.3 |
| 44 | 44 | Falling Creek | Broad River | Broad River | .24 | .37 | .66 | 4.9 | 3.1 | .97 | 17 |
| 45 | 31 | Long Creek | Broad River | Broad River | .78 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 7.4 | 5.3 | 2.2 | 19 |

Stephens County, lat. 34°36', long. 83°29', at State Highway 184, 0.6 miles southwest of Toocosa
Franklin County, lat. 34°22', long. 82°16', at State Highway 59, 1.5 miles west of Carnesville
Banks County, lat. 34°25', long. 83°31', at county road, 1.5 miles south of Hollingsworth
Banks County, lat. 34°29', long. 83°29', at State Highway 15, at Homer
Banks County, lat. 34°21', long. 83°29', at State Highway 51, 1.5 miles northeast of Homer
Banks County, lat. 34°17', long. 83°24', at State Highway 59, 6 miles southeast of Homer
Banks County, lat. 34°22', long. 83°37', at State Highway 51, 7 miles west of Homer
Banks County, lat. 34°19', long. 83°37', at county road, 6 miles west of Homer
Banks County, lat. 34°17', long. 83°32', at State Highway 98, 3.5 miles southwest of Homer
Banks County, lat. 34°18', long. 83°33', at county road, 8 miles southeast of Homer
Franklin County, lat. 34°20', long. 83°20', at State Highway 59, 6.5 miles southwest of Carnesville
Madison County, lat. 34°10', long. 83°11', at State Highway 191, 4 miles northeast of Dancheville
Madison-Eibert Counties, lat. 34°04', long. 83°01', at State Highway 72, 2.8 miles northeast of Carlton
Madison County, lat. 34°10', long. 83°18', at State Highway 106, at Ita
Madison County, lat. 34°08', long. 83°19', at county road, 2.5 miles southwest of Dancheville
Madison County, lat. 34°05', long. 83°15', at State Highway 8, 3.5 miles south of Dancheville
Madison County, lat. 34°03', long. 83°10', at State Highway 72, 2 miles west of Comer
Oglethorpe County, lat. 33°57', long. 83°10', at county road, 6.5 miles east of Winterville
Oglethorpe County, lat. 34°02', long. 83°04', at county road, 3 miles south of Carlton
Madison County, lat. 34°03', long. 83°02', at State Highway 72, 1/2 mile east of Carlton
Eibert County, lat. 34°05', long. 82°48', at State Highway 72, at Ogletho
Eibert County, lat. 34°04', long. 82°38', at State Highway 72 at Ogletho
Eibert County, lat. 34°00', long. 82°49', at county road, 1.5 miles southwest of Fortson
Oglethorpe County, lat. 33°50', long. 83°04', at State Highway 10, 3.5 miles southeast of Lexington

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SAVANNAH RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 45A | 15 | Buffalo Creek | Long Creek | Oglethorpe County, lat. 33°49', long. 82°42', at State Highway 10, 6 miles southeast of Lexington | 0 | 0 | 0 | .41 | .27 | 0 | 3.4 |
| 45B | 7.8 | Indian Creek | Long Creek | Oglethorpe County, lat. 33°58', long. 82°52', at State Highway 77, 6½ miles east of Lexington | 0 | 0 | 0 | .67 | .50 | .13 | 2.8 |
| 46 | 43 | Clark Creek | Long Creek | Wilkes County, lat. 33°54', long. 82°49', at county road, 4½ miles northwest of Tignall | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 47 | 1,430 | Broad River | Savannah River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1926-32, 1937-; Broad River near Bell, Ga. | 110 | 119 | 148 | 378 | 299 | 198 | 812 |
| 48 | 5.3 | Chickasaw Creek | Broad River | Wilkes-Effort Counties, lat. 33°58', long. 82°46', at State Highway 17, 1 mile south of Bulls Crossroads | .068 | .685 | .14 | .83 | .56 | .20 | 2.5 |
| 49 | 6.4 | Rock Creek | Middle Creek | Wilkes County, lat. 33°56', long. 82°46', at State Highway 17, 4½ miles north of Tignall | 0 | 0 | .051 | .61 | .47 | .13 | 2.5 |
| 50 | 32.6 | Soap Creek | Savannah River | Wilkes County, lat. 33°46', long. 82°45', at State Highway 17, 2½ miles north of Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 51 | 66 | North Fork Little River | Little River | Lincoln County, lat. 33°50', long. 82°39', at State Highway 79, 3 miles north of Lincolnton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 51A | 16 | South Fork Little River | Little River | Taliaferro County, lat. 33°39', long. 82°55', at State Highway 22, 6½ miles north of Crawfordville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 52 | 46 | South Fork Little River | Little River | Greene County, lat. 33°39', long. 83°01', at county road, 11 miles northeast of Greensboro | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 53 | 47 | Kettle Creek | Little River | Taliaferro County, lat. 33°37', long. 82°55', at State Highway 22, 4½ miles north of Crawfordville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 54 | 4.5 | Harden Creek | Little River | Wilkes County, lat. 33°41', long. 82°50', at State Highway 44, 6½ miles southwest of Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 55 | 24 | Harden Creek | Little River | Taliaferro County, lat. 33°33', long. 82°50', at State Highway 47, 3½ miles east of Crawfordville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .39 | .12 | 1.8 |
| 56 | 291 | Little River | Savannah River | Taliaferro County, lat. 33°37', long. 82°46', at State Highway 47, 8/10 mile southwest of Ficklin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 57 | 30 | Rocky Creek | Little River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1949-; Little River near Washington, Ga. | .32 | .83 | .44 | 14 | 10 | 1.9 | 83 |
| 58 | 18 | Hart Creek | Big Creek | Wilkes-Taliaferro Counties, lat. 33°37', long. 82°45', at county road, 9 miles south of Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | Wilkes County, lat. 33°39', long. 82°38', at county road, 1¼ miles southwest of Aonia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | McDuffie County, lat. 33°34', long. 82°36', at State Highway 80, 1¼ miles northwest of Wrightsboro | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----|--------------|---------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|---|---|---|---|
| 59 | Mattox Creek | Big Creek | McDuffie County, lat 33°30', long 82°32', at State Highway 223, 3/4 miles northwest of Thomson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 60 | Lloyd Creek | Little River | Lincoln County, lat 33°42', long 82°29', at State Highway 43, 6 1/2 miles south of Lincoln | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 61 | 43.9 | Savannah River | Columbia County, lat 33°32', long 82°19', at State Highway 47, 0.2 miles south of Appling | .70 | .88 | 7.0 | 5.7 | 2.1 | 21 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 62 | 33.3 | Greenbrier Creek | Columbia County, lat 33°34', long 82°19', at State Highway 47, 2 miles north of Appling | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 63 | 106 | Kiokee Creek | Columbia County, lat 33°36', long 82°14', at State Highway 104, 7 1/2 miles northwest of Evans | 0 | 0 | 1.6 | .99 | .10 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 64 | 13.6 | Little Kiokee Creek | Columbia County, lat 33°32', long 82°15', at State Highway 227, 4 miles southeast of Appling | .073 | .075 | .092 | 1.3 | .29 | 5.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 65 | 26.6 | Little Kiokee Creek | Columbia County, lat 33°35', long 82°13', at State Highway 104, 6 miles northwest of Evans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 66 | 24.2 | Uchee Creek | Columbia County, lat 33°28', long 82°14', at Wrightsboro Road, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Grovetown | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 67 | 58.3 | Uchee Creek | Columbia County, lat 33°34', long 82°11', at State Highway 104, 4 miles northwest of Evans | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 68 | 5.81 | Reed Creek | Columbia County, lat 33°31', long 82°07', at State Highway 104, 1 1/4 miles southeast of Evans | .22 | .23 | 1.4 | 1.2 | .53 | 3.2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 69 | 16.1 | Raes Creek | Richmond County, lat 33°30', long 82°08', 1 mile above State Highway 28 bridge, at Augusta | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 70 | 7.508 | Savannah River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1938; Savannah River at Augusta, Ga. | 4,360 ^a | 4,460 ^a | 4,982 ^a | 1.2 | .93 | 5.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 71 | 10.5 | Rokey Creek | Richmond County, lat 33°22', long 81°57' | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 72 | 13.2 | Butler Creek | Highway 4 at Augusta | .25 | .25 | .50 | .83 | .28 | 3.1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 73 | 29.4 | Butler Creek | Richmond County, lat 33°25', long 82°06', at county road above Lombards Mill Pond, 8 miles southwest of Augusta | 6.1 | 6.1 | 8.3 | 10 | 6.4 | 19 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 74 | 18.0 | Spirit Creek | Richmond County, lat 33°22', long 82°08', at State Highway 4, 11 miles southwest of Augusta | 11 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 11 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 75 | 50.3 | Spirit Creek | Richmond County, lat 33°21', long 82°05', at Windsor Spring Road, 2 1/2 miles northeast of Hogsholm | 27 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 28 | 49 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 76 | 71.1 | Spirit Creek | Richmond County, lat 33°19', long 81°57', at State Highway 56, 5 1/2 miles north of McBean | 23 | 23 | 29 | 35 | 24 | 55 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 77 | 28.3 | Little Spirit Creek | Richmond County, lat 33°19', long 81°57', at State Highway 56, 5 miles north of McBean | 3.3 | 3.3 | 4.9 | 6.5 | 3.4 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 78 | 41.4 | McBean Creek | Richmond-Burke Counties, lat 33°14', long 82°03', at State Highway 21, 5 1/2 miles west of McBean | 14 | 14 | 18 | 21 | 15 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 79 | 70.0 | McBean Creek | Richmond-Burke Counties, lat 33°14', long, 81°57', at State Highway 56 at McBean | 19 | 19 | 25 | 30 | 20 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 80 | 23.3 | Deaverdam Creek | Burke County, lat 33°08', long 81°44', at county road, 6 miles north of Girard | 5.9 | 5.9 | 7.8 | 9.3 | 5.9 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

^a Flow regulated by powerplant above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SAVANNAH RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 81 | 8,050 | Savannah River | Atlantic Ocean | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1937-; Savannah River at Burtons Ferry Bridge near Millhaven, Ga. | 4,770 ^a | 4,924 ^a | 5,524 ^a | | | | |
| 82 | 9.37 | Brier Creek | Savannah River | Screven County, lat 32°56', long 81°30', at State Highway 73, 9 miles east of Millhaven | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 83 | 55.2 | Brier Creek | Savannah River | Warren County, lat 33°25', long 82°36', at State Highway 12, 4 miles east of Warrenton | 0 | 0 | .055 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .41 |
| 84 | 7.46 | Sweetwater Creek | Brier Creek | McDuffie County, lat 33°22', long 82°28', at State Highway 17, 4¾ miles southwest of Bonesville | 0 | 0 | .088 | .17 | .15 | 0 | .97 |
| 85 | 24 | Little Brier Creek | Brier Creek | McDuffie-Warren Counties, lat 33°20', long 82°27', at State Highway 10, 0.8 mile northwest of Bonesville | .31 | .31 | .68 | 1.2 | 1.1 | .35 | 4.8 |
| 86 | 171 | Brier Creek | Savannah River | State Highway 17, 6½ miles south of Bonesville | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 1.4 | 26 |
| 87 | 33.2 | Sandy Run Creek | Brier Creek | Richmond-Jefferson Counties, lat 33°17', long 82°18', at State Highway 4, 5½ miles east of Blythe | 7.4 | 7.4 | 9.9 | 12 | 12 | 7.6 | 22 |
| 87A | 297 | Brier Creek | Savannah River | Richmond County, lat 33°18', long 82°15', at State Highway 4, 3 miles west of Blythe | 34 | 34 | 51 | 69 | 66 | 37 | 150 |
| 88 | 1.38 | Brushy Creek | Brier Creek | Jefferson-Burke Counties, lat 33°14', long 82°14', at State Highway 88, 4½ miles northeast of Matthews | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 89 | 9.40 | Brushy Creek | Brier Creek | Jefferson County, lat 33°14', long 82°27', at State Highway 296, 1¾ miles northeast of Stapleton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 90 | 40.7 | Brushy Creek | Brier Creek | Jefferson County, lat 33°12', long 82°24', at State Highway 4, 0.8 mile southwest of Wrens | 4.2 | 4.2 | 6.4 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 4.4 | 20 |
| 91 | 473 | Brier Creek | Savannah River | Jefferson County, lat 33°11', long 82°16', at Middle Ground Road, 3½ miles southeast of Matthews | 67 | 67 | 96 | 130 | 120 | 70 | 260 |
| 92 | 6.80 | McIntosh Creek | Brier Creek | Burke County, lat 33°07', long 81°58', at State Highway 56, 3¼ miles northeast of Waynesboro | .11 | .11 | .23 | .38 | .35 | .12 | 1.5 |
| 93 | 646 | Brier Creek | Savannah River | Burke County, lat 33°05', long 82°01', at State Highway 21, 0.8 mile southwest of Waynesboro | 62 | 62 | 95 | 130 | 126 | 68 | 302 |
| 94 | 670 | Brier Creek | Savannah River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1937-; Brier Creek at Millhaven, Ga. | 74 | 74 | 120 | 160 | 150 | 84 | 340 |
| 95 | 85.3 | Beaverdam Creek | Brier Creek | Screven County, lat 32°52', long 81°37', at State Highway 73, 3 miles southeast of Hilltonia | .84 | .84 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 1.2 | .91 | 11 |
| | | | | Screven County, lat 32°52', long 81°40', at county road, 1¼ miles southwest of Hilltonia | | | | | | | |

| 97 | 143 | Beaverdam Creek Savannah River | Brier Creek Atlantic Ocean | Savannah River | 22 | 22 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 23 | 65 |
|-----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|-------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| 98 | 9,850 | | | Savannah River | 5,310 ^a | 5,433 ^a | 5,893 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 99 | 18.6 | Black Creek | | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OGEECHEE RIVER BASIN | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | 28 | North Fork Ogeechee River | Ogeechee River | Taliaferro County, lat 33°31', long 82°54', at State Highway 22, 2½ miles south of Crawfordville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 100A | 14 | South Fork Ogeechee River | Ogeechee River | Greene County, lat 33°52', long 83°01', at county road, 7 miles west of Crawfordville | 0 | 0 | 0 | .81 | .59 | .13 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| 101 | 33 | South Fork Ogeechee River | Ogeechee River | Taliaferro County, lat 33°31', long 82°55', at State Highway 22, 2¾ miles south of Crawfordville | .33 | .36 | .43 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 1.1 | 14 | 14 |
| 101A | 23 | Ogeechee River | Ogeechee River | Hancock County, lat 33°20', long 82°48', at county road, 10½ miles northeast of Sparta | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .83 | .58 | .092 | 5.8 |
| 102 | 13 | Long Creek | Ogeechee River | Warren County, lat 33°22', long 82°45', at county road, 6 miles southwest of Warrenton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 103 | 0.9 | Fowler Branch | Long Creek | Warren County, lat 33°19', long 82°44', at State Highway 16, 7¼ miles south of Warrenton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 104 | 34 | Long Creek | Ogeechee River | Warren County, lat 33°19', long 82°46', at county road, 9 miles southwest of Warrenton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 105 | 242 | Ogeechee River | Atlantic Ocean | Hancock-Warren Counties, lat 33°18', long 82°47', at State Highway 16, 10¼ miles southwest of Warrenton | .48 | .51 | .68 | 15 | 11 | 2.5 | 77 | 77 |
| 105A | 7.0 | Little Ogeechee River | Ogeechee River | Hancock County, lat 33°18', long 82°55', at State Highway 16, 3½ miles northeast of Sparta | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 106 | 500 | Ogeechee River | Atlantic Ocean | Jefferson County, lat 32°59', long 82°28', at State Highway 24, 1¼ miles southwest of Louisville | 5.5 | 5.5 | 8.5 | 20 | 18 | 5.8 | 92 | 92 |
| 107 | 15 | Rocky Comfort Creek | Ogeechee River | Warren County, lat 33°28', long 82°43', at State Highway 24, 3¼ miles west of Warrenton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 108 | 27 | Rocky Comfort Creek | Ogeechee River | Warren County, lat 33°28', long 82°41', at State Highway 16, 3½ miles southwest of Warrenton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 109 | 7.1 | Goldens Creek | Rocky Comfort Creek | Warren County, lat 33°24', long 82°40', at State Highway 12, at Warrenton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 110 | 94 | Rocky Comfort Creek | Ogeechee River | Glascock County, lat 33°14', long 82°36', at State Highway 30, 1 mile northwest of Gibson | 0 | 0 | .13 | .34 | .29 | 0 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| 111 | 3.1 | Duhart Creek | Rocky Comfort Creek | Jefferson County, lat 33°13', long 82°29', at State Highway 50, at Stapleton | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 2.8 |

^a Flow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 OGEECHEE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 112 | 286 | Rocky Comfort Creek | Ogeechee River | Jefferson County, lat 33°00', long 82°22', at State Highway 24, 0.7 mile southwest of Louisville | 21 | 22 | 35 | 49 | 46 | 23 | 120 |
| 113 | 800 | Ogeechee River | Atlantic Ocean | Jefferson County, lat 32°58', long 82°23', at State Highway 4, 2 miles south of Louisville | 21 | 21 | 40 | 64 | 59 | 23 | 210 |
| 114 | 8 07 | Big Creek | Ogeechee River | Jefferson County, lat 33°11', long 82°25', at Penns Bridge Road, 2½ miles southwest of Wrens | 1.5 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 5.0 |
| 115 | 56.9 | Big Creek | Ogeechee River | Jefferson County, lat 33°03', long 82°22', at Middle Ground Road, 4½ miles northeast of Louisville | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 18 |
| 116 | 2 31 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Creek | Jefferson County, lat 33°2', long 82°22', at Middle Ground Road, 4 miles northeast of Louisville | 0 | 0 | .067 | .11 | .10 | 0 | .47 |
| 117 | 95.8 | Big Creek | Ogeechee River | Jefferson County, lat 32°59', long 82°21', at State Highway 17, 3¼ miles southeast of Louisville | 13 | 13 | 19 | 25 | 23 | 13 | 51 |
| 117A | 60 | Williamson Swamp Creek | Ogeechee River | Washington County, lat 33°00', long 82°38', at State Highway 24, 10¼ miles east of Sandersville | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.8 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 20 |
| 118 | 5.4 | Salter Branch | Williamson Swamp Creek | Jefferson County, lat 32°53' long 82°30', at county road, 1 mile west of Bartow | .057 | .057 | .075 | .16 | .086 | .061 | .71 |
| 119 | 185 | Williamson Swamp Creek | Ogeechee River | Jefferson County, lat 32°52', long 82°28', at State Highway 78, 0.4 mile southwest of Bartow | 14 | 14 | 16 | 26 | 17 | 15 | 60 |
| 120 | 6.0 | Nails Creek | Williamson Swamp Creek | Jefferson County, lat 32°51', long 82°28', at State Highway 78, 1¼ miles south of Bartow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 121 | 9.0 | Gray Coat Creek | Williamson Swamp Creek | Jefferson County, lat 32°52', long 82°29', at State Highway 78, 1¼ miles east of Bartow | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 122 | 233 | Williamson Swamp Creek | Ogeechee River | Jefferson County, lat 32°51', long 82°24', at State Highway 4, 1¼ miles south of Wadley | 17 | 17 | 21 | 33 | 22 | 19 | 75 |
| 123 | 8.6 | Boggy Gut Creek | Williamson Swamp Creek | Jefferson County, lat 32°53' long 82°24', at county road, 1½ miles northeast of Wadley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 124 | 11 | Rocky Creek | Ogeechee River | Emmanuel-Jefferson Counties, lat 32°49', long 82°24', at State Highway 4, 4 miles south of Wadley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 125 | 32 | Barkcamp Creek | Ogeechee River | Burke County, lat 32°50', long 82°10', at State Highway 17, 4½ miles east of Midville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 126 | 23 | Chew Mill Creek | Ogeechee River | Highway 17, 2¼ miles northeast of Herridon | .94 | .24 | .36 | .76 | .39 | .29 | 3.2 |
| 127 | 21 | Unnamed Tributary | Ogeechee River | Highway 17, 4¼ miles west of Millen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 128 | 31.7 | Rocky Creek | Buckhead Creek | Burke County, lat 33°04', long 82°00', at State Highway 24, 5 miles southwest of Waynesboro | .073 | .073 | .10 | .29 | .11 | .079 | 2.0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 OGEECHEE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 150 | 555 | Canoochee River | Ogechee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1937-; Canoochee River near Clayton, Ga. S1°53'25" at State Highway 73, 3 miles northeast of Clayton | .86 | .86 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 1.4 | .95 | 29 |
| 151 | 118 | Lotts Creek | Canoochee River | Bull Creek, lat. 32°22', long. 81°51', at State Highway 73, 7 miles southwest of Statesboro | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 152 | 833 | Canoochee River | Ogechee River | Evans-Ryan Counties, lat. 32°30', long. 81°17', at State Highway 30, 3 miles west of Groveland | 5.7 | 5.7 | 7.7 | 19 | 8.7 | 6.5 | 88 |
| ALTAMAHA RIVER BASIN | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 153 | 8.7 | Sugar Creek | South River | DeKalb County, lat. 33°41', long. 84°18', at Clifton Church Road, 2½ miles east of Constitution | 0 | 0 | .11 | 1.1 | .56 | .16 | 3.8 |
| 154 | 7.45 | Shoal Creek | South River | DeKalb County, lat. 33°43', long. 84°16', at Rainbow Drive, 5 miles southeast of Decatur | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 7.9 |
| 155 | 6.9 | Snapping Creek | South River | DeKalb County, lat. 33°47', long. 84°14', at Rockbridge Road, east of Decatur | .44 | .52 | .83 | 2.8 | 2.0 | .98 | 5.8 |
| 156 | 4.60 | Indian Creek | Snapping Creek | DeKalb County, lat. 33°46', long. 84°14', at Indian Creek Road, east of Decatur | .34 | .36 | .55 | 2.0 | 1.4 | .71 | 4.0 |
| 157 | 28 | Snapping Creek | South River | DeKalb County, lat. 33°44', long. 84°11', at State Highway 12, east of Decatur | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 12 | 8.7 | 4.5 | 25 |
| 158 | 3.3 | Pole Bridge Creek | South River | DeKalb County, lat. 33°43', long. 84°08', at State Highway 12, west of Lithonia | .33 | .36 | .53 | 1.6 | 1.2 | .64 | 3.1 |
| 159 | 3.3 | Jackson Creek | South River | Rockdale County, lat. 33°36', long. 84°06', at county road, 6½ miles southwest of Conyers and 0.5 miles upstream from mouth | .28 | .31 | .46 | 1.5 | 1.1 | .57 | 3.0 |
| 160 | 4.9 | Upton Creek | Cotton Creek | Clayton County, lat. 33°36', long. 84°17', at county road, 4½ miles southeast of Forest Park | .10 | .12 | .22 | 1.2 | .73 | .29 | 3.1 |
| 161 | 7.9 | Panther Creek | Upton Creek | Henry County, lat. 33°34', long. 83°16', at State Highway 42, 2¼ miles northwest of Stockbridge | .24 | .27 | .49 | 2.3 | 1.4 | .61 | 5.5 |
| 162 | 46 | Cotton Creek | Big Cotton Creek | Henry County, lat. 33°33', long. 84°11', at State Highway 138, 3¼ miles east of Stockbridge | .60 | .74 | 1.1 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 21 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|----------------------|----------------------|--|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 109 | 11.7 | Unnamed Tributary | Beaver Run Creek | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°56', long. 84°08', at county road, 5 miles east of Norcross | .18 | .20 | .40 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 6.9 |
| 200 | 48.1 | Sweetwater Creek | Yellow River | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°56', long. 84°06', at State Highway 8, 7 miles southwest of Lawrenceville | 0 | 0 | 0 | .20 | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| 201 | 3.79 | Jackson Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°53', long. 84°11', at county road, 4½ miles southeast of Norcross | .35 | .38 | .59 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 3.5 |
| 202 | 5.87 | Jackson Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°53', long. 84°10', at county road, 4½ miles southeast of Norcross | .22 | .25 | .43 | 1.9 | 1.2 | .99 | 4.3 |
| 203 | 1.62 | Pumpkin Vine Creek | Jackson Creek | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°54', long. 84°10', at county road, 3¾ miles southeast of Norcross | .16 | .17 | .27 | .83 | .66 | .51 | 1.6 |
| 204 | 9.53 | Jackson Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°54', long. 84°06', at county road, 5 miles southeast of Norcross | .16 | .23 | .42 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 6.1 |
| 205 | 6.47 | Camp Creek | Jackson Creek | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°58', long. 84°08', at county road, 6¼ miles southeast of Norcross | .42 | .46 | .73 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 4.9 |
| 206 | 18.8 | Jackson Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°58', long. 84°07', at county road, 6½ miles southeast of Norcross | .45 | .49 | .92 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 12 |
| 207 | 124 | Yellow River | Ocmulgee River | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°58', long. 84°05', at county road, 6½ miles southeast of Norcross | .86 | .98 | 2.1 | 18 | 9.7 | 7.2 | 60 |
| 208 | 126 | Yellow River | Ocmulgee River | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°52', long. 84°05', at county road, 3¼ miles west of Spalding | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 20 | 11 | 8.4 | 64 |
| 209 | 134 | Yellow River | Ocmulgee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1942; Yellow River near Shiloh, Ga. | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 25 | 15 | 5.2 | 75 |
| 210 | 5.54 | Garner Creek | Yellow River | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°51', long. 84°05', at county road, 3¼ miles east of Snodgrass | .55 | .61 | .89 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 5.2 |
| 210A | 9.2 | Stone Mountain Creek | Yellow River | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°58', long. 84°06', at county road, 4½ miles west of Snodgrass | .13 | .16 | .32 | 1.9 | 1.1 | .42 | 5.4 |
| 211 | 7.0 | Crooked Creek | Stone Mountain Creek | Highway 10, 2¼ miles east of Stone Mountain | .69 | .77 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 6.6 |
| 212 | 29 | Stone Mountain Creek | Yellow River | DeKalb County, lat. 33°46', long. 84°07', at Stephenson Road, 3 miles north of Lithonia | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 9.7 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 22 |
| 213 | 5.1 | Swift Creek | Yellow River | DeKalb County, lat. 33°46', long. 84°05', at State Highway 124, 1¼ miles north of Lithonia | .15 | .17 | .31 | 1.5 | .83 | .74 | 3.5 |
| 213A | 248 | Yellow River | Ocmulgee River | Highway 124, 1¼ miles north of Lithonia | 3.5 | 4.1 | 8.3 | 51 | 30 | 11 | 140 |
| 214 | 5C | Big Haynes Creek | Yellow River | Highway 188, 3½ miles east of Conyers | 2.0 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 16 | 11 | 8.8 | 37 |
| 215 | 24 | Little Haynes Creek | Big Haynes Creek | Highway 188, 6 miles northeast of Conyers | .58 | .67 | 1.2 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 3.1 | 16 |
| 216 | 31 | Gum Creek | Yellow River | Rockdale-Macon Counties, lat. 33°43', long. 83°55', at State Highway 188, 7 miles northeast of Conyers | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 10 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 23 |
| 217 | 278 | Yellow River | Ocmulgee River | Newton County, lat. 33°38', long. 83°54', at county road, 9¼ miles northwest of Covington | 10 | 12 | 18 | 81 | 46 | 20 | 209 |
| 218 | 4.0 | Alcovy River | Ocmulgee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1807; 1899-1901; 1944; Yellow River near Covington, Ga. | .088 | .096 | .18 | .68 | .61 | .48 | 2.6 |
| | | | | Newnan County, lat. 33°37', long. 83°55', at State Highway 12, 3½ miles northwest of Covington | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°56', long. 83°57', at county road, 5 miles northeast of Lawrenceville | | | | | | | |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 ALTAMAHA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 219 | 4.6 | Cedar Creek | Alcoy River | Gwinnett County, lat. 33°56', long. 83°57', at county road, 2½ miles northeast of Lawrenceville | .15 | .17 | .30 | 1.4 | .90 | .72 | 3.3 |
| 220 | 1.9 | Mountain Creek | Alcoy River | Walton County, lat. 33°40', long. 83°44', at county road, 2¼ miles northwest of Monroe | .15 | .16 | .25 | .84 | .59 | .50 | 1.7 |
| 221 | 2.8 | Richland Creek | Alcoy River | Walton County, lat. 33°41', long. 83°44', at county road, 2½ miles northwest of Social Circle | .28 | .31 | .48 | 1.4 | 1.0 | .90 | 2.7 |
| 222 | 5.2 | Big Flat Creek | Alcoy River | Walton County, lat. 33°41', long. 83°52', at State Highway 16, 2½ miles east of Loganville | .11 | .12 | .24 | 1.3 | .78 | .61 | 3.3 |
| 223 | 7.0 | Little Flat Creek | Big Flat Creek | Walton County, lat. 33°46', long. 83°47', at State Highway 138, 4½ miles west of Monroe | .41 | .44 | .77 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 5.7 |
| 224 | 7.5 | West Bear Creek | Bear Creek | Highway 213, 3¼ miles west of Mansfield | .31 | .32 | .44 | 1.3 | .71 | .40 | 3.1 |
| 225 | 2.2 | Malholms Creek | Tusshaw Creek | Newton County, lat. 33°31', long. 83°47', at State road, 1½ miles northeast of Jenkinsburg | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 226 | 59 | Tusshaw Creek | Branch Creek | Burke County, lat. 33°20', long. 83°58', at county road, 5½ miles north of Jackson | .71 | .94 | 1.4 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 1.4 | 27 |
| 227 | 16 | Herd's Creek | Ocmulgee River | Burke County, lat. 33°22', long. 83°58', at county road, 8 miles northwest of Monticello | .13 | .18 | .27 | 1.1 | .69 | .27 | 6.6 |
| 228 | 1,420 | Ocmulgee River | Altamaha River | Jasper County, lat. 33°21', long. 83°46', at county road, 8 miles northwest of Monticello USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1906-1915; 1884; Ocmulgee River near Jackson, Ga. Burdess Paper Counties, lat. 33°18', long. 83°50', near State Highway 16, 7 miles east of Jackson | 69 ^a | 75 ^a | 99 ^a | | | | |
| 229 | 11 | Yellow Water Creek | Ocmulgee River | Burke County, lat. 33°19', long. 83°48', at State Highway 36, 1¼ miles north of Jackson | .20 | .25 | .36 | 1.2 | .82 | .36 | 5.6 |
| 230 | 28 | Yellow Water Creek | Ocmulgee River | Burke County, lat. 33°18', long. 83°48', at State Highway 16, 6¼ miles east of Jackson | .50 | .64 | .92 | 3.1 | 2.1 | .92 | 14 |
| 231 | 3.4 | Plymouth Creek | Little Sandy Creek | Burke County, lat. 33°15', long. 83°52', at county road, 4 miles east of Floyville | .33 | .37 | .48 | 1.1 | .81 | .49 | 2.8 |
| 232 | 5.4 | Hoppeyehoholo Creek | Big Sandy Creek | Burke County, lat. 33°15', long. 84°01', at State Highway 36, 3¼ miles southwest of Jackson | .11 | .13 | .19 | .62 | .41 | .18 | 2.8 |
| 233 | 3.4 | Aboothlacosta Creek | Big Sandy Creek | Burke County, lat. 33°15', long. 83°58', at county road, 2 miles south of Jackson | .24 | .29 | .37 | .87 | .65 | .37 | 2.5 |
| 233A | 3.4 | Town Branch | Aboothlacosta Creek | Burke County, lat. 33°16', long. 83°56', at county road, 2¼ miles east of Floyville | .21 | .22 | .30 | .80 | .46 | .28 | 1.7 |

| 234 | 11 | Aboothacostea Creek | Big Sandy Creek | .46 | .56 | .76 | 2.1 | 1.5 | .77 | 7.1 | |
|------|------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 235 | 31 | Big Sandy Creek | Ocmulgee River | Butts County, lat. 33°15', long. 83°55', near State Highway 42 at Indian Springs, and just upstream from confluence with Hopewellchobho | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 6.8 | 5.0 | 2.7 | 21 |
| 236 | 6.93 | Rocky Creek | Big Sandy Creek | Butts County, lat. 33°15', long. 83°55', at State Highway 42 at Indian Springs | .17 | .21 | .30 | .91 | .62 | .29 | 3.8 |
| 237 | 57 | Big Sandy Creek | Ocmulgee River | Butts-Morroe Counties, lat. 33°11', long. 83°50', at State Highway 42, 2½ miles south of Indian Springs | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 30 |
| 238 | 5.2 | Towaliga River | Ocmulgee River | Henry County, lat. 33°24', long. 84°15', at county road, 2 miles east of Hampton | .073 | .094 | .14 | .40 | .32 | .14 | 2.5 |
| 239 | 33 | Towaliga River | Ocmulgee River | Spalding County, lat. 33°16', long. 84°11', at State Highway 155, 7 miles northeast of Griffin | .79 | .96 | 1.5 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 18 |
| 240 | 17 | Troublesome Creek | Towaliga River | Spalding County, lat. 33°16', long. 84°11', at State Highway 155, 6 miles northeast of Griffin | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 14 |
| 241 | 15 | Indian Creek | Towaliga River | Henry County, lat. 33°21', long. 84°08', at county road, 1½ miles west of Locust Grove | .52 | .64 | .88 | 2.6 | 1.8 | .87 | 9.2 |
| 242 | 105 | Towaliga River | Ocmulgee River | Butts County, lat. 33°16', long. 84°04', at State Highway 16, 6½ miles west of Jackson | 4.6 | 5.1 | 8.7 | 26 | 23 | 13 | 58 |
| 243 | 33 | Cabin Creek | Towaliga River | Butts County, lat. 33°14', long. 84°04', at county road, 7½ miles southwest of Jackson | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 6.7 | 4.9 | 2.6 | 22 |
| 243A | 148 | Towaliga River | Ocmulgee River | Butts County, lat. 33°13', long. 84°03', at State Highway 36, 7½ miles southwest of Jackson | 5.0 | 5.5 | 10 | 32 | 29 | 15 | 77 |
| 244 | 6.27 | Buck Creek | Towaliga River | Spalding County, lat. 33°13', long. 84°11', at county road, 5 miles southeast of Griffin | .23 | .27 | .38 | 1.1 | .75 | .38 | 3.8 |
| 245 | 4.23 | Little Towaliga River | Towaliga River | Lamar County, lat. 33°05', long. 84°10', at State Highway 7, 1½ miles northwest of Barnesville | .30 | .36 | .47 | 1.1 | .82 | .47 | 3.2 |
| 246 | 7.70 | Eddie Creek | Towaliga River | Lamar County, lat. 33°09', long. 84°09', at county road, 3½ miles northeast of Milner | .15 | .20 | .28 | .91 | .61 | .28 | 4.0 |
| 247 | 2.38 | Unnamed Tributary | Eddie Creek | Lamar County, lat. 33°07', long. 84°09', at State Highway 36, 4½ miles north of Barnesville | .081 | .097 | .12 | .38 | .27 | .13 | 1.4 |
| 248 | 26.5 | Rocky Creek | Towaliga River | Monroe County, lat. 33°07', long. 83°57', at county road, 5½ miles north of Forsyth | .29 | .40 | .53 | 2.2 | 1.4 | .59 | 12 |
| 249 | 8.8 | Falling Creek | Caney Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°12', long. 83°42', at county road, 7½ miles south of Monticello | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 250 | 5.8 | Gladesville Creek | Little Falling Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°12', long. 83°47', at State Highway 83, 9½ miles southwest of Monticello | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 251 | 108 | Caney Creek | Ocmulgee River | Jones County, lat. 33°02', long. 83°43', at county road, 1½ miles northeast of Dames Ferry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 252 | 4.91 | Walkers Branch | Rum Creek | Monroe County, lat. 33°05', long. 83°55', at State Highway 83, 3½ miles northeast of Forsyth | .18 | .19 | .36 | 1.1 | 1.0 | .54 | 2.6 |
| 253 | 74 | Rum Creek | Ocmulgee River | Monroe County, lat. 33°00', long. 83°44', at State Highway 87, 1½ miles south of Dames Ferry | .28 | .33 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 1.6 | 20 |
| 254 | 9.3 | Tobler Creek | Ocmulgee River | Monroe County, lat. 32°59', long. 83°44', at State Highway 87, 4½ miles northeast of Bolingbroke | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 255 | 11 | Beaverdam Creek | Ocmulgee River | Bibb County, lat. 32°55', long. 83°45', at Wesleyan Drive northwest of Macon | .094 | .11 | .24 | 1.2 | 1.0 | .43 | 3.8 |

a Flow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 ALTAMAHA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 256 | 2,240 | Ocmulgee River | Altamaha River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1893-1913; 1931, Ocmulgee River, at Macon, Ga., Bibb County, lat. 32°51', long. 83°34', at Fifth Street Bridge in Macon, Ga. | 128 ^a | 139 ^a | 165 ^a | | | | |
| 257 | 29 | Walnut Creek | Ocmulgee River | Jones County, lat. 32°50', long. 83°37', at State Highway 83 1/2 miles southwest of Gray | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 258 | 4.2 | Bonner Creek | Walnut Creek | Jones County, lat. 32°55', long. 83°34', at State Highway 83 1/2 miles southwest of Gray | .067 | .071 | .14 | .61 | .52 | .24 | 1.7 |
| 259 | 79 | Walnut Creek | Ocmulgee River | Bibb County, lat. 32°55', long. 83°37', at State Highway 11, 3 miles north of Macon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 260 | 11 | Swift Creek | Ocmulgee River | Bibb County, lat. 32°48', long. 83°34', at crossing of Macon, Dublin & Savannah Railroad, 1/4 mile east of Macon | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 7.7 |
| 261 | 20 | Stone Creek | Ocmulgee River | Bibb County, lat. 32°48', long. 83°32', at county road, 5 1/2 miles east of Macon | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 7.0 |
| 263 | 5.48 | Tobesofkee Creek | Ocmulgee River | Lamar County, lat. 32°42', long. 84°07', at county road, 2 1/2 miles east of Nashville | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 5.0 |
| 264 | 27.7 | Tobesofkee Creek | Ocmulgee River | Monroe County, lat. 33°01', long. 84°01', at county road, 5 miles west of Forsyth | 0 | 0 | .11 | .97 | .78 | .23 | 5.2 |
| 265 | 7.07 | Todd Creek | Tobesofkee Creek | Monroe County, lat. 33°01', long. 83°58', at State Highway 83 1/2 miles southwest of Forsyth | .32 | .35 | .59 | 1.8 | 1.6 | .88 | 3.9 |
| 266 | 16.8 | Little Tobesofkee Creek | Tobesofkee Creek | Monroe County, lat. 32°57', long. 84°03', at State Highway 83 1/2 miles southwest of Forsyth | .072 | .086 | .21 | 1.2 | 1.0 | .39 | 4.7 |
| 267 | 30 | Little Tobesofkee Creek | Tobesofkee Creek | Monroe County, lat. 32°55', long. 83°57', at State Highway 43, 8 miles south of Forsyth | .78 | .87 | 1.6 | 5.7 | 5.0 | 2.5 | 14 |
| 268 | 9.0 | Yellow Creek | Little Tobesofkee Creek | Monroe County, lat. 32°56', long. 83°57', at State Highway 42, 6 1/2 miles south of Forsyth | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 7.0 |
| 269 | 182 | Tobesofkee Creek | Ocmulgee River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1937-; Tobesofkee Creek near Macon, Ga. | 2.5 | 3.1 | 6.0 | 25 | 22 | 10 | 73 |
| 270 | 21 | Rocky Creek | Tobesofkee Creek | Bibb County, lat. 32°48', long. 83°46', at State Highway 22, 8 miles west of Macon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 271 | 4.4 | Wolf Creek | Rocky Creek | Bibb County, lat. 33°52', long. 83°45', at county road, 2 miles southwest of Wesleyan College near Macon | .053 | .067 | .12 | .55 | .47 | .21 | 1.6 |

EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954) ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA 49

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 272 | 37 | Rocky Creek | Tobascofkes Creek | Bibb County, lat. 32°49', long. 83°42', at State Highway 22 at Mt. 32°54', long. 84°05', at State | 085 | .10 | .27 | 2.0 | 1.6 | .55 | 8.7 |
| 273 | 19.4 | Echeconnee Creek | Ocmulgee River | Monroe County, lat. 32°54', long. 84°05', at State Highway 7, 2 1/2 miles south of Coldden | .81 | .91 | 1.6 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 2.3 | 11 |
| 274 | 50.2 | Echeconnee Creek | Ocmulgee River | Monroe County, lat. 32°53', long. 83°59', at State Highway 42, at D. 32°58', long. 83°57', at county road, 9 1/2 miles northeast of Roberts | 2.6 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 14 | 12 | 6.9 | 29 |
| 275 | 10 | Little Echeconnee Creek | Echeconnee Creek | Crawford County, lat. 32°48', long. 83°57', at county road, 10 1/2 miles east of Roberts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 276 | 147 | Echeconnee Creek | Ocmulgee River | Crawford County, lat. 32°48', long. 83°51', at county road, 10 1/2 miles east of Roberts | 63 | .75 | 1.9 | 11 | 9.3 | 3.5 | 42 |
| 277 | 36 | Flat Creek | Ocmulgee River | Tioga County, lat. 32°36', long. 83°29', at State Highway 87, 0 1/2 miles southwest of Jeffersonville | 72 | .79 | .97 | .79 | .89 | .89 | 3.9 |
| 278 | 33 | Savage Creek | Ocmulgee River | Tioga County, lat. 32°35', long. 83°38', at State Highway 87, 3 1/2 miles southwest of Jeffersonville | 63 | .69 | .82 | .68 | .75 | .75 | 3.4 |
| 279 | 19 | Richland Creek | Savage Creek | Tioga County, lat. 32°34', long. 83°27', at State Highway 87, 10 1/2 miles southwest of Jeffersonville | 27 | .28 | .36 | .28 | .34 | .34 | 1.7 |
| 280 | 28 | Shellstone Creek | Ocmulgee River | Tioga County, lat. 32°31', long. 83°25', at State Highway 87, 13 miles southwest of Jeffersonville | 45 | .53 | .62 | .56 | .64 | .64 | 2.8 |
| 281 | 4.2 | South Shellstone Creek | Shellstone Creek | Bleckley County, lat. 32°23', long. 83°22', at State Highway 87, 2 1/2 miles north of Cochran | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 282 | 14 | Big Indian Creek | Ocmulgee River | Peach County, lat. 32°31', long. 83°55', at State Highway 49, 3 miles southwest of Fort Valley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 283 | 108 | Big Indian Creek | Ocmulgee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1943-; Big Indian Creek at Perry, Ga. | 24 | 25 | 28 | 25 | 26 | 26 | 48 |
| 284 | 34 | Mossy Creek | Big Indian Creek | Houston County, lat. 32°27', long. 83°44', at State Highway 7, at Perry | 6.5 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 14 |
| 285 | 18 | Mule Creek | Mossy Creek | Peach County, lat. 32°35', long. 83°51', at State Highway 49, 3 miles northeast of Fort Valley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 286 | 82 | Mossy Creek | Big Indian Creek | Peach County, lat. 32°36', long. 83°48', at State Highway 49, 4 1/2 miles southwest of Byron | 30 | 31 | 33 | 31 | 32 | 32 | 48 |
| 287 | 6.1 | Unnamed Tributary | Jordan Creek | Peach County, lat. 32°33', long. 83°49', at State Highway 96, 7 1/2 miles east of Fort Valley | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 288 | 3,800 | Ocmulgee River | Altamaha River | Bleckley County, lat. 32°24', long. 83°22', at county road, at Cochran | 420 ^a | 420 ^a | 447 ^a | | | | |
| 289 | 16 | Unnamed Tributary | Limestone Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1944-; Ocmulgee River at Hawkinsville, Ga. | 0 | .086 | .21 | .29 | .27 | .11 | 2.5 |
| 289A | 15 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Creek | Highway 27, at Hawkinsville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 290 | 7.5 | Camp Creek | Big Creek | Bleckley County, lat. 32°18', long. 83°21', at State Highway 257, 4 1/2 miles south of Cochran | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 291 | 25 | Prong Creek | Big Creek | Houston County, lat. 32°26', long. 83°44', at State Highway 26, 9 miles south of Perry | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | Dooly County, lat. 32°16', long. 83°41', at State Highway 7, at Unadilla | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 6.6 |
| | | | | Pulaski County, lat. 32°15', long. 83°27', at county road, 9 miles southwest of Hawkinsville | | | | | | | |

^a Flow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 ALTAMAHA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 12-Month 1951-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 292 | 185 | Big Creek | Ocmulgee River | Pulaski County, lat. 32°14', long. 83°30', at State Highway 27, 3½ miles southwest of Hawkinsville | 5.1 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 22 |
| 294 | 50 | Cedar Creek | Big Creek | Pulaski County, lat. 32°13', long. 83°30', at county road, 5 miles southwest of Hawkinsville | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 12 |
| 295 | 29 | Brushy Creek | Cedar Creek | Wilcox County, lat. 32°03', long. 83°23', at county road, 8½ miles northwest of Abbeville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 297 | 69 | House Creek | Ocmulgee River | Wilcox County, lat. 31°51', long. 83°15', at county road, 10 miles southeast of Abbeville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 298 | 70 | Horse Creek | Big Horse Creek | Telfair County, lat. 31°54', long. 82°57', at State Highway 31, 5¾ miles north of Jacksonville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 299 | 1.4 | Boggy Creek | Horse Creek | Telfair County, lat. 31°56', long. 82°57', at State Highway 31, 8½ miles northeast of Jacksonville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 300 | 27 | Alligator Creek | Big Horse Creek | Telfair County, lat. 31°52', long. 82°59', at State Highway 31, 3½ miles north of Jacksonville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 301 | .6 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Horse Creek | Telfair County, lat. 31°55', long. 82°56', at State Highway 31, 8 miles south of McRae | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 302 | 2.9 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Horse Creek | Telfair County, lat. 31°57', long. 82°55', at State Highway 31, 8½ miles south of McRae | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 303 | 5,180 | Ocmulgee River | Altamaha River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1938-; Ocmulgee River at Lumber City, Ga. | 808 ^a | 813 ^a | 887 ^a | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 304 | 41 | Gum Swamp Creek | Little Ocmulgee River | Telfair County, lat. 31°55', long. 82°49', at State Highway 27, at Lumber City | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 305 | 149 | Gum Swamp Creek | Little Ocmulgee River | Bleckley County, lat. 32°27', long. 83°17', at State Highway 26, 6¼ miles northeast of Cochran | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 306 | 329 | Little Ocmulgee River | Ocmulgee River | Dodge County, lat. 32°15', long. 83°08', at State Highway 117, 4½ miles northeast of Eastman | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 307 | 128 | Alligator Creek | Little Ocmulgee River | Wheeler-Telfair Counties, lat. 32°00', long. 82°45', at State Highway 134, at Towns | .56 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 1.4 | 42 |
| 308 | 23 | Little Creek | Alligator Creek | Laurens County, lat. 32°11', long. 82°54', at State Highway 31, 8½ miles north of McRae | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 310 | 255 | Alligator Creek | Little Ocmulgee River | Wheeler County, lat. 32°02', long. 82°42', at State Highway 30, 1¼ miles east of Alamo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 311 | 33 | Sugar Creek | Turnpike Creek | Wheeler County, lat. 32°04', long. 82°42', at State Highway 134, 9½ miles southeast of Alamo | .31 | .61 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 | .75 | 29 |
| | | | | Highway 165, 1 mile southwest of Chauaucey | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 ALTAMAHA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 331 | 117 | Mulberry River | Middle Oconee River | Jackson-Barrow Counties, lat. 34°03', long. 83°43', at State Highway 53, 1/4 mile north of Winder | 7.3 | 8.5 | 11 | 26 | 23 | 16 | 67 |
| 332 | 3.8 | Bear Creek | Middle Oconee River | Barrow County, lat. 33°50', long. 83°34', at county road 2 miles northeast of Statham | .84 | .95 | 1.3 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 3.6 |
| 333 | 398 | Middle Oconee River | Oconee River | USGS Composite-Record Gaging Station 1901-02; 1387; Middle Oconee River near Athens, Ga. Clarke County, lat. 33°58', long. 83°25', near State Highway 8 and 10, 2 miles west of Athens | 28 | 32 | 42 | 94 | 83 | 60 | 228 |
| 334 | 8.8 | Barber Creek | Middle Oconee River | Barrow County, lat. 33°56', long. 83°36', at county road, 1/4 mile south of Statham | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 3.5 | 8.8 |
| 335 | 7.8 | Shoals Creek | Oconee River | Clarke County, lat. 33°56', long. 83°17', at State Highway 10, 2 1/2 miles south of Winderhole | .54 | .62 | .80 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 4.7 |
| 335A | 32 | Falling Creek | Oconee River | Oglethorpe County, lat. 33°47', long. 83°15', at county road, 10 miles southwest of Lexington | 0 | 0 | 0 | .81 | .53 | .071 | 6.9 |
| 335B | 32 | Fishing Creek | Oconee River | Greene County, lat. 33°40', long. 83°16', at State Highway 15, 8 miles northwest of Greensboro | .082 | .084 | .11 | 2.2 | 1.7 | .39 | 11 |
| 336 | 4.0 | Greenbrier Creek | Oconee River | Oconee County, lat. 33°48', long. 83°25', at county road, 1 1/2 miles north of Farmington | .37 | .40 | .52 | 1.2 | 1.1 | .79 | 2.9 |
| 336A | 26 | Greenbrier Creek | Oconee River | Greene County, lat. 33°46', long. 83°20', at county road, 11 miles north of Greensboro | .58 | .68 | .94 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 1.7 | 10 |
| 336B | 12 | Town Creek | Oconee River | Greene County, lat. 33°38', long. 83°14', at State Highway 15, 5 1/2 miles northwest of Greensboro | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 337 | 1,090 | Oconee River | Altamaha River | USGS Composite-Record Gaging Station 1903-1923; 1937-7; Oconee River near Greensboro, Ga. Greene County, lat. 33°35', long. 83°16', at State Highway 12, 5 1/2 miles north of Greensboro | 59 ^a | 65 ^a | 87 ^a | 280 ^a | 225 ^a | 150 ^a | 616 ^a |
| 338 | 4.2 | Williamson Creek | Apalachee River | Barrow County, lat. 33°58', long. 83°48', at county road 4 1/2 miles southeast of Winder | .76 | .84 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 3.7 |
| 339 | 54 | Apalachee River | Oconee River | Barrow-Walton Counties, lat. 33°54', long. 83°49', at State Highway 11, 2 1/2 miles south of Bethlehem | 3.3 | 3.8 | 5.1 | 13 | 11 | 7.9 | 35 |
| 339A | 123 | Apalachee River | Oconee River | Walton-Oconee Counties, lat. 33°53', long. 83°30', at State Highway 10, 9 1/4 miles northeast of Monroe | .66 | .81 | 1.3 | 7.0 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 36 |
| 340 | 17 | Big Robinson Creek | Apalachee River | Oconee County, lat. 33°48', long. 83°29', at county road, 2 1/2 miles west of Bishop | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 12 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|--------------------|-----|--------------------|---|------|------|------|-----|------|------|-----|
| 341 | Jacks Creek | 6.7 | Apalachee River | Walton County, lat 33°48', long 83°41', at State Highway 10, 1½ miles east of Monroe | .11 | .13 | .18 | .72 | .58 | .35 | 2.8 |
| 342 | Unarmed Tributary | 3.0 | Jacks Creek | Walton County, lat 33°48', long 83°37', at State Highway 83, 1 mile northwest of Good Hope | .26 | .29 | .36 | .90 | .78 | .56 | 2.1 |
| 343 | Jacks Creek | 26 | Apalachee River | Walton County, lat 33°48', long 83°37', at county road, 1 mile northwest of Good Hope | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 5.8 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 16 |
| 344 | Wolf Creek | 3.6 | Apalachee River | Oconee County, lat 33°44', long 83°25', at county road, 3 miles south of Farmington | .14 | .16 | .22 | .67 | .56 | .37 | 2.0 |
| 345 | Hard Labor Creek | 0.6 | Apalachee River | Walton County, lat 33°46', long 83°41', at county road, 2½ miles southeast of Monroe | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .19 |
| 345A | Hard Labor Creek | 35 | Apalachee River | Morgan County, lat 33°40', long 83°36', at county road, 2½ miles north of Rutledge | .68 | .80 | 1.2 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 15 |
| 346 | Speeds Branch | 2.6 | Hard Labor Creek | Morgan County, lat 33°37', long 83°39', at county road, 2 miles north of Madison | .057 | .068 | .096 | .35 | .28 | .18 | 1.2 |
| 346A | Beaverdam Creek | 7.5 | Big Sandy Creek | Morgan County, lat 33°41', long 83°37', at county road, 1 mile southwest of Apalachee | .48 | .54 | .71 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 4.8 |
| 347 | Big Sandy Creek | 61 | Hard Labor Creek | Morgan County, lat 33°40', long 83°27', at State Highway 24, 1½ miles southwest of Apalachee | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 6.8 | 5.5 | 3.4 | 26 |
| 348 | Apalachee River | 436 | Oconee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1901-C8; 1837-, Apalachee River near Buckhead, Ga. Morgan-Greene Counties, lat 33°36' long 83°21', at State Highway 12, 3 miles northeast of Buckhead | 16 | 18 | 26 | 79 | 67 | 43 | 236 |
| 349 | Sugar Creek | 3C | Oconee River | Morgan County, lat 33°33', long 83°22', at county road, 1½ miles south of Buckhead | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 7.6 | 4.4 | 2.8 | 16 |
| 349A | Richland Creek | 12 | Oconee River | Greene County, lat 33°37', long 83°16', at county road, 2½ miles north of Greensboro | 0 | 0 | 0 | .12 | .071 | 0 | 1.8 |
| 349B | Richland Creek | 18 | Oconee River | Greene County, lat 33°35', long 83°12', at State Highway 15, at Greensboro | 0 | 0 | 0 | .25 | .17 | .072 | 2.5 |
| 349C | Beaverdam Creek | 44 | Richland Creek | Greene County, lat 33°29', long 83°11', at county road, 6½ miles south of Greensboro | 0 | 0 | .682 | 2.1 | 1.5 | .27 | 12 |
| 349D | Bruce Creek | 25 | Lundy Creek | Greene County, lat 33°26', long 83°15', at county road, 3½ miles north of Greensboro | .41 | .42 | .49 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 1.2 | 12 |
| 349E | Whitten Creek | 15 | Shoulderbone Creek | Hancock County, lat 33°23', long 83°01', at State Highway 15, 8¼ miles north of Sparta | 0 | 0 | 0 | .72 | .51 | .098 | 4.3 |
| 350 | Shoulderbone Creek | 98 | Oconee River | Hancock County, lat 33°20', long 83°03', at State Highway 16, 7 miles northwest of Sparta | 0 | 0 | .006 | 1.1 | .27 | .082 | 7.0 |
| 350A | Kimbo Creek | 10 | Shoulderbone Creek | Greene County, lat 33°24', long 83°07', at county road, 12¼ miles south of Greensboro | .13 | .13 | .16 | 1.4 | 1.2 | .40 | 4.4 |
| 350B | Fort Creek | 24 | Shoulderbone Creek | Hancock County, lat 33°18', long 83°06', at county road, 7¼ miles west of Sparta | .072 | .074 | .094 | 1.8 | 1.3 | .32 | 8.2 |
| 351 | Rooty Creek | 8.2 | Oconee River | Putnam County, lat 33°20', long 83°23', at State Highway 16, at Eatonton | 0 | 0 | 0 | .23 | .073 | 0 | 1.0 |
| 351A | Little River | 84 | Oconee River | Morgan County, lat 33°27', long 83°22', at county road, 10½ miles south of Madison | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 12 | 10 | 6.6 | 41 |
| 352 | Big Indian Creek | 8.8 | Little River | Morgan County, lat 33°36', long 83°35', at county road, 2¼ miles southeast of Rutledge | .16 | .18 | .26 | .98 | .46 | .26 | 2.7 |

^a Flow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 ALTAMAHA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 353 | 30 | Big Indian Creek | Little River | Morgan County, lat. 33°32', long. 83°32', at State Highway 83, 5/4 miles southwest of Madison | .78 | .84 | 1.2 | 4.1 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 10 |
| 354 | 11 | Little Indian Creek | Big Indian Creek | Morgan County, lat. 33°31', long. 83°30', at county road, 3/2 miles south of Madison | .21 | .23 | .33 | 1.3 | .59 | .31 | 3.4 |
| 355 | 21 | Glady Creek | Little River | Putnam County, lat. 33°21', long. 83°26', at county road, 3/2 miles northwest of Watonton | 0 | 0 | 0 | .40 | .059 | 0 | 2.1 |
| 356 | 262 | Little River | Oconee River | Putnam County, lat. 33°19', long. 83°26', at State Highway 16, 3 miles west of Watonton | 5.8 | 6.3 | 8.6 | 32 | 16 | 8.4 | 86 |
| 357 | 6.2 | Robinson Creek | Murder Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°24', long. 83°42', at county road, 0 miles northwest of Marchen | .27 | .27 | .39 | 1.1 | .62 | .36 | 2.6 |
| 358 | 13 | Sheppard Creek | Murder Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°24', long. 83°42', at county road, 0/4 miles northwest of Marchen | .56 | .57 | .82 | 2.4 | 1.3 | .75 | 5.5 |
| 359 | 24 | Murder Creek | Little River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1951-; Murder Creek near Monticello, Ga. | .81 | .87 | 1.2 | 3.9 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 9.3 |
| 360 | 6.0 | Pittman Creek | Murder Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°28', long. 83°40', at State Highway 225, 8 miles north of Monticello | .44 | .47 | .60 | 1.5 | .62 | .56 | 3.2 |
| 361 | 13 | Pittman Branch | Pittman Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°27', long. 83°41', at county road, 0/4 miles northwest of Shady Dale | .99 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 6.9 |
| 362 | 71 | Murder Creek | Little River | Jasper County, lat. 33°28', long. 83°40', at county road, 6/8 miles northwest of Shady Dale | .57 | .60 | .92 | 4.7 | 1.9 | .85 | 16 |
| 363 | 5.5 | Pearson Creek | Shoal Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°25', long. 83°37', at State Highway 83, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Marchen | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 363A | 30 | Shoal Creek | Murder Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°19', long. 83°43', at State Highway 11, 1 1/2 miles northwest of Monticello | .85 | .90 | 1.4 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 15 |
| 363B | 104 | Murder Creek | Little River | Jasper County, lat. 33°21', long. 83°39', at State Highway 83, 4 miles northwest of Monticello | 2.0 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 12 | 5.6 | 2.8 | 32 |
| 364 | 126 | Murder Creek | Little River | Jasper County, lat. 33°20', long. 83°37', at county road, 3/4 miles southeast of Monticello | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 13 | 5.9 | 3.0 | 37 |
| 365 | 18 | Hog Creek | Cedar Creek | Jasper County, lat. 33°07', long. 83°34', at State Highway 16, 7 miles east of Mt. Vernon | .076 | .083 | .14 | .80 | .29 | .12 | 3.1 |
| 366 | 129 | Cedar Creek | Little River | Jasper County, lat. 33°07', long. 83°31', at county road, 7 1/2 miles north of Mt. Vernon | 0 | 0 | .076 | 1.0 | .23 | .062 | 7.3 |
| 367 | 5.34 | Champion Creek | Oconee River | State Highway 44, 1/2 mile south of Watonton Baldwin County, lat. 33°07', long. 83°11', at county road, 3/4 miles north of Mt. Vernon | .085 | .090 | .14 | .53 | .25 | .13 | 1.5 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------|------------------|------------------|-----|------|------|-----|
| 367A | 3.64 | Gantry Creek | Champion Creek | Baldwin County, lat 33°07', long 83°11', at county road, 3 1/4 miles northeast of Milledgeville | 0 | 0 | .060 | .28 | .22 | .12 | 1.2 |
| 369 | 9.1 | Tobler Creek | Oconee River | Baldwin County, lat 33°07', long 83°13', at county road, at Milledgeville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 370 | 2,950 | Oconee River | Altamaha River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1903-1905; 1037'-Oconee River at Milledgeville, Ga. | 92 ^a | 223 ^a | 344 ^a | | | | |
| 371 | 10 | Unnamed Tributary | Fishing Creek | Baldwin County, lat 33°05', long 83°13', near State Highway 24, at Milledgeville | .26 | .27 | .38 | 1.3 | .66 | .35 | 3.4 |
| 372 | 60 | Fishing Creek | Oconee River | Baldwin County, lat 33°04', long 83°20', at State Highway 22, 6 1/2 miles west of Milledgeville | .20 | .22 | .37 | 2.3 | .81 | .32 | 9.4 |
| 373 | 63 | Fishing Creek | Oconee River | Baldwin County, lat 33°02', long 83°16', at county road, 2 1/2 miles west of Milledgeville | .056 | .062 | .11 | 1.1 | .31 | .099 | 5.8 |
| 374 | 28 | Camp Creek | Oconee River | Baldwin County, lat 33°02', long 83°15', at State Highway 49, at Milledgeville | .15 | .16 | .26 | 1.4 | .55 | .23 | 5.2 |
| 374A | 12.8 | Town Creek | Oconee River | Baldwin County, lat 33°02', long 83°14', at State Highway 29, 2 1/2 miles south of Milledgeville | .12 | .13 | .15 | 1.6 | 1.3 | .41 | 5.4 |
| 374B | 58.9 | Town Creek | Oconee River | Baldwin-Hancock Counties, lat 33°09', long 83°08', at State Highway 22, 9 1/4 miles northeast of Milledgeville | 3.1 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 11 |
| 374C | 15 | Buffalo Creek | Oconee River | Baldwin County, lat 32°59', long 83°08', at State Highway 24, 11 miles southeast of Milledgeville | 0 | 0 | 0 | .37 | .24 | 0 | 3.2 |
| 375 | 93 | Buffalo Creek | Oconee River | Hancock County, lat 33°13', long 82°59', at county road, 4 miles south of Sparta | .65 | .71 | 1.1 | 5.6 | 2.2 | .99 | 19 |
| 376 | 72 | Keg Creek | Buffalo Creek | Hancock-Washington Counties, lat 33°06', long 82°58', at county road, 2 miles east of Linton | .94 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 5.8 |
| 376A | 248 | Buffalo Creek | Oconee River | Washington County, lat 33°01', long 82°55', at county road, 5 1/4 miles northwest of Sandersville | 9.0 | 9.9 | 13 | 9.9 | 11 | 11 | 38 |
| 377 | 32 | Sandy Hill Creek | Buffalo Creek | Washington County, lat 32°58', long 82°57', at State Highway 24, 8 1/4 miles west of Sandersville | .24 | .28 | .42 | .28 | .31 | .31 | 1.9 |
| 378 | 1.5 | Wolf Creek | Commissioner Creek | Washington County, lat 32°51', long 82°56', at State Highway 272, 8 1/2 miles west of Sandersville | 0 | 0 | .052 | .19 | .040 | .047 | .50 |
| 379 | 37 | Commissioner Creek | Oconee River | Jones County, lat 33°01', long 83°31', at State Highway 22, at Gray | .41 | .44 | .67 | 2.9 | 1.2 | .58 | 9.1 |
| 379A | 97 | Commissioner Creek | Oconee River | Jones County, lat 32°59', long 83°25', at State Highway 49, 6 1/4 miles southeast of Gray | 7.0 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 22 |
| 379B | 10 | Slash Creek | Little Commissioner Creek | Wilkinson County, lat 32°53', long 83°14', at county road, 6 miles northwest of Irwinton | .63 | .69 | 1.1 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 6.2 |
| 379C | 156 | Commissioner Creek | Oconee River | Jones County, lat 32°54', long 83°27', at county road, 9 miles southeast of Gray | 21 | 22 | 27 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 51 |
| 379D | 191 | Commissioner Creek | Oconee River | Wilkinson County, lat 32°51', long 83°11', at State Highway 29, 3 miles northwest of Irwinton | 60 | 63 | 69 | 63 | 64 | 64 | 100 |
| 380 | 6.6 | Sandy Creek | Big Sandy Creek | Wilkinson County, lat 32°50', long 83°05', at county road, 5 1/4 miles east of Irwinton | .099 | .11 | .15 | .11 | .12 | .12 | .59 |
| | | | | Jones County, lat 32°52', long 83°30', at county road, 9 1/2 miles south of Gray | | | | | | | |

^a Flow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 ALTAMAHA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 381 | 74 | Big Sandy Creek | Oconee River | Wilkinson County, lat. 32°46', long. 82°20', at county road, 10 miles west of Irwinton | 24 | 24 | 33 | 24 | 25 | 25 | 40 |
| 382 | 1.9 | Clear Creek | Big Sandy Creek | Wilkinson County, lat. 32°30', long. 82°22', at County road, 11 miles east of Irwinton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 382A | 177 | Big Sandy Creek | Oconee River | Wilkinson County, lat. 32°46', long. 85°10', at State Highway 29, 3 1/2 miles south of Irwinton | 9.9 | 11 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 35 |
| 382B | 19 | Buckeye Creek | Oconee River | Johnson County, lat. 32°46', long. 82°36', at State Highway 47, 9 miles east of Whitesville | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 7.8 |
| 382C | 74 | Big Creek | Oconee River | Laurens County, lat. 32°34', long. 82°52', at county road, 1 1/4 miles northeast of Dublin | 4.8 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 16 |
| 383 | 4,400 | Oconee River | Altamaha River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1893-1918; Oconee River at Dublin, Ga. Highway 26, at Dublin, lat. 32°42', long. 82°34', at State Highway 26, at Dublin | 351 ^a | 392 ^a | 469 ^a | | | | |
| 384 | 4.6 | Long Branch | Oconee River | Laurens County, lat. 32°23', long. 82°55', at State Highway 29, 8 1/2 miles southeast of Dublin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 385 | 43 | Pughes Creek | Oconee River | Laurens County, lat. 32°30', long. 82°46', at State Highway 29, 8 1/2 miles southeast of Dublin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 386 | 104 | Turkey Creek | Oconee River | Laurens County, lat. 32°32', long. 82°03', at State Highway 33, 19.8 miles west of Dublin | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 387 | 62.9 | Rooky Creek | Turkey Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1951-; Rooky Creek near Dudley, Ga. Laurens County, lat. 32°29', long. 82°09', at county road 5, lat. 32°29', long. 82°09', at county road 5, lat. 32°29', long. 82°09', at State Highway 31, 6 miles south of Dudley | .37 | .65 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.7 | .76 | 12 |
| 387A | 316 | Turkey Creek | Oconee River | Laurens County, lat. 32°27', long. 82°07', at State Highway 31, 6 miles south of Dudley | .47 | .35 | .38 | 1.2 | .63 | .47 | 10 |
| 388 | 20 | Mercer Creek | Oconee River | Laurens-Treutlen Counties, lat. 32°27', long. 82°02', at State Highway 29, 7 1/4 miles northwest of Sperton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 389 | 5,110 | Oconee River | Altamaha River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1937-55; Oconee River near Mount Vernon, Ga. Wheeler-Montgomery Counties, lat. 32°12', long. 82°38', at State Highway 30, 2 miles west of Mount Vernon | 470 ^a | 508 ^a | 605 ^a | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 390 | 76 | Ochwalkee Creek | Oconee River | Wheeler County, lat. 32°11', long. 82°39', at State Highway 30, 1 1/2 miles east of Glenwood | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SATILLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 410 | 3.6 | Bear Creek | Satilla River | Coffee County, lat. 31°34', long. 82°59', at State Highway 32, 9/4 miles west of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 411 | 235 | Satilla River | Atlantic Ocean | Coffee County, lat. 31°28', long. 82°51', at State Highway 31, 0 1/2 miles south of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 412 | 2.9 | Unnamed Tributary | Satilla River | Coffee County, lat. 31°26', long. 82°51', at State Highway 31, 5/4 miles south of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 413 | 4.4 | Unnamed Tributary | Satilla River | Alkinson County, lat. 31°23', long. 82°51', at State Highway 31, 6 1/2 miles north of Pearson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 414 | 2.5 | Mose Smith Pond Creek | Pudding Creek | Alkinson County, lat. 31°19', long. 82°59', at State Highway 50, 3/4 miles east of Willacoochee | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 415 | 74 | Pudding Creek | Satilla River | Alkinson County, lat. 31°22', long. 82°50', at State Highway 31, 1/4 miles north of Pearson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 416 | 5.3 | Sweetwater Creek | Satilla River | Alkinson County, lat. 31°20', long. 82°51', at State Highway 31, 2 1/4 miles north of Pearson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 417 | 355 | Satilla River | Atlantic Ocean | Alkinson County, lat. 31°20', long. 82°46', at State Highway 64, 5/4 miles northeast of Pearson | .21 | .22 | .23 | .76 | .47 | .37 | 3.8 |
| 418 | 5.3 | Ricketson Bay Creek | Little Red Bluff Creek | Alkinson County, lat. 31°17', long. 82°48', at State Highway 56, 3/4 miles east of Pearson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 419 | 2.4 | Unnamed Tributary | Red Bluff Creek | Alkinson County, lat. 31°17', long. 82°45', at State Highway 46, 6 1/4 miles east of Pearson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 420 | 78 | Red Bluff Creek | Satilla River | Alkinson County, lat. 31°16', long. 82°43', at State Highway 50, 8 1/4 miles east of Pearson | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 421 | 70 | Seventeen Mile Creek | Satilla River | Coffee County, lat. 31°34', long. 82°51', at State Highway 31, 4 miles north of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 422 | 145 | Seventeen Mile Creek | Satilla River | Coffee County, lat. 31°31', long. 82°49', at State Highway 156, 1 1/4 miles east of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 423 | 6.1 | Unnamed Tributary | Seventeen Mile Creek | Coffee County, lat. 31°33', long. 82°48', at State Highway 156, 3 1/2 miles northeast of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 424 | 2.0 | Unnamed Tributary | Seventeen Mile Creek | Coffee County, lat. 31°34', long. 82°48', at State Highway 156, 4 miles northeast of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 425 | 165 | Seventeen Mile Creek | Satilla River | Coffee County, lat. 31°31', long. 82°46', at State Highway 32, 6 miles north of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 426 | 12 | Other Creek | Seventeen Mile Creek | Coffee County, lat. 31°30', long. 82°46', at State Highway 156, 8 1/2 miles northeast of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 427 | 3.3 | Unnamed Tributary | Other Creek | Coffee County, lat. 31°35', long. 82°45', at State Highway 156, 8 miles northeast of Douglas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SATILLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow (cfs) 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|---|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 450 | 438 | Alabama River | Satilla River | Pierce County, lat. 31°10', long. 82°14', at State Highway 38, 1 mile northeast of Blackshear | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 9.4 |
| 451 | 1.2 | Big Satilla Creek | Little Satilla River | Jeff Davis County, lat. 31°50', long. 82°37', at State Highway 135, 2½ miles southwest of Hazlehurst | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 452 | 1.9 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Satilla Creek | Jeff Davis County, lat. 31°51', long. 82°37', at State Highway 135, 2 miles southwest of Hazlehurst | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 453 | 17 | Big Satilla Creek | Little Satilla Creek | Jeff Davis County, lat. 31°47', long. 82°34', at State Highway 15, 6¾ miles south of Hazlehurst | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 454 | 2.7 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Satilla Creek | Jeff Davis County, lat. 31°46', long. 82°34', at county road at Spell's Stall, 7¾ miles south of Hazlehurst | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 455 | 1.4 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Satilla Creek | Bacon County, lat. 31°41', long. 82°30', at State Highway 15, 10 miles north of Alma | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 456 | 112 | Big Satilla Creek | Little Satilla River | Arming-Bacon Counties, lat. 31°39', long. 82°26', at State Highway 4, 8½ miles north of Alma | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 457 | 49 | Little Satilla Creek | Little Satilla River | Wayne County, lat. 82°03', long. 31°40', at State Highway 27, at Odum and 10 miles northwest of Jesup | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 458 | 646 | Little Satilla River | Satilla River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1951-; Little Satilla River near Offerman, Ga. | 0 | 0 | .025 | .31 | .26 | .18 | 34 |
| 459 | 2,790 | Satilla River | Atlantic Ocean | Wayne-Pierce Counties, lat. 31°27', long. 82°03', at State Highway 38, 3¼ miles southwest of Seceven, 4 miles northeast of Offerman USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1081-; Satilla River at Atkinson, Ga. Brantley County, lat. 31°13', long. 81°52', at State Highway 50, 7 miles east of Nahauts, 1 mile west of Atkinson | 21 | 21 | 25 | 59 | 49 | 34 | 181 |
| 460 | 100 | North Prong St. Marys River | St. Marys River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1921-1923; 1927-1980; 1932-1934; 1950-; North Prong St. Marys River at Moniac, Ga. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 39 |

| 461 | 720 | St. Marys River | Atlantic Ocean | Charlton County, lat 30°31', long 82°14, at State Highway 99, at Monae Station 1926; St. USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1926; St. Marys River near Milledgeville, Ga., lat 30°29'29", long 82°05', 6 miles northeast of Milledgeville, Fla., at site of former Slates Bridge | 18 | 20 | 25 | 24 | 20 | 18 | 51 |
|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----------------|--|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 462 | 15 | Boone Creek | St. Marys River | Charlton County, lat 30°35', long 82°05', at State Highway 23, 3 3/4 miles north of St. George | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 464 | 2.0 | Unnamed Tributary | St. Marys River | Charlton County, lat 30°40', long 82°05', at State Highway 23, 9 1/2 miles north of St. George | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 465 | 1.7 | Unnamed Tributary | St. Marys River | Charlton County, lat 30°41', long 82°04', at State Highway 23, 10 1/2 miles north of St. George | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 466 | 1.0 | Unnamed Tributary | St. Marys River | Charlton County, lat 30°42', long 82°04', at State Highway 23, 12 1/2 miles north of St. George | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 467 | .2 | Unnamed Tributary | St. Marys River | Charlton County, lat 30°43', long 82°04', at State Highway 23, 13 1/2 miles north of St. George | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 468 | 16 | Cornhouse Creek | St. Marys River | Charlton County, lat 30°46', long 82°04', at State Highway 23, 14 miles north of St. George | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 469 | 8 1 | Unnamed Tributary | St. Marys River | Charlton County, lat 30°46', long 82°04', at State Highway 23, 5 1/2 miles southwest of Folkston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 470 | 19 | North Fork Spanish Creek | Spanish Creek | Charlton County, lat 30°55', long 82°05', at State Highway 4, 7 1/4 miles northwest of Folkston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 471 | 11 | East Fork Spanish Creek | Spanish Creek | Charlton County, lat 30°54', long 82°05', at State Highway 4, 6 1/2 miles northwest of Folkston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SUWANNEE RIVER BASIN

| 475 | 48 | Alligator Creek | Suwannee River | Ware County, lat 31°08', long 83°30', at State Highway 38, 10 1/2 miles southwest of Waycross | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|-----|----|-------------------|----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 476 | 24 | Suwannee Creek | Suwannee Lake | Ware County, lat 31°05', long 82°37', at State Highway 38, 3 miles southwest of Minor | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 477 | 29 | Cane Creek | Suwannee River | Clich County, lat 31°03', long 82°42', at State Highway 38, 3 3/4 miles west of Fargo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 478 | 35 | Saviors Creek | Suwannee River | Clich County, lat 31°03', long 82°44', at State Highway 38, 1 1/2 miles east of Homerville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 479 | 38 | Tatum Creek | Suwannee River | Clich County, lat 30°54', long 82°40', at State Highway 89, 11 miles southeast of Homerville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 480 | 10 | Unnamed Tributary | Tatum Creek | Clich County, lat 30°51', long 82°40', at State Highway 89, 12 1/2 miles northwest of Fargo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 481 | 11 | Unnamed Tributary | Tatum Creek | Clich County, lat 30°50', long 82°39', at State Highway 89, 11 3/4 miles northwest of Fargo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SUWANNEE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1964-55 (cfs) | |
|---------|-------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|---|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | | |
| 482 | 1,260 | Suwannee River | Gulf of Mexico | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1921-1923; 1927-1933; 1937-; Suwannee River at Fargo, Ga. lat 30°41', long 82°34', at State Highway 89, at Fargo, at Southern Railroad Bridge, Clinch County, lat 30°59', long 82°53', at State Highway 38, at DuPont, Clinch-Echols Counties, lat 30°40', long 82°05', at State Highway 94, 1½ miles west of Fargo, Echols County, lat 30°41', long 82°52', at State Highway 94, 10¼ miles east of Statesville Wilcox County, lat 31°57', long 83°34', at State Highway 30, 1½ miles west of Pitas Crisp County, lat 31°57', long 83°37', at State Highway 30, 9½ miles east of Cordele Wilcox County, lat 31°57', long 83°30', at sewer outfall, 4 miles east of Pitas Ben Hill-Turner Counties, lat 31°49', long 82°28', at State Highway 90, 1 mile east of Rebecca, Turner County, lat 31°47', long 83°30', at State Highway 112, 1¼ miles south of Rebecca Turner County, lat 31°45', long 83°41', at State Highway 7, 0.7 miles northwest of Worth Turner County, lat 31°45', long 83°40', at State Highway 7, at Worth Turner County, lat 31°44', long 83°35', at State Highway 112, 4½ miles east of Ashburn Irwin County, lat 31°38', long 83°25', at State Highway 22, 10¼ miles west of Ovilla Irwin County, lat 31°38', long 83°28', at State Highway 22, 13¼ miles west of Ovilla Turner County, lat 31°42', long 83°28', at county road, southeast of Ashburn Irwin-Tift Counties, lat 31°32', long 83°24', at State Highway 35, 8½ miles northeast of Tifton | 0 | 0 | .12 | 3 | 3 | .4 | .1 | 3 |
| 483 | 143 | Suwannoochee Creek | Suwannee River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 484 | 450 | Suwannoochee Creek | Suwannee River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 485 | 26 | Toms Creek | Suwannee River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 486 | 44 | Alapaha River | Suwannee River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 487 | 7 0 | Unnamed Tributary | Alapaha River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 488 | 6 7 | Mill Creek | Alapaha River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 489 | 112 | Alapaha River | Suwannee River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 490 | 41 | Double Run Creek | Alapaha River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 491 | 17 | West Fork Deep Creek | Deep Creek | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 492 | 4 6 | South Fork Deep Creek | Deep Creek | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 493 | 137 | Deep Creek | Alapaha Creek | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 494 | 443 | Alapaha River | Suwannee River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 495 | 14 | Sand Creek | Alapaha River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 496 | 1 1 | Hat Creek | Alapaha River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 497 | 576 | Alapaha River | Suwannee River | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SUWANNEE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 519 | 11 | Withlacoochee River | Suwannee River | Berrien County, 1-t 31°25', long 85°21', at State Highway 50, 2 miles west of Benigna | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 520 | 3.5 | Camp Creek | Withlacoochee River | Berrien County, lat 31°25', long 85°20', at State Highway 50, at Enigma | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 521 | 1.5 | Unnamed Tributary | Withlacoochee River | Tift County, 1-t 31°25', long 83°24', at State Highway 50, 6½ miles southeast of Tifton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 522 | 3.0 | Unnamed Tributary | Dry Creek | Berrien County, lat 31°25', long 85°20', at State Highway 50, at Enigma | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 523 | 3.3 | Gum Creek | Dry Creek | Berrien County, lat 31°24', long 85°18', at State Highway 50, 1½ miles east of Inverna | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 524 | 125 | Withlacoochee River | Suwannee River | Berrien County, 1-t 31°13', long 85°16', at State Highway 125, 1¾ miles west of Nashville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 525 | 132 | Withlacoochee River | Suwannee River | Berrien County, 1-t 31°12', long 85°16', at State Highway 70, 1½ miles southwest of Nashville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 526 | 11 | Unnamed Tributary | New River | Tift County, 1-t 31°26', long 83°28', at State Highway 50, 5 miles southeast of Tifton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 527 | 1.1 | Unnamed Tributary | New River | Tift County, lat 31°27', long 83°28', at State Highway 60, 6 miles southeast of Tifton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 528 | 4.5 | New River | Withlacoochee River | Tift County, lat 31°23', long 83°30', at State Highway 38, 1½ miles east of Tifton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 529 | 1.4 | Unnamed Tributary | New River | Tift County, lat 31°23', long 83°30', at State Highway 7, 5¼ miles south of Tifton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 530 | 146 | Tributary New River | Withlacoochee River | Berrien-Cook Counties, lat 31°11', long 83°19', at State Highway 76, 4¾ miles southwest of Nashville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 531 | 12 | Bear Branch | Days Creek | Cook County, lat 31°09', long 83°26', at State Highway 7, 1 mile north of Aida | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 532 | 31 | Cat Creek | Withlacoochee River | Berrien County, lat 31°04', long 83°12', at State Highway 37, at Kay City | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 533 | 537 | Withlacoochee River | Suwannee River | Lowndes County, lat 30°53', long 83°19', at State Highway 7, 5 miles northwest of Valdosta | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 534 | 20 | Little River | Withlacoochee River | Turner County, lat 31°40', long 85°42', at State Highway 112, 3¼ miles southwest of Ashburn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 535 | 1.6 | Unnamed Tributary | Ashburn Branch | Turner County, lat 31°43', long 85°40', at county road at west city limits of Ashburn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 536 | 6.1 | Daniels Creek | Little River | Turner County, lat 31°36', long 85°43', at State Highway 112, 6 miles southwest of Ashburn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
SUWANNEE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 560 | 5.6 | Downing Creek | Slaughter Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°54', long 83°30', at State Highway 76, 3¼ miles south of Menden | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 561 | 1.7 | Jones Creek | Downing Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°56', long 83°30', at State Highway 76, 2 miles south of Menden | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 562 | 875 | Little River | Withlacoochee River | Brooks-Lowndes Counties, lat 30°51', long 83°21', at county road 13 miles northwest of Quitman | 0 | 0 | 12 | 86 | 53 | 18 | 19 |
| 563 | 1,480 | Withlacoochee River | Suwannee River | Brooks-Lowndes Counties, lat 30°27', long 83°27', at former State Highway 36, 6¼ miles east of Quitman | 4.7 | 5.2 | 11 | 31 | 24 | 13 | 190 |
| 564 | 27 | Okapilico Creek | Withlacoochee River | Quitman County, lat 31°12', long 83°47', at State Highway 35, 1½ miles north of Menden | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 565 | 1.0 | Coon Creek | Okapilico Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°52', long 83°31', at State Highway 76, 6¼ miles east of Quitman | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 566 | 1.2 | Unnamed Tributary | Coon Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°50', long 83°31', at State Highway 76, 4 miles east of Quitman | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 567 | 278 | Okapilico Creek | Withlacoochee River | Brooks County, lat 30°47', long 83°32', at State Highway 38, 1½ miles east of Quitman | 1.6 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 11 | 8.3 | 4.9 | 49 |
| 568 | 87 | Piscola Creek | Okapilico Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°47', long 83°41', at State Highway 38, 1 mile south-west of Dixie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 569 | 5.5 | Gay Mill Creek | Piscola Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°47', long 83°39', at State Highway 38, east of Dixie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 570 | 14 | Unnamed Tributary | Piscola Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°47', long 83°36', at State Highway 38, 2½ miles west of Quitman | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 571 | 144 | Piscola Creek | Okapilico Creek | Brooks County, lat 30°45', long 83°22', at State Highway 33, 3½ miles southeast of Quitman | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 573 | 1.5 | Olive Creek | Aucilla River | Thomas County, lat 30°50', long 83°57', at State Highway 38 east of Thomasville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.085 |
| 574 | 47 | Aucilla River | Gulf of Mexico | Thomas County, lat 30°49', long 83°52', at State Highway 38, 7¼ miles east of Thomasville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

AUCILLA RIVER BASIN

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|----|---|---|
| 575 | 11 | Masse Branch | Olive Creek | Thomas County, lat 30°48', long 83°50', at State Highway 38, 9 miles east of Thomasville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 576 | 81 | Aucilla River | Gulf of Mexico | Thomas County, lat 30°47', long 83°48', at State Highway 133, southwest of Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 577 | 1-4 | Unnamed Tributary | Aucilla River | Thomas County, lat 30°47', long 83°46', at State Highway 38, 2 miles east of Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| OCHLOCKONEE RIVER BASIN | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 578 | 96 | Ochlockonee River | Gulf of Mexico | Colquitt County, lat 31°11', long 83°48', at State Highway 37 west of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 579 | 5-5 | Little Creek | Ochlockonee River | Colquitt County, lat 31°12', long 83°53', at State Highway 37, 6 miles west of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 580 | 2-6 | Unnamed Tributary | Little Creek | Colquitt County, lat 31°12', long 83°54', at State Highway 37, 6 1/2 miles west of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 581 | 38 | Bridge Creek | Ochlockonee River | Colquitt County, lat 31°12', long 83°50', at State Highway 37, 8 1/2 miles west of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 582 | 5-4 | Unnamed Tributary | Bridge Creek | Colquitt County, lat 31°12', long 83°56', at State Highway 37, 4 miles west of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 583 | 3-6 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Creek | Thomas County, lat 31°00', long 83°52', at State Highway 35 at Cooldige | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 584 | 1-2 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Creek | Thomas County, lat 30°59', long 83°52', at State Highway 35, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Cooldige | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 585 | 40 | Big Creek | Ochlockonee River | Thomas County, lat 30°58', long 83°52', at State Highway 35, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Cooldige | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 586 | 3-5 | Coon Creek | Ochlockonee River | Thomas County, lat 30°56', long 83°55', at State Highway 35, 2 miles southwest of Cooldige | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 587 | 3-0 | Unnamed Tributary | Coon Creek | Thomas County, lat 30°55', long 83°55', at State Highway 35, 2 miles southwest of Cooldige | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 588 | 17 | Little Ochlockonee River | Ochlockonee River | Thomas County, lat 31°13', long 83°00', at State Highway 37, 12 1/2 miles west of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 589 | 3-0 | Unnamed Tributary | Little Ochlockonee River | Colquitt County, lat 31°13', long 83°03', at State Highway 37, 12 1/2 miles west of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 590 | 3-4 | Lost Creek | Little Ochlockonee River | Colquitt County, lat 31°14', long 83°03', at State Highway 37, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 591 | 21 | Lost Creek | Little Ochlockonee River | Colquitt County, lat 31°10', long 83°07', at State Highway 37, 11 miles southwest of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 592 | 3-1 | Big Creek | Little Creek | Colquitt County, lat 31°08', long 83°07', at State Highway 37, 3 1/2 miles southwest of Moultrie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 593 | 1-3 | Goodwater Creek | Oquina Creek | Thomas County, lat 30°52', long 83°56', at State Highway 35, 1 1/2 miles west of Thomasville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 594 | 550 | Ochlockonee River | Gulf of Mexico | USGS Co. miles-kilometer Gauging Station 10375- Ochlockonee River near Thomasville, Ga. Thomas County, lat 30°52', long 83°02', at State Highway 38, 5 miles northwest of Thomasville | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 11 | 7.4 | 5.1 | 69 | 0 | 0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 OCHLOCKONEE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 595 | 104 | Barnetts Creek | Ochlockonee River | Thomas-Grady Counties, lat 30°54', long 84°05', at county road, 7 1/2 miles northwest of Thomasville | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 17 |
| 596 | 31 | Tired Creek | Ochlockonee River | Grady County, lat 30°34', long 84°16', at State Highway 38, 3 3/4 miles northwest of Cairo | .38 | .46 | 1.3 | .48 | .38 | .98 | 5.8 |
| 597 | 19 | Wolf Creek | Tired Creek | Grady County, lat 30°54', long 84°17', at State Highway 38, 2 1/4 miles northeast of Whigham | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 7.3 |
| 598 | 60 | Tired Creek | Ochlockonee River | USFS Complete-Border Gaging Station 1943-; Tired Creek near Cairo, Ga. | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 13 |
| 599 | 20 | Little Tired Creek | Tired Creek | Grady County, lat 30°32', long 84°16', at county road, 3 miles west of Cairo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 600 | 15 | Turkey Creek | Tired Creek | Grady County, lat 30°33', long 84°11', at State Highway 38 at Cairo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 601 | 19 | Maxwell Creek | Tired Creek | Highway 111, 4 1/2 miles southwest of Cairo | .70 | .82 | 1.4 | .68 | .57 | 1.2 | 5.4 |
| 602 | 3.4 | Attapulgus Creek | Little River | Highway 111, 5 miles southwest of Cairo | .41 | .44 | .65 | .40 | .35 | .60 | 1.7 |
| 603 | 1.1 | Unnamed Tributary | Attapulgus Creek | Declar County, lat 30°33', long 84°23', at State Highway 38, 3/4 mile east of Cairo | .14 | .16 | .23 | .15 | .13 | .22 | .58 |
| | | | | Highway 38, 2 1/2 miles east of Chumax | | | | | | | |

APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------|---------------------|---------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|-----|
| 607 | 8.78 | Smith Creek | Chattahoochee River | White County, lat 34°43', long 83°44', at county road, 1 1/2 miles north of Helen | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 18 | 13 | 11 | 20 |
| 608 | 45.0 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | White County, lat 34°42', long 83°44', at State Highway 75 at Helen | 22 | 23 | 24 | 69 | 46 | 33 | 80 |
| 609 | 13.0 | Dukes Creek | Chattahoochee River | White County, lat 34°41', long 83°46', at county road, 2 1/2 miles west of Helen | 7.2 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 21 | 15 | 11 | 24 |
| 610 | 21.5 | Dukes Creek | Chattahoochee River | White County, lat 34°40', long 83°43', at State Highway 75, south of Nacoochee | 11 | 11 | 12 | 33 | 23 | 16 | 38 |
| 611 | 73.8 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | White County, lat 34°41', long 83°41', at county road (abandoned), 1/2 mile south of Sauttee | 33 | 35 | 35 | 110 | 72 | 51 | 130 |

EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954) ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA 69

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|-----------------------|---------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 612 | 16 1 | Chickamauga Creek | Sautee River | White County, lat 34°35', long 85°38', at county road, 2 1/4 miles northeast of Sauttee | 12 | 12 | 29 | 21 | 16 | 33 |
| 613 | 33 4 | Sautee Creek | Chattahoochee River | White County, lat 34°31', long 85°40', at State Highway 17, 6.3 miles southeast of Sauttee | 18 | 19 | 54 | 37 | 27 | 62 |
| 614 | 117 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | White-Habersham Counties, lat 34°38', long 85°39', at county road, 7 1/2 miles east of Cleveland | 60 | 62 | 180 | 130 | 91 | 210 |
| 615 | 150 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1907; 1940; Chattahoochee River near Leaf, Ga. Habersham-White Counties, lat 34°35', long 85°38', near State Highway 115, 1 1/2 miles east of Leaf | 78 | 81 | 237 | 162 | 118 | 274 |
| 615A | 34 9 | Soque River | Chattahoochee River | Habersham County, lat 34°43', long 85°34', at State Highway 197, 7 miles northwest of Clarksville | 9 4 | 9 6 | 40 | 24 | 16 | 49 |
| 616 | 6 4 | Glade Creek | Soque River | Habersham County, lat 34°38', long 85°28', at Anandale, 3 miles northeast of Clarksville | 2 5 | 2 6 | 2 7 | 8 8 | 5 7 | 10 |
| 617 | 13 3 | Beaverdam Creek | Soque River | Habersham County, lat 34°37', long 85°32', at State Highway 115 near Clarksville | 6 5 | 6 8 | 7 0 | 14 | 9 9 | 23 |
| 618 | 17 | Hazel Creek | Soque River | Habersham County, lat 34°35', long 85°31', at county road, 1 mile south of Clarksville | 5 1 | 5 4 | 5 6 | 21 | 8 6 | 25 |
| 619 | 5 1 | Little Hazel Creek | Hazel Creek | Habersham County, lat 34°38', long 85°31', at county road, 1 1/4 miles south of Demorest | 1 1 | 1 2 | 1 2 | 5 4 | 2 0 | 6 6 |
| 621 | 5 02 | Mossy Creek | Chattahoochee River | White County, lat 34°33', long 85°14', at State Highway 11, 3 1/2 miles southeast of Cleveland | 2 9 | 3 0 | 3 1 | 8 2 | 5 7 | 9 4 |
| 622 | 2 35 | Dean Creek | Mossy Creek | White County, lat 34°32', long 85°14', at State Highway 11, 4 1/4 miles southeast of Cleveland | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 2 | 3 5 | 2 4 | 4 1 |
| 623 | 4 3 | Little Mud Creek | Mud Creek | Habersham County, lat 34°36', long 85°35', at county road, 2 1/4 miles west of Baldwin | 2 2 | 2 3 | 2 4 | 6 8 | 4 6 | 7 8 |
| 624 | .42 | King Branch | Little Mud Creek | Habersham County, lat 34°27', long 83°37', 1 1/4 miles west of Georgia State Industrial School and 2 miles southwest of Alto | .39 | .40 | .42 | .86 | .52 | .95 |
| 625 | 559 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1901-1903; 1937-56; Chattahoochee River near Gainesville, Ga. | 208 | 264 | 708 | 462 | 365 | 806 |
| 626 | 31 9 | Chestatee River | Chattahoochee River | Hall County, lat 34°20', long 85°55', at State Highway 58, 4 miles northwest of Gainesville | 12 | 13 | 33 | 25 | 18 | 49 |
| 627 | 8 27 | Tesnatee Creek | Chestatee River | Lumpkin County, lat 34°40', long 83°54', at State Highway 9, 10 miles northeast of Dahltonga | 2 6 | 2 7 | 3 1 | 7 8 | 5 7 | 12 |
| 628 | 9 89 | Little Tesnatee Creek | Tesnatee Creek | White County, lat 34°40', long 83°51', at State Highway 9, 6 1/2 miles northwest of Cleveland | 4 2 | 4 3 | 4 7 | 11 | 8 1 | 16 |
| 629 | 25 4 | Little Tesnatee Creek | Tesnatee Creek | White County, lat 34°37', long 85°17', at State Highway 9, northwest of Cleveland | 12 | 12 | 14 | 20 | 16 | 42 |
| 630 | 153 | Chestatee River | Chattahoochee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1929-1931; 1940; Chestatee River near Dahltonga, Ga. | 60 | 61 | 69 | 157 | 84 | 236 |
| | | | | Lumpkin County, lat 34°32', long 85°56', at State Highway 52, 2 1/2 miles east of Dahltonga | | | | | | |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 631 | 31.3 | Yahoola Creek | Chesatee River | Lumpkin County, lat 34°33', long 83°58', at State Highway 82 at Dahlonega | 16 | 16 | 18 | 37 | 29 | 21 | 53 |
| 632 | 21.9 | Cane Creek | Chesatee River | Lumpkin County, lat 34°32', long 84°00', at State Highway 9, at Dahlonega | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.8 | 18 | 13 | 8.7 | 29 |
| 633 | 240 | Chesatee River | Chattahoochee River | Lumpkin County, lat 34°26', long 83°59', at county rd. 3 1/2 miles southeast of Astarua | 91 | 94 | 110 | 250 | 180 | 130 | 370 |
| 634 | 287 | Chesatee River | Chattahoochee River | Hall-Dawson Counties, lat 34°29', long 83°58', at State Highway 53, 8 miles west of Gainesville | 110 | 110 | 130 | 290 | 220 | 150 | 440 |
| 635 | 4.8 | Mud Creek | Chattahoochee River | Hall County, lat 34°12', long 83°59', at county road, 1 1/4 miles north of Flowery Branch | .21 | .25 | .42 | 1.3 | .77 | .49 | 2.5 |
| 636 | 1.7 | Flowery Branch | Chattahoochee River | Hall County, lat 34°11', long 83°56', at State Highway 13, at Flowery Branch | .27 | .32 | .44 | .94 | .67 | .49 | 1.5 |
| 637 | 4.1 | Big Creek | Chattahoochee River | Hall County, lat 34°10', long 83°58', at county road, 2 1/4 miles southwest of Flowery Branch | .45 | .51 | .76 | 1.8 | 1.2 | .85 | 3.0 |
| 637A | 5.1 | Six Mile Creek | Chattahoochee River | Forsyth County, lat 34°15', long 84°03', at State Highway 141, 6 1/2 miles northeast of Cumming | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 6.2 |
| 637B | 10 | Two Mile Creek | Six Mile Creek | Forsyth County, lat 34°15', long 83°59', at State Highway 141, 9 miles northeast of Cumming | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 4.8 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 9.3 |
| 638 | 2.5 | Savannnee Creek | Ball Ridge Creek | Forsyth County, lat 34°14', long 84°03', near State Highway 141, 1 1/2 miles north of Cumming, and upstream from pumping plant | .18 | .20 | .32 | 1.1 | .76 | .39 | 2.2 |
| 639 | 12 | Ball Ridge Creek | Chattahoochee River | Forsyth County, lat 34°7', long 84°06', at county road, 2 1/4 miles east of Cumming | 2.3 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 8.0 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 13 |
| 64C | 4.4 | Riehland Creek | Chattahoochee River | Gwinnett County, lat 34°08', long 84°03', at State Highway 20, west of Buford | .48 | .53 | .80 | 2.3 | 1.7 | .95 | 4.2 |
| 641 | 1,000 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-record Gaging Station 1901; 1942, Chattahoochee River near Buford, Ga. Gwinnett-Forsyth Counties, lat 34°08', long 84°06', at State Highway 20, 5 miles from Buford | 365 | 415 | 449 | 1,010 | 710 | 585 | 1,368 |
| 642 | 13 | Big Creek | Chattahoochee River | Forsyth County, lat 34°07', long 84°06', at county road, 1 1/2 mile upstream from main gaging station | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.8 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 14 |
| 642A | 9.4 | Level Creek | Chattahoochee River | Gwinnett County, lat 34°05', long 84°06', at county road 5 1/2 miles north of Buford | .15 | .18 | .35 | 2.0 | 1.2 | .46 | 5.6 |
| 643 | 1.9 | Brush Creek | Chattahoochee River | Gwinnett County, lat 34°03', long 84°05', at county road at Suwanee | 0 | 0 | .070 | .41 | .25 | .093 | 1.1 |
| 644 | 18 | Ivy Creek | Savannnee Creek | Gwinnett County, lat 34°04', long 84°00', at State Highway 20, 4 miles south of Buford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954) ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA 71

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|--|------|-----|-----|-------|------|------|-------|
| 644A | 50 | Suwannee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Gwinnett County, lat 34°02', long 84°06', at county road, 2½ miles southwest of Suwanee | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 14 | 8.6 | 3.6 | 34 |
| 645A | 3.6 | Crooked Creek | Chattahoochee River | Gwinnett County, lat 33°57', long 84°15', at county road, 1½ miles west of Norcross | 0 | 0 | 0 | .29 | .14 | 0 | 1.3 |
| 646 | 1,230 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1941-; Chattahoochee River near Roswell, Ga. | 328 | 333 | 421 | 1,100 | 800 | 614 | 1,460 |
| 647 | 36 | Big Creek | Chattahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 34°00', long 84°30', near Roberts Drive, 2 miles southeast of Roswell | 1.9 | 2.7 | 4.2 | 12 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 27 |
| 648 | 67 | Big Creek | Chattahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 34°03', long 84°13', at State Highway 9, 6 miles southwest of Cumming | 1.5 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 12 | 5.2 | 3.5 | 37 |
| 649 | 4.8 | Four Killer Creek | Big Creek | Fulton County, lat 34°04', long 84°16', at county road, 2¼ miles east of Alpharetta | .39 | .44 | .67 | 1.7 | .95 | .71 | 3.9 |
| 650 | 96 | Big Creek | Chattahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 34°05', long 84°00', at State Highway 9, 2½ miles southwest of Alpharetta | 2.3 | 2.7 | 4.8 | 18 | 7.7 | 5.1 | 54 |
| 651 | 31 | Soap Creek | Chattahoochee River | Cobb County, lat 33°57', long 84°26', at Holcombs Bridge Road east of Roswell | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 7.1 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 20 |
| 652 | 6.03 | Long Island Creek | Chattahoochee River | Roswell Road, east of Marietta | 0 | 0 | 0 | .22 | .055 | 0 | .74 |
| 653 | 15 | Rottenwood Creek | Chattahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°53', long 84°25', at Northside Drive in Atlanta | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.7 | 6.3 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 13 |
| 654 | 1,450 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | Mill Road, near Marietta | 340 | 390 | 432 | 1,180 | 900 | 580 | 1,615 |
| 655 | 10.5 | North Fork Peachtree Creek | Peachtree Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1928-1931; 1936-; Chattahoochee River at Atlanta, Ga. | .14 | .16 | .32 | 2.0 | 1.2 | .42 | 5.9 |
| 656 | 27.8 | North Fork Peachtree Creek | Peachtree Creek | Cobb-Fulton Counties, lat 33°52', long 84°27', at Paces Ferry Road, at Atlanta | .11 | .14 | .35 | 3.3 | 1.7 | .49 | 12 |
| 657 | 38.5 | North Fork Peachtree Creek | Peachtree Creek | DeKalb County, lat 33°50', long 84°19', at Tucker Road, near Chamblee | .092 | .10 | .28 | 3.3 | 1.6 | .40 | 14 |
| 658 | 6.13 | South Fork Peachtree Creek | Peachtree Creek | mont Road near Atlanta | 0 | 0 | 0 | .48 | .22 | .053 | 2.1 |
| 659 | 9.08 | South Fork Peachtree Creek | Peachtree Creek | Bergh Drive, Atlanta | 0 | 0 | 0 | .26 | .096 | 0 | 1.8 |
| 660 | 1.84 | Montreal Branch | Burns Fork Creek | DeKalb County, lat 33°49', long 84°22', at Lindtree Road at Clarkson northeast of Decatur | 0 | 0 | 0 | .32 | .18 | .061 | .87 |
| 661 | 4.66 | Burnt Fork Creek | South Prong Peachtree Creek | Highway 20 near Decatur | .14 | .16 | .28 | 1.3 | .85 | .36 | 3.2 |
| 662 | 28.4 | South Fork Peachtree Creek | Peachtree Creek | DeKalb County, lat 33°50', long 84°16', at Hudson Road near Montreal and north of Decatur | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 663 | 86.8 | Peachtree Creek | Chattahoochee River | Druid Hills Road, north of Decatur | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 20 | 9.1 | 4.9 | 55 |
| 663A | 9.20 | Nancy Creek | Peachtree Creek | DeKalb County, lat 33°48', long 84°20', at Northson Mill Road, near Atlanta | .59 | .66 | 1.1 | 3.8 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 7.7 |
| 663B | 38.2 | Nancy Creek | Peachtree Creek | side Drive, Atlanta | .34 | .40 | .86 | 6.3 | 3.5 | 1.2 | 20 |
| 664 | 134 | Peachtree Creek | Chattahoochee River | Shallowford Road, near Chamblee | 3.4 | 3.9 | 6.8 | 25 | 11 | 7.4 | 75 |
| | | | | Fulton County, lat 33°51', long 84°30', at West Paces Ferry Road, near Atlanta | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Fulton County, lat 33°50', long 84°27', at Ridge-wood Road, at Atlanta | | | | | | | |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) | |
|---------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|-----|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | .74 |
| 666 | 15.5 | Proctor Creek | Chattahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°48', long 84°29', at Bolton Road, Atlanta | | | | | | | | 12 |
| 666A | 17 | Nickajack Creek | Chattahoochee River | Cobb County, lat 33°51', long 84°32', at county road, 8 miles south of Marietta | .74 | .85 | 1.4 | 5.8 | 3.9 | 1.8 | | 13 |
| 666B | 28 | Nickajack Creek | Chattahoochee River | Cobb County, lat 33°30', long 84°30', at county road, 9½ miles south of Marietta | .95 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 8.3 | 5.3 | 2.3 | | 20 |
| 666C | 1.9 | Unnamed Tributary | Nickajack Creek | Cobb County, lat 33°48', long 84°32', at county road, about ¼ mile south of State Highway 8 | .24 | .26 | .39 | 1.1 | .80 | .46 | | 1.9 |
| 667 | 9.75 | North Uttoy Creek | Uttoy Creek | Fulton County, lat 33°44', long 84°31', at Fairburn Road, north of Ben Hill | .23 | .26 | .50 | 2.5 | 1.6 | .64 | | 6.4 |
| 668 | 12.3 | South Uttoy Creek | Uttoy Creek | Fulton County, lat 33°44', long 84°21', at Fairburn Road, north of Ben Hill | .57 | .64 | 1.1 | 4.3 | 2.9 | 1.4 | | 9.5 |
| 669 | 2.6 | Unnamed Tributary | Mud Creek | Carroll County, lat 33°46', long 84°54', at State Highway 61, north of Villa Rica | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 670 | 13 | Mill Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Paulding County, lat 33°32', long 84°46', at State Highway 92, south of Hiram | .078 | .084 | .17 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 4.0 | | 6.0 |
| 670A | 102 | Sweetwater Creek | Chattahoochee River | Cobb County, lat 33°50', long 84°43', at county road, 3 miles southwest of Powder Springs | .13 | .15 | .35 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 1.0 | | 33 |
| 671 | 13 | Gothards Branch | Sweetwater Creek | Paulding County, lat 33°47', long 84°45', at State Highway 92, south of Hiram | 0 | 0 | 0 | .40 | .27 | .055 | | 3.0 |
| 672 | 17 | Powder Springs Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Cobb County, lat 33°32', long 84°48', at State Highway 6, west of Powder Springs | .36 | .39 | .66 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 1.3 | | 11 |
| 672A | 29 | Powder Springs Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Cobb County, lat 33°33', long 84°46', at county road, ¼ mile northeast of Austell | .41 | .46 | .81 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 1.6 | | 17 |
| 673 | 6.3 | Noses Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Cobb County, lat 33°37', long 84°37', at State Highway 120, west of Marietta | 0 | 0 | .051 | .57 | .43 | .13 | | 2.6 |
| 674 | 5.7 | Wards Creek | Noses Creek | Paulding County, lat 33°48', long 84°30', at Wards Road, southwest of Marietta | 0 | 0 | 0 | .23 | .10 | 0 | | 1.5 |
| 675 | 46 | Noses Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Cobb County, lat 33°50', long 84°39', at Powder Springs-Marietta Road, 2 miles south of Austell | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 676 | 14 | Olley Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Cobb County, lat 33°50', long 84°38', at Powder Springs-Marietta Road, north of Austell | .97 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 2.5 | | 12 |
| 677 | 246 | Sweetwater Creek | Chattahoochee River | USGS National Record-Gaging Station 10C4-1065, 1013; 1067; Sweetwater Creek near Austell, Ga. | 2.1 | 2.3 | 4.4 | 34 | 28 | 9.8 | | 125 |
| | | | | Douglas County, lat 33°46', long 84°37', at county road, 3 miles southeast of Austell | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-----|------------------------|-----------------------|--|------|------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 678 | 4.5 | Beaver Run Creek | Sweetwater Creek | Douglas County, lat 33°46', long 84°40, at county road, 3 1/2 miles south of Austell and upstream from Groovers Lake | .099 | .099 | .17 | .95 | .78 | .34 | 2.8 |
| 678A | 23 | Camp Creek | Chatahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°40', long 84°33', at Butler Road near Ben Hill | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.2 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 2.7 | 18 |
| 678B | 43 | Camp Creek | Chatahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°41', long 84°38', at State Highway 74, 7 miles west of Ben Hill | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 14 | 9.1 | 4.0 | 32 |
| 679 | 11 | Deep Creek | Chatahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°38', long 84°36', at Jones Road, north of Fairburn | .26 | .31 | .48 | 2.1 | 1.6 | .73 | 4.5 |
| 68C | 27 | Deep Creek | Chatahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°40', long 84°38', at State Highway 74, 7 1/2 miles northwest of Fairburn | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 7.8 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 15 |
| 686A | 29 | Annewakee Creek | Chatahoochee River | Douglas County, lat 33°46', long 84°41', at State Highway 166, 1 mile upstream from mouth | .75 | .85 | 1.4 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 19 |
| 681 | 9.1 | Pea Creek | Chatahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°47', long 84°42', at State Highway 164, 6 1/2 miles northeast of Palmetto | .50 | .58 | .84 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 5.2 |
| 682 | 23 | Bear Creek | Chatahoochee River | Douglas County, lat 33°38', long 84°45', at State Highway 166, 8 1/2 miles south of Douglasville | 3.2 | 3.4 | 4.6 | 12 | 9.7 | 6.0 | 18 |
| 683 | 8.4 | Big Bear Creek | Chatahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°34', long 84°40, at county road, 3 1/2 miles north of Palmetto | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 684 | 24 | Big Bear Creek | Chatahoochee River | Fulton County, lat 33°36', long 84°45', at Wood- ruff Road, 7 miles northeast of Palmetto | 0 | 0 | .077 | .94 | .58 | .16 | 3.3 |
| 685 | 18 | Dog River | Chatahoochee River | Douglas County, lat 33°41', long 84°53', at county road, 5 miles southwest of Winston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 686 | 43 | Dog River | Chatahoochee River | Douglas County, lat 33°40', long 84°52', at county road, 5 miles southwest of Winston | .73 | .86 | 1.4 | 7.0 | 5.1 | 2.2 | 16 |
| 687 | 10 | Mobley Creek | Dog River | Douglas County, lat 33°41', long 84°50', at county road, 2 1/2 miles south of Winston | .38 | .43 | .65 | 2.5 | 1.9 | .96 | 4.9 |
| 688 | 4.9 | Snake Creek | Chatahoochee River | Carroll County, lat 33°37', long 84°50', at State Highway 166, east of Carrollton | .27 | .31 | .45 | 1.5 | 1.2 | .64 | 2.8 |
| 689 | 37 | Snake Creek | Chatahoochee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1954-; Snake Creek near Whitesburg, Ga. | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.8* | | | | |
| 690 | 12 | Alexander Creek | Cedar Creek | Carroll County, lat 33°32', long 84°56', at county road, 3 miles northwest of Whitesburg | .11 | .13 | .23 | 1.4 | .68 | .38 | 3.5 |
| 692 | 16 | Wahoo Creek | Chatahoochee River | Coweta County, lat 33°29', long 84°49', at county road, 8 1/2 miles northeast of Newnan | .38 | .45 | .70 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 6.7 |
| 693 | 6.8 | Acorn Creek | Chatahoochee River | Coweta County, lat 33°28', long 84°50, at county road, 2 miles southeast of Sargent | .50 | .56 | .78 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 4.2 |
| 694 | 4.5 | Whooping Creek | Chatahoochee River | Highway 5, 6 miles southwest of Whitesburg | 0 | .054 | .092 | .54 | .39 | .15 | 1.4 |
| 695 | 26 | Whooping Creek | Chatahoochee River | Carroll County, lat 33°31', long 85°03, at county road, 4 1/2 miles southeast of Carrollton | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 7.2 | 5.6 | 2.9 | 14 |
| 696 | 4.2 | Dirt Creek | Chatahoochee River | Highway 5, southwest of Whitesburg | .59 | .67 | .86 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 3.3 |
| 697 | 24 | Centralhathee Creek | Chatahoochee River | Highway 5, 3 1/2 miles east of Roanville | 2.1 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 9.3 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 16 |
| | | | | Heard County, lat 33°24', long 85°10, at county road, 4 miles northwest of Centralhathee | | | | | | | |

* Estimated.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 698 | 57 | Centralhatchee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Heard County, lat 33°19', long 85°06', at State Highway 1, north of Franklin | 4.2 | 4.7 | 6.7 | 20 | 16 | 9.1 | 36 |
| 699A | 77 | Glovers Creek | Chattahoochee River | Heard County, lat 33°17', long 85°07', at State Highway 34, 1 mile west of Franklin | 3.8 | 4.2 | 7.2 | 28 | 19 | 8.9 | 61 |
| 700 | 3.6 | Messiers Creek | New River | Coweta County, lat 33°15', long 84°49', at county road, 2 miles northeast of Grantville | .86 | .93 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 3.6 |
| 701 | 23 | Caney Creek | New River | Heard County, lat 33°16', long 84°58', at county road, 3 miles northwest of Corinth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 701A | 127 | New River | Chattahoochee River | Heard County, lat 33°14', long 84°59', at State Highway 100, 7 miles southeast of Franklin | .70 | .85 | 1.9 | 17 | 9.0 | 2.7 | 58 |
| 702 | 8.3 | Yellowjacket Creek | Chattahoochee River | Coweta County, lat 33°14', long 84°49', at county road, 3 miles east of Grantville | .30 | .34 | .56 | 2.1 | 1.5 | .77 | 4.8 |
| 703 | 40 | Yellowjacket Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat 33°11', long 84°55', at State Highway 14, north of Hogansville | .24 | .29 | .60 | 4.0 | 2.6 | .95 | 14 |
| 704 | 19 | Flat Creek | Yellowjacket Creek | Meriwether County, lat 33°08', long 84°51', at county road, 2 miles west of St. Marks | .55 | .63 | 1.1 | 4.2 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 10 |
| 705 | 27 | Flat Creek | Yellowjacket Creek | Troup County, lat 33°08', long 84°55', at State Highway 14, south of Hogansville | .59 | .68 | 1.2 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 1.7 | 14 |
| 705A | 91 | Yellowjacket Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat 33°09', long 84°59', at county road, 4½ miles southwest of Hogansville | .46 | .53 | 1.1 | 8.3 | 5.5 | 1.9 | 30 |
| 706 | 11 | Beach Creek | Yellowjacket Creek | Meriwether County, lat 33°04', long 84°51', at county road, 4½ miles northwest of Odessdale | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 4.9 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 8.9 |
| 707 | 12 | Bear Creek | Beach Creek | Meriwether County, lat 33°06', long 84°51', at county road, 2¾ miles southwest of St. Marks | .13 | .14 | .29 | 1.6 | 1.1 | .44 | 4.9 |
| 708 | 45 | Beach Creek | Yellowjacket Creek | Troup County, lat 33°06', long 84°56', at State Highway 14, northeast of LaGrange | 1.9 | 2.2 | 3.5 | 12 | 9.1 | 4.7 | 27 |
| 709 | 52 | Beach Creek | Yellowjacket Creek | Troup County, lat 33°06', long 84°59', at county road, 4½ miles northeast of LaGrange | 1.6 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 12 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 29 |
| 710 | 9.2 | Shoal Creek | Beach Creek | Troup County, lat 33°04', long 84°58', at State Highway 14, northeast of LaGrange | .43 | .48 | .76 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 5.7 |
| 711 | 16 | Shoal Creek | Beach Creek | Troup County, lat 33°06', long 85°00', at county road, 3¼ miles northeast of LaGrange | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.8 | 5.4 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 11 |
| 712 | 182 | Yellowjacket Creek | Chattahoochee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1951-; Yellowjacket Creek near LaGrange, Ga. Troup County, lat 33°06', long 85°04', at State Highway 219, 4¼ miles northwest of LaGrange | 5.2 | 5.8 | 10 | 40 | 30 | 14 | 99 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|-------|---------------------|---------------------|---|------|------|-----|-------|-------|-----|-------|
| 713 | 27 | Whitewater Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 33°06', long. 85°08', at State Highway 109, northwest of Ladonia. | .062 | .073 | .18 | 1.6 | .97 | .30 | 7.0 |
| 714 | 99 | Wenahkee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 33°04', long. 85°12', at county road, 10 1/2 miles west of Ladonia. Station 1800- | 0 | 0 | .14 | 2.3 | 1.2 | .28 | 15 |
| 715 | 3,550 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1800-1910; 1912; Chattahoochee River at West Point, Ga. | 364 | 482 | 510 | 1,620 | 1,250 | 800 | 2,060 |
| 716 | 9.9 | Long Cane Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 32°53', long. 85°11', just downstream from Onahee Creek, West Point | .38 | .42 | .69 | 2.5 | 1.9 | .96 | 5.8 |
| 717 | 23 | Long Cane Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 33°01', long. 84°58', at county road, 3 1/2 miles east of Ladonia. Station 86 | .58 | .64 | 1.1 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 1.6 | 12 |
| 717A | 75 | Long Cane Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 32°56', long. 85°00', at State Highway 1, southeast of Ladonia. | 2.2 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 21 | 14 | 5.8 | 52 |
| 718 | 24 | Flat Shoals Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 32°55', long. 85°00', at county road, 3 1/2 miles northeast of West Point. | .008 | .12 | .26 | 2.0 | 1.2 | .42 | 7.4 |
| 719 | 7.28 | Sulphur Creek | Flat Shoal Creek | Marion County, lat. 32°59', long. 84°51', at county road, 3 1/2 miles southwest of Odessa. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 720 | .87 | Mill Creek | White Sulphur Creek | Marion County, lat. 32°56', long. 84°47', at county road, 1 1/2 miles northwest of Durand. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 721 | 22.2 | White Sulphur Creek | Sulphur Creek | Harris County, lat. 32°32', long. 84°17', at county road, 1 1/2 miles east of Chipley. | .44 | .47 | .84 | 3.9 | 2.8 | 1.2 | 11 |
| 722 | 43.1 | Sulphur Creek | Flat Shoal Creek | Marion County, lat. 32°55', long. 84°48', at State Highway 18, 1 1/2 miles west of Durand. | .35 | .41 | .84 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 1.3 | 16 |
| 723 | 5.06 | Unnamed Tributary | Crawford Creek | Marion County, lat. 32°57', long. 84°50', at county road, 1 1/2 miles south of Stovall. | .48 | .53 | .76 | 2.1 | 1.6 | .98 | 3.9 |
| 724 | 2.70 | Crawford Creek | Sulphur Creek | Marion County, lat. 32°53', long. 84°50', at State Highway 18, northeast of Chipley. | .30 | .31 | .45 | 1.2 | .94 | .57 | 2.1 |
| 725 | 119 | Flat Shoal Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 32°57', long. 84°55', at State Highway 1, southeast of Ladonia. | 3.0 | 3.2 | 5.6 | 24 | 17 | 7.9 | 60 |
| 726 | 204 | Flat Shoal Creek | Chattahoochee River | Troup County, lat. 32°53', long. 85°05', at State Highway 18, 5 1/2 miles east of West Point. | 11 | 12 | 19 | 62 | 47 | 26 | 130 |
| 727 | 2.00 | Mountain Creek | Chattahoochee River | Harris County, lat. 32°50', long. 84°51', at State Highway 1, south of Chipley. | .17 | .18 | .26 | .74 | .59 | .34 | 1.5 |
| 728 | 9.30 | Mountain Creek | Chattahoochee River | Harris County, lat. 32°48', long. 84°53', at county road, 4 1/2 miles southwest of Chipley. | .63 | .70 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 6.5 |
| 729 | 61.7 | Mountain Creek | Chattahoochee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1945-Mountain Creek near Hamilton, Ga. | 5.5 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 15 | 14 | 9.4 | 358 |
| 730 | 12.3 | Mulberry Creek | Chattahoochee River | Harris County, lat. 32°14', long. 85°04', at State Highway 103, 11 miles west of Hamilton. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 731 | 28.5 | Dowdell Creek | Mulberry Creek | Harris County, lat. 32°43', long. 84°44', at State Highway 85, 2 miles north of Waverly Hill. | 5.5 | 5.8 | 7.8 | 17 | 14 | 9.4 | 27 |
| 732 | 8.94 | Palmetto Creek | Mulberry Creek | Harris County, lat. 32°45', long. 84°46', at county road, 5 miles northwest of Waverly Hill. | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 3.0 | 8.4 |
| 733 | 19.4 | Ossatchie Creek | Mulberry Creek | Harris County, lat. 32°46', long. 84°52', at county road, 1 1/2 miles northeast of Hamilton. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | Harris County, lat. 32°30', long. 84°46', at State Highway 85, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Waverly Hill. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 734 | 42.6 | Oscatchie Creek | Mulberry Creek | Harris County, lat 32°41', long 84°52', at State Highway 1, south of Hamilton | 0 | 0 | .11 | 1.4 | .77 | .20 | 7.9 |
| 735 | 9.70 | Standing Boy Creek | Chattahoochee River | Harris County, lat 32°38', long 84°54', at State Highway 1, 9 miles south of Hamilton | 0 | 0 | 0 | .21 | .11 | 0 | 1.4 |
| 736 | 2.40 | Heiferhorn Creek | Standing Boy Creek | Harris County, lat 32°37', long 84°55', at State Highway 1, 10.5 miles south of Hamilton | 0 | 0 | 0 | .22 | .14 | .050 | .78 |
| 737 | 4,670 | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1912; 1924—Chattahoochee River at Columbus, Ga.—Muscooge County, lat 32°28', long 85°00', at Central of Ga. Railroad Bridge, at Columbus | 600 ^a | 640 ^a | 701 ^a | | | | |
| 738 | 8.05 | Bull Creek | Chattahoochee River | Muscooge County, lat 32°34', long 84°51', at State Highway 86, 1½ miles southwest of Midland | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 739 | .98 | Unnamed Tributary | Bull Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°32', long 84°50', at Macon Road, 8¾ miles west of Upatoi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 740 | 14.4 | Bull Creek | Chattahoochee River | Muscooge County, lat 32°32', long 84°51', at Muccon Road, 0½ miles west of Upatoi | .39 | .45 | .76 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 1.1 | 7.6 |
| 740A | 7.74 | Lindsey Creek | Bull Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°29', long 84°57', at State Highway 22, at Columbus | .13 | .15 | .20 | .15 | .16 | .16 | .76 |
| 741 | 15.8 | South Fork Upatoi Creek | Upatoi Creek | Talbot County, lat 32°35', long 84°55', at State Highway 22, 1 mile north of Geneva | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 742 | 38.6 | South Fork Upatoi Creek | Upatoi Creek | Talbot County, lat 32°34', long 84°57', at State Highway 22, 3½ miles west of Geneva | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 742A | 47.4 | Juniper Creek | Upatoi Creek | Marion-Talbot Counties, lat 32°35', long 84°34', at State Highway 41, 1¼ miles south of Geneva | 37 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 38 | 38 | 44 |
| 742B | 107 | Upatoi Creek | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee-Talbot Counties, lat 32°32', long 84°46', at Box Springs | 32 | 33 | 37 | 33 | 34 | 34 | 57 |
| 743 | 21.2 | Baker Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge-Talbot Counties, lat 32°33', long 84°40', at State Highway 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 744 | 3.03 | Tar River | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°33', long 84°42', at State Highway 22, 2¾ miles east of Upatoi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 745 | 17.1 | Kendall Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°33', long 84°50', at State Highway 22, 1½ miles east of Upatoi | .053 | .062 | .14 | 1.2 | .72 | .23 | 4.7 |
| 746 | 3.30 | Cox Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°33', long 84°54', at State Highway 22, 0.6 miles east of Upatoi | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 746A | 201 | Upatoi Creek | Chattahoochee River | Muscooge-Chattahoochee Counties, lat 32°27', long 84°46', at State Highway 168, at Eastbrook | 21 | 23 | 27 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 57 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 768A | 64.2 | Ochiltee Creek | Upatoi Creek | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°24', long 84°51', at county road, at Ocbill | 13 | 14 | 16 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 27 |
| 769 | 1.58 | Steam Mill Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°23', long 84°53', at St. Mary's Road 1 1/2 miles northwest of Sand Hill | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 770 | 2.55 | Steam Mill Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°25', long 84°53', at 2nd Armored Division Road, 0.8 mile east of Sand Hill | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 771 | 2.01 | Tiger Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°27', long 84°53', at Steam Mill Road, 2 1/2 miles north of Sand Hill | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 772 | 3.49 | Tiger Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°26', long 84°54', at St. Mary's Road 1 1/2 miles north of Sand Hill | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 773 | 4.86 | Tiger Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°24', long 84°53', at road 0.2 mile upstream from mouth at Sand Hill | 0 | 0 | .653 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .38 |
| 774 | 2.00 | Heriot Creek | Upatoi Creek | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°22', long 84°53', at Marnes Road, 1 1/2 miles southwest of Sand Hill | .76 | .78 | .87 | .84 | .84 | .84 | 1.0 |
| 775 | 1.36 | Opossum Creek | Upatoi Creek | Muscooge County, lat 32°24', long 84°54', at State Highway 1, 0.5 mile southwest of Sand Hill | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 776 | 1.40 | Hamel Creek | Upatoi Creek | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°22', long 84°55', at Marnes Road | .35 | .36 | .41 | .39 | .39 | .39 | .85 |
| 777 | 447 | Upatoi Creek | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee-Muscooge Counties, lat 32°23', long 84°57', at water plant, 1 mile upstream No. 1 | 92 | 98 | 126 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 240 |
| 778 | .90 | Armory Creek | Upatoi Creek | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°22', long 84°57', at Marnes Road | .17 | .18 | .21 | .19 | .19 | .19 | .47 |
| 778A | 3.42 | Shell Creek | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°16', long 84°53', near county road, 6 1/2 miles southwest of Cusseta | .75 | .79 | .89 | .79 | .81 | .81 | 1.5 |
| 779 | 15.8 | Hichitee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°16', long 84°47', at State Highway 1, 2 1/2 miles south of Cusseta | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 6.9 |
| 779A | 4.50 | Hewell Creek | Hichitee Creek | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°16', long 84°48', at county road, 3 1/2 miles southwest of Cusseta | 0 | .055 | .086 | .055 | .062 | .062 | .34 |
| 779B | 2.75 | Gany Creek | Hichitee Creek | Chattahoochee County, lat 32°15', long 84°40', at county road, 5 miles southwest of Cusseta | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 780 | 39.0 | Hichitee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Stewart County, lat 32°14', long 84°51', at county road, 4 miles north of Louvale | 5.1 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 17 |
| 781 | 74 | Hannahatchee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Stewart County, lat 32°09', long 84°50', at State Highway 1, 1 1/2 miles south of Louvale | .53 | .57 | .83 | .70 | .70 | .70 | 5.8 |
| 782 | 7.10 | Frog Bottom Creek | Colochee Creek | Stewart County, lat 32°08', long 83°49', at State Highway 1, 3 1/2 miles north of Lumpkin | .12 | .13 | .18 | .15 | .15 | .15 | .93 |

| | 783 | 785 | 786 | 787 | 788 | 789 | 790 | 791 | 792 | 794 | 795 | 796 | 797 | 798 | 799 | 800 | 801 | 802 | 803 | 804 | 805 | 806 | |
|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|
| | 152 | 12 | 70 | 11 | 295 | 3.4 | 41 | 25 | 103 | 97 | 8,040 | 26 | 3.1 | 21 | 1.8 | 6.0 | 17 | 3.3 | 37 | 40 | 130 | 8.2 | |
| | Hannahatchee Creek | Tobannee Creek | Pataula Creek | Hodochokee Creek | Pataula Creek | McCallop Creek | Holanna Creek | Pataula Creek | Cemochechobee Creek | Cemochechobee Creek | Colomokee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Sawhatchee Creek | Mud Creek | Flint River | Jesters Creek | Camp Creek | Camp Creek | Swamp Creek | Morning Creek | Morning Creek | Flint River | Shoal Creek |
| | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee River | Pataula Creek | Chattahoochee River | Holanna Creek | Pataula Creek | Cemochechobee Creek | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee River | Apalachicola River | Chattahoochee River | Chattahoochee River | Flint River | Apalachicola River | Flint River | Flint River | Flint River | Flint River | Flint River | Flint River | Apalachicola River | Flint River |
| | Stewart County, lat. 32°09', long. 84°56', at county road, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Julia | Quitman County, lat. 31°52', long. 85°06', at county road, 0.8 miles south of Georgetown | Stewart County, lat. 31°56', long. 84°48', at State Highway 1, 8 miles south of Lumpkin | Stewart County, lat. 32°03', long. 84°47', at State Highway 27, 1 mile east of Lumpkin | Quitman County, lat. 31°19', long. 84°38', at State Highway 50, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Morris | Randolph County, lat. 31°48', long. 84°52', at State Highway 50, 5 miles northwest of Cuthbert | Quitman County, lat. 31°47', long. 84°37', at county road, at Morris | Clay County, lat. 31°39', long. 84°58', at county road, 5 1/2 miles northeast of Fort Gaines | Clay County, lat. 31°37', long. 85°03', at State Highway 39, north of Fort Gaines | Clay County, lat. 31°31', long. 85°02', at State Highway 39, 6 miles south of Fort Gaines | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1028, Chattahoochee River at Columbus, Ala. | Early County, Ga., lat. 31°17', long. 85°07', at State Highway 62, 1 1/4 miles southwest of Blakely | Early County, lat. 31°17', long. 85°02', at county road, 9 miles southwest of Blakely | Clayton County, lat. 33°37', long. 84°24', at county road, 2 miles west of Forest Park | Clayton County, lat. 33°35', long. 84°23', at county road, 1 1/4 miles east of Riverdale | Clayton County, lat. 33°35', long. 84°21', at Morrow Road, 4 1/2 miles south of Conley | Clayton County, lat. 33°34', long. 84°26', at county road, 1 1/4 miles southwest of Riverdale | Clayton-Fayette Counties, lat. 33°31', long. 84°26', at State Highway 85, north of Fayetteville | Clayton County, lat. 33°30', long. 84°22', at county road, 2 miles southwest of Jonesboro | Fayette County, lat. 33°30', long. 84°20', at State Highway 85, north of Fayetteville | Fayette County, lat. 33°29', long. 84°25', at State Highway 94, 3 1/2 miles northeast of Fayetteville | Clayton County, lat. 33°28', long. 84°23', at county road, 4 1/2 miles southwest of Lovejoy | Clayton County, lat. 33°29', long. 84°22', at county road, 3 1/2 miles southwest of Lovejoy and 1 mile upstream from mouth |
| | 11 | 2.4 | 9.8 | 3.3 | 69 | .075 | 8.2 | 4.0 | 26 | 57 | 1,210 ^a | 1.2 | .40 | 1.9 | 0 | .63 | 1.6 | 0 | .36 | .606 | 5.6 | .12 | |
| | 11 | 2.5 | 9.8 | 3.5 | 75 | .082 | 8.2 | 4.4 | 28 | 57 | 1,290 ^a | 1.2 | .45 | 2.2 | 0 | .97 | 1.8 | 0 | .46 | .14 | 5.6 | .16 | |
| | 14 | 2.9 | 12 | 3.9 | 86 | .11 | 9.8 | 5.3 | 32 | 59 | 1,371 ^a | 1.4 | .56 | 2.8 | .063 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 0 | .70 | .24 | 9.1 | .24 | |
| | 13 | 2.7 | 11 | 3.7 | 120 | .097 | 9.1 | 8.0 | 46 | 81 | | 4.6 | 1.1 | 6.3 | .21 | 2.4 | 5.2 | 0 | 2.9 | 1.4 | 25 | .86 | |
| | 13 | 2.7 | 11 | 3.7 | 120 | .097 | 9.1 | 7.4 | 43 | 74 | | 3.2 | .90 | 4.7 | .14 | 1.9 | 3.9 | 0 | 1.8 | .76 | 18 | .55 | |
| | 13 | 2.7 | 11 | 3.7 | 100 | | 9.1 | 6.4 | 38 | 70 | | 2.6 | .56 | 2.7 | .063 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 0 | .70 | .23 | 9.0 | .23 | |
| | 42 | 6.5 | 30 | 7.5 | 170 | | 9.1 | 6.4 | 12 | 84 | | 5.4 | 2.7 | 16 | .92 | 5.4 | 14 | 0 | 16 | 12 | 83 | 4.0 | |

^aFlow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 807 | 9.2 | Murphy Creek | Flint River | Fayette County, lat 33°28', long 84°24', at county road, 3½ miles southeast of Fayetteville and 2 miles upstream from mouth | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 808 | 5.9 | Bear Creek | Flint River | Henry County, lat 33°23', long 84°18', at State Highway 3, 1 mile west of Hampton, at Expressway | .12 | .14 | .20 | .69 | .45 | .20 | 3.0 |
| 809 | 6.0 | Bear Creek | Flint River | Henry County, lat 33°28', long 84°18', at county road, 1½ miles west of Hampton | .12 | .14 | .21 | .71 | .46 | .20 | 3.1 |
| 810 | 194 | Flint River | Apalachicola River | Fayette-Spalding Counties, lat 33°10', long 82°24', at State Highway 92, 3½ miles south of Woolsey | 2.7 | 3.6 | 6.0 | 22 | 14 | 6.0 | 96 |
| 811 | 2.9 | Woolsey Creek | Horton Creek | Fayette County, lat 33°21', long 84°25', at county road, ½ mile from Woolsey | .21 | .25 | .32 | .77 | .57 | .31 | 2.1 |
| 812 | 10 | Heads Creek | Wildcat Creek | Spalding County, lat 33°18', long 84°21', at State Highway 92, 6 miles northwest of Griffin | .21 | .26 | .37 | 1.2 | .82 | .37 | 5.3 |
| 814 | 22 | Heads Creek | Wildcat Creek | Spalding County, lat 33°17', long 84°23', at county road, 7 miles west of Griffin | .84 | .99 | 1.4 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 14 |
| 815 | 21 | Shoal Creek | Wildcat Creek | Spalding County, lat 33°16', long 84°22', at county road, 7½ miles west of Griffin and 0.9 mile upstream from mouth | .61 | .74 | 1.0 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 12 |
| 816 | 48 | Wildcat Creek | Flint River | Spalding County, lat 33°16', long 84°25', at county road, 8¼ miles west of Griffin | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 2.6 | 28 |
| 817 | 272 | Flint River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1937; Flint River near Griffin, Ga. | 2.5 ^d | 3.2 ^a | 6.0 ^b | 34 ^d | 22 ^a | 10 ^d | 142 ^a |
| 818 | 4.0 | Line Creek | Flint River | Spalding County, lat 33°14', long 84°28', at State Highway 46, 10 miles west of Griffin | 0 | 0 | .004 | .28 | .17 | .063 | 1.6 |
| 819 | 38 | Line Creek | Flint River | Fulton-Fayette Counties, lat 33°31', long 84°36', at county road, 3½ miles southeast of Fairburn | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 8.7 | 6.3 | 3.4 | 26 |
| 820 | 24 | Shoal Creek | Line Creek | Cowan-Fayette Counties, lat 32°24', long 84°37', at State Highway 84, 1 mile southwest of Albermarle | .65 | .80 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 14 |
| 821 | 15 | Flat Creek | Line Creek | Fayette County, lat 33°24', long 84°35', at State Highway 54, 1½ miles east of Fairburn | .51 | .62 | .80 | 2.5 | 1.7 | .85 | 9.0 |
| 822 | 9.4 | Keg Creek | Line Creek | Cowan County, lat 33°20', long 84°34', at county road, 2¼ miles north of Shonda | .48 | .58 | .76 | 2.0 | 1.4 | .76 | 6.3 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 837D | 81.3 | Lazar Creek | Flint River | Talbot County, lat. 32°44', long. 84°33', below mouth of Marshall Creek at State Highway 41, 4½ miles north of Talbotton | 4.7 | 5.1 | 8.5 | 23 | 21 | 12 | 49 |
| 838 | 9.48 | Edwards Creek | Lazar Creek | Talbot County, lat. 32°37', long. 84°33', at State Highway 41, 2½ miles north of Talbotton | .46 | .50 | .87 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 5.5 |
| 839 | 8.29 | Celestee Creek | Lazar Creek | Talbot County, lat. 32°40', long. 84°33', at county road, 9½ miles south of Talbotton | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 5.1 | 4.8 | 3.5 | 7.7 |
| 840 | 23 | Big Potato Creek | Potato Creek | Lamar County, lat. 33°08', long. 84°14', at county road, 2½ miles west of Milner | 2.3 | 2.8 | 4.4 | 9.0 | 8.2 | 5.2 | 16 |
| 841 | 2.26 | Grape Creek | Big Potato Creek | Lamar County, lat. 33°07', long. 84°13', at county road, 1½ miles west of Milner | 0 | 0 | .003 | .28 | .24 | .11 | .85 |
| 841A | 57 | Big Potato Creek | Potato Creek | Lamar County, lat. 33°06', long. 84°14', at county road, 5 miles southwest of Milner | 2.0 | 2.2 | 3.9 | 12 | 11 | 6.0 | 30 |
| 841B | 67 | Big Potato Creek | Potato Creek | Lamar County, lat. 33°04', long. 84°14', at State Highway 18, 4½ miles east of Barnesville | .90 | 1.0 | 2.1 | 8.9 | 7.9 | 3.6 | 27 |
| 841C | 7.4 | Little Potato Creek | Big Potato Creek | Pike County, lat. 33°04', long. 84°18', on county road, 1 mile north of Meunsville | .13 | .15 | .30 | 1.1 | 1.0 | .48 | 3.2 |
| 841D | 96 | Big Potato Creek | Potato Creek | Lamar County, lat. 33°01', long. 84°16', on county road, 6½ miles southwest of Barnesville | 1.7 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 15 | 13 | 6.2 | 41 |
| 842 | 4.5 | Little Potato Creek | Potato Creek | Lamar County, lat. 33°03', long. 84°12', at county road, 1 mile south of State Highway 18, 2½ miles west of Barnesville | .50 | .54 | .82 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 3.3 |
| 843 | 20 | Ten Mile Creek | Potato Creek | Upson County, lat. 32°56', long. 84°21', at county road, 3¼ miles northwest of Thomaston | 2.8 | 3.0 | 4.3 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 5.6 | 16 |
| 844 | 6.70 | Basin Creek | Potato Creek | Upson County, lat. 32°56', long. 84°23', at county road, 4 miles northwest of Thomaston | .94 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 5.2 |
| 845 | 186 | Potato Creek | Flint River | USGS Complete-Record Gauging Station 1938-; Potato Creek near Thomaston, Ga. Upson County, lat. 32°54'15", long. 84°21'45", 300 ft downstream from State Highway 74, 2½ miles northwest of Thomaston | .78 ^d | 1.8 ^d | 2.6 ^d | 29 ^d | 20 ^d | 9.8 ^d | 87 ^d |
| 846 | 12 | Hacksofkee Creek | Flint River | Talbot County, lat. 32°42', long. 84°26', at State Highway 22, 6¼ miles east of Talbotton | .82 | .89 | 1.4 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 7.6 |
| 847 | 4.23 | East Swift Creek | Swift Creek | Upson County, lat. 32°52', long. 84°15', at county road, 4¾ miles southeast of Thomaston | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 4.2 |

EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954) ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA 83

| 848 | 1,860 | Flint River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1911-23; 1928-31; 1937-; Flint River near Culloden, Ga.; Taylor-Jason Counties lat 32°43', long 84°13', at State Highway 3, 13 miles southwest of Culloden | 97 | 99 | 108 | 381 | 332 | 220 | 1,018 |
|------|-------|-------------------|--------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| 849 | 45.7 | Anchumpkee Creek | Flint River | Upson County, lat 32°45', long 84°13', at State Highway 22, 1 1/2 miles south of Thomaston | 0 | 0 | .12 | 1.3 | 1.0 | .27 | 7.4 |
| 850 | 29.9 | Uchechochee Creek | Anchumpkee Creek | Crawford County, lat 32°46', long 84°07', at State Highway 22, 8 1/2 miles northwest of Roberts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 851 | 2.9 | Spring Creek | Flint River | Crawford County, lat 32°42', long 84°03', at State Highway 128, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Roberts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 852 | 6.8 | Mathews Creek | Spring Creek | Crawford County, lat 32°41', long 84°02', at State Highway 128, 1 1/2 miles southwest of Roberts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 853 | 13 | Culpepper Creek | Spring Creek | Crawford County, lat 32°41', long 84°00', at State Highway 7, 2 miles south of Roberts | .12 | .13 | .18 | .13 | .13 | .13 | .84 |
| 853A | 19 | Avera Creek | Spring Creek | Crawford County, lat 32°39', long 84°00', at county road, 4 1/2 miles south of Roberts | 12 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 16 |
| 854 | 139 | Pasifliza Creek | Flint River | Taylor County, lat 32°34', long 84°05', at State Highway 128, 1 mile north of Reynolds | 28 | 29 | 33 | 29 | 30 | 30 | 57 |
| 855 | 12 | Unnamed Tributary | Flint River | Crawford County, lat 32°33', long 84°00', at State Highway 94, 6 miles east of Reynolds | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .25 |
| 857 | 93.4 | Whitewater Creek | Flint River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1951-; Whitewater Creek, below Rambulette Creek, near Butler, Ga. | 128 | 129 | 133 | 139 | 139 | 132 | 143 |
| 858 | 15 | Cedar Creek | Whitewater Creek | Taylor County, lat 32°28', long 84°16', 500 ft downstream from State Highway 3, just below Rambulette Creek, 6 1/2 miles south of Butler | 19 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 21 |
| 859 | 44 | Shoal Creek | Buck Creek | Taylor County, lat 32°30', long 84°23', at State Highway 137, 12 1/2 miles southwest of Butler | 39 | 39 | 42 | 44 | 44 | 41 | 46 |
| 860 | 146 | Buck Creek | Flint River | Marion County, lat 32°33', long 84°27', at State Highway 137, 5 1/2 miles northeast of Buena Vista | 100 | 100 | 110 | 120 | 120 | 100 | 120 |
| 861 | 7.8 | Mills Creek | Flint River | Schley County, lat 32°16', long 84°18', at State Highway 3, 5 1/2 miles north of Ellaville | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.6 |
| 862 | 2,900 | Flint River | Apalachicola River | Macon County, lat 32°17', long 84°05', at State Highway 49, 1 1/2 miles southwest of Oglethorpe | 600 | 618 | 639 | 1,050 | 950 | 775 | 1,863 |
| 863 | 39 | Beaver Creek | Flint River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1905-09; 1911-12; 1930-33; 1934-; Flint River at Montezuma, Ga. | 16 | 17 | 18 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 25 |
| 864 | 54 | Camp Creek | Flint River | Macon County, lat 32°18', long 84°03', at State Highways 28 and 49, below Buck Creek, 1 mile west of Montezuma | 16 | 17 | 19 | 17 | 18 | 18 | 29 |
| 865 | 29 | Sweetwater Creek | Flint River | Macon County, lat 32°14', long 84°06', at State Highway 26, at Montezuma | 12 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 19 |
| | | | | Macon-Sunier Counties, lat 32°11', long 84°08', at State Highway 49, south of Andersonville | | | | | | | |

*Flow regulated by diversion.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|------|-----------------------|--------|-----|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | | |
| 866 | 40 | Hogcrawl Creek | Flint River | Dooley-Macon Counties, lat 32°17', long 83°54', at county road, 7½ miles east of Montezuma | .44 | .52 | .76 | .52 | .59 | .59 | 3.1 | |
| 867 | 16 | Horsehead Creek | Hogcrawl Creek | Macon County, lat 32°17', long 83°57', at State Highway 26, 5¼ miles east of Montezuma | .22 | .24 | .34 | .24 | .26 | .26 | 1.4 | |
| 868 | 76 | Hogcrawl Creek | Flint River | Dooley-Macon Counties, lat 32°15', long 83°58', at State Highway 90, 5½ miles southeast of Montezuma | 14 | 15 | 17 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 30 | |
| 869 | 32 | Turkey Creek | Flint River | Dooley County, lat 32°14', long 83°52', at county road, 3 miles northeast of Byronville | .77 | .86 | 1.2 | .86 | .94 | .94 | 3.9 | |
| 870 | 45 | Turkey Creek | Flint River | Dooley County, lat 32°12', long 83°54', at State Highway 90, at Byronville | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 10 | |
| 871 | 21 | Pennahatchee Creek | Turkey Creek | Dooley County, lat 32°08', long 83°48', at State Highway 7, at Vienna | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 872 | 28 | Sandy Mount Creek | Pennahatchee Creek | Dooley County, lat 32°07', long 83°50', at State Highway 90, 2¾ miles northwest of Vienna | .81 | .90 | 1.2 | .90 | .98 | .98 | 3.8 | |
| 873 | 24 | Little Pennahatchee Creek | Pennahatchee Creek | Dooley County, lat 32°07', long 83°52', at State Highway 90, 2¼ miles southeast of Lilly | .55 | .65 | .88 | .65 | .71 | .71 | 2.9 | |
| 874 | 65 | Laine Creek | Flint River | Sumter County, lat 32°02', long 84°00', at county road, 5 miles north of Cobb | 10 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 23 | |
| 876 | 9 | Unnamed Tributary | Guiley Creek | Crisp County, lat 31°57', long 83°50', at State Highway 30, 3 miles west of Cordelo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 877 | 15 | Cedar Creek | Flint River | Crisp County, lat 31°56', long 83°47', at State Highway 7, 2¼ miles south of Cordelo | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 879 | 10 | Swift Creek | Flint River | Crisp-Worth Counties, lat 31°48', long 83°48', at State Highway 33, 4 miles southwest of Arabia | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 880 | 11 | Chokee Creek | Flint River | Sumter County, lat 31°57', long 84°03', at State Highway 30, at Desoto | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 881 | 3,860 | Flint River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1930-33; 1934-, Flint River at Oakfield, Ga. | 165 ^a | 741 ^a | 864 ^a | | | | | |
| 882 | 17 | Unnamed Tributary | Flint River | Lee-Worth Counties, lat 31°46', long 83°59', at railroad bridge, 1 mile southwest of Oakfield | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 883 | 53 | Piney Woods Creek | Flint River | Dougherty County, lat 31°37', long 84°02', at State Highway 257, 7½ miles northeast of Albany | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 884 | 58 | Piney Woods Creek | Flint River | Dougherty County, lat 31°34', long 84°02', at State Highway 50, 7 miles east of Albany | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| | | | | Dougherty County, lat 31°36', long 84°03', at State Highway 257, 6½ miles east of Albany | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------|------|-----------------------|--------------------|---|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----|
| 885 | 33.8 | Kinchafoonee Creek | Flint River | Marion County, lat 32°17', long 84°35', at county road, 1/4 mile southwest of Buena Vista | 10 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 23 |
| 885A | 48 | Slaughter Creek | Kinchafoonee Creek | Weuster County, lat 32°08', long 84°30', at mouth of Slaughter Creek | 5.2 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 18 |
| 885B | 159 | Kinchafoonee Creek | Flint River | Weber County, lat 32°08', long 84°35', just below Slaughter Creek | 22 | 23 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 25 | 69 |
| 885C | 176 | Kinchafoonee Creek | Flint River | Weber County, lat 32°05', long 84°34', at State Highway 27, 1/4 mile northwest of Preston | 29 | 32 | 38 | 37 | 53 | 46 | 84 |
| 886 | 197 | Kinchafoonee Creek | Flint River | USGS, Cumulative-Reward Gaging Station 1951-Kinchafoonee Creek at Preston, Ga. | 34 | 35 | 40 | 38 | 38 | 37 | 96 |
| 886A | 52 | Lanahassae Creek | Kinchafoonee Creek | Weber County, lat 32°03', long 84°33', at State Highway 41, 1 mile southwest of Preston | 6.2 | 6.8 | 8.4 | 13 | 12 | 10 | 20 |
| 886B | 4.2 | Hog Branch | Kinchafoonee Creek | Weber County, lat 32°03', long 84°30', at State Highway 27, 2 miles southeast of Preston | 0 | 0 | .05 | .11 | .094 | .066 | 28 |
| 886C | 35 | Choctahatchee Creek | Kinchafoonee Creek | Weber County, lat 32°03', long 84°29', at State Highway 27, 3 1/2 miles southeast of Preston | 4.5 | 4.7 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 15 |
| 886D | 22 | Bear Creek | Kinchafoonee Creek | Weber County, lat 32°02', long 84°28', at State Highway 27, 4 1/2 miles southeast of Preston | .13 | .14 | .20 | .18 | .18 | .17 | 1.6 |
| 887 | 485 | Kinchafoonee Creek | Flint River | Weber County, lat 32°00', long 84°36', at State Highway 41, 6 miles southwest of Preston | 55 | 58 | 69 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 190 |
| 888 | 527 | Kinchafoonee Creek | Flint River | Lee-terrell Counties, lat 31°52', long 84°18', at State Highway 118, 12 1/4 miles northwest of Leesburg | 62 | 63 | 78 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 210 |
| 889 | 31 | Middle Creek | Kinchafoonee Creek | Lee County, lat 31°46', long 84°15', at county road, 5 1/2 miles northwest of Leesburg | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 5.7 |
| 890 | 5.9 | Reedy Creek | Kinchafoonee Creek | Lee County, lat 31°45', long 84°16', at county road, 6 1/2 miles northwest of Leesburg | .060 | .065 | .094 | .081 | .081 | .081 | .58 |
| 891 | 586 | Kinchafoonee Creek | Flint River | Lee County, lat 31°43', long 84°11', at county road, 2 1/2 miles west of Leesburg | 86 | 88 | 110 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 250 |
| 892 | 12 | Fowltown Creek | Kinchafoonee Creek | Lee County, lat 31°42', long 84°16', at county road, 6 1/2 miles southwest of Leesburg | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 6.0 |
| 893 | 53 | Muskalee Creek | Flint River | Schley County, lat 32°11', long 84°22', at State Highway 153, 5 1/2 miles southwest of Ellaville | 7.2 | 7.4 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 23 |
| 894 | 9.2 | Little Muskalee Creek | Muskalee Creek | Schley County, lat 32°12', long 84°20', at county road, 2 1/2 miles southwest of Ellaville | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 3.9 |
| 895 | 161 | Muskalee Creek | Flint River | Sumter County, lat 32°04', long 84°15', at State Highway 3, at Americus | 18 | 19 | 23 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 62 |
| 896 | 5.1 | Mill Creek | Muskalee Creek | Sumter County, lat 32°03', long 84°11', at State Highway 30, 2 1/2 miles east of Americus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 897 | 11 | Bear Branch | Muskalee Creek | Sumter County, lat 31°58', long 84°15', at State Highway 3, 7 miles south of Americus | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 5.4 |
| 898 | .6 | Phillema Creek | Muskalee Creek | Sumter County, lat 32°02', long 84°09', at State Highway 30, 5 1/2 miles southeast of Americus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 899 | 1.3 | Boggy Branch | Phillema Creek | Sumter County, lat 32°00', long 84°07', at State Highway 36, 4 miles north of Leslie | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

*Flow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 900 | 265 | Muckalee Creek | Flint River | Lee County, lat 31°54', long 84°12', at State Highway 118, 1½ miles north of Leesburg | 50 | 50 | 60 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 140 |
| 901 | 6.4 | Muckalochoe Creek | Muckalee Creek | Sumter County, lat 32°03', long 84°20', at State Highway 27, 3½ miles east of Plains | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 4.5 |
| 902 | 47 | Muckalochoe Creek | Muckalee Creek | Lee County, lat 31°54', long 84°15', at State Highway 118, 12¾ miles northwest of Leesburg | 22 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 41 |
| 903 | 405 | Muckalee Creek | Flint River | Lee County, lat 31°44', long 84°07', at State Highway 32, 2¾ miles east of Leesburg | 53 | 57 | 67 | 63 | 63 | 63 | 170 |
| 904 | 5,310 | Flint River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1897-1921; 1923-; Flint River at Albany, Ga. Dougherty County, lat 31°36', long 84°09', at Georgia Northern Railroad Bridge, at Albany | 645 ^a | 845 ^a | 1,175 ^a | | | | |
| 906 | 68 | Dry Creek | Flint River | Dougherty County, lat 31°27', long 84°08', at State Highway 3, near Plant Mitchell, 8½ miles south of Albany | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 907 | 93 | Raccoon Creek | Flint River | Mitchell County, lat 31°22', long 84°10', at State Highway 3, 1 mile south of Baconton | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 908 | 60 | Coolewahee Creek | Flint River | Dougherty County, lat 31°30', long 84°17', at State Highway 62, 1½ miles east of Pretoria | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 909 | 162 | Coolewahee Creek | Flint River | Baker County, lat 31°20', long 84°20', at State Highway 91, at Newton | .90 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 10 |
| 911 | 118 | Little Nochoaway Creek | Ichawaynochoaway Creek | Terrell County, lat 31°46', long 84°34', at State Highway 50, 69½ miles west of Dawson | 19 | 20 | 24 | 36 | 33 | 28 | 53 |
| 912 | 52 | Nochoaway Creek | Ichawaynochoaway Creek | Terrell-Handolph Counties, lat 31°47', long 84°36', at State Highway 41, 1½ miles north of Shelman | 21 | 22 | 24 | 32 | 30 | 28 | 41 |
| 913 | 4.9 | Town Branch | Carter Creek | Randolph County, lat 31°46', long 84°47', at State Highway 50, 1 mile east of Cuthbert | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.9 |
| 914 | 31 | Little Pachita Creek | Pachita Creek | Calhoun County, lat 31°35', long 84°44', at county road, 1½ miles north of Edison | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 7.8 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 12 |
| 915 | 188 | Pachita Creek | Ichawaynochoaway Creek | Calhoun County, lat 31°33', long 84°41', at State Highway 37, west of Dickey | 45 | 49 | 56 | 79 | 75 | 65 | 110 |
| 916 | 570 | Ichawaynochoaway Creek | Flint River | Calhoun County, lat 31°28', long 84°34', at State Highway 62, 3½ miles west of Leary | 100 | 110 | 140 | 200 | 190 | 160 | 290 |
| 917 | 620 | Ichawaynochoaway Creek | Flint River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1905-07; 1935-; Ichawaynochoaway Creek at Milford, Ga. Baker County, lat 31°22', long 84°32', at State Highway 216, at Milford | 120 | 129 | 145 | 214 | 199 | 166 | 312 |

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|-------|------------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 918 | 14 | Alligator Creek | Ichawaynochaway Creek | Baker County, lat 31°21', long 84°34', downstream from county road, 2 miles southwest of Milford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 919 | 15 | Alligator Creek | Ichawaynochaway Creek | Baker County, lat 31°21', long 84°33', at county road, 1½ miles south of Milford | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 920 | 24 | Chickasawhatchee Creek | Ichawaynochaway Creek | Terrell County, lat 31°44', long 84°23', at State Highway 60, 4½ miles southeast of Dawson | .58 | .67 | .96 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 3.4 |
| 921 | 11 | Brantley Creek | Chickasawhatchee Creek | Terrell County, lat 31°45', long 84°26', at southwest corner of American Legion golf course, south of Dawson | .87 | .98 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 3.4 |
| 922 | 63 | Chickasawhatchee Creek | Ichawaynochaway Creek | Terrell County, lat 31°39', long 84°26', at county road, 7 miles south of Dawson | 3.7 | 4.1 | 5.4 | 9.4 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 16 | 5.4 | 9.4 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 16 | 16 |
| 923 | 67 | Kiokee Creek | Chickasawhatchee Creek | Dougherty County, lat 31°20', long 84°29', at State Highway 62, 3 miles west of Pretoria | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 925 | 11 | Keel Creek | Chickasawhatchee Creek | Calloway County, lat 31°26', long 84°29', at State Highway 37, 3½ miles south of Leary | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 926 | 320 | Chickasawhatchee Creek | Ichawaynochaway Creek | Baker County, lat 31°22', long 84°28', at State Highway 37, at Hamodell | .58 | .70 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 11 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 3.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 11 | 11 |
| 927 | 1,040 | Ichawaynochaway Creek | Flint River | Baker County, lat 31°13', long 84°28', at State Highway 91, 10½ miles southwest of Newton | 150 | 160 | 190 | 300 | 270 | 230 | 440 | 190 | 300 | 270 | 230 | 230 | 230 | 440 | 440 |
| 929 | 35 | Big Slough | Flint River | Mitchell County, lat 31°15', long 84°12', at State Highway 3, north of Camilla | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 930 | 7.8 | Unnamed Tributary | Big Slough | Mitchell County, lat 31°11', long 84°08', at State Highway 3, 3½ miles north of Telham | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 931 | 348 | Big Slough | Flint River | Decatur County, lat 30°56', long 84°31', at State Highway 97, 3¼ miles northeast of Bainbridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 932 | 7,570 | Flint River | Apalachicola River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1908-13; 1929; Flint River at Bainbridge, Ga. | 1,930 ^a | 2,090 ^a | 2,217 ^a | | | | | 2,217 ^a | | | | | | | |
| 933 | 49 | Spring Creek | Flint River | Decatur County, lat 30°55', long 84°34', at State Highway 38, at Bainbridge | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 934 | 4.4 | Unnamed Tributary | Spring Creek | Early County, lat 31°25', long 84°47', at State Highway 62, 3¼ miles southwest of Arlington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 935 | 14 | Perry Creek | Spring Creek | Early County, lat 31°25', long 84°47', at State Highway 62, 3¼ miles southwest of Arlington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 936 | 18 | Long Branch | Spring Creek | Early County, lat 31°26', long 84°45', at State Highway 62, southwest of Arlington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | .36 | .12 | .40 | 0 | 0 | .36 | .12 | .40 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 937 | 281 | Spring Creek | Flint River | Early County, lat 31°18', long 84°42', at county road, 1 mile east of Damascus | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 938 | 42 | Big Drain Creek | Spring Creek | Miller County, lat 31°10', long 84°45', at State Highway 1, at Colquitt | 4.5 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 26 | 16 | 13 | 32 | 5.3 | 26 | 16 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 32 | 32 |
| 939 | 61 | Aycocks Creek | Spring Creek | Miller County, lat 31°05', long 84°41', at State Highway 1, 6½ miles south of Colquitt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 940 | 485 | Spring Creek | Flint River | Miller County, lat 31°09', long 84°48', at State Highway 91, 4 miles west of Colquitt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1920-21; 1937; Spring Creek near Iron City, Ga. | 9.1 | 9.3 | 11 | 51 | 32 | 25 | 64 | 9.3 | 11 | 51 | 32 | 25 | 25 | 64 | 64 |
| | | | | Decatur County, lat 31°03', long 84°43', 125 ft downstream from county road, 5½ miles north-east of Iron City | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

^aFlow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
 APALACHICOLA RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 941 | 17,100 | Apalachicola River | Gulf of Mexico | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1928; Apalachicola River at Chattahoochee, Fla. Jackson County, Ga., lat. 30°43', long 84°32'. 0.6 mi. downstream from Jim Woodruff Dam at U. S. Highway 90, 1 mile west of Chattahoochee, Fla. | 5.01 ^a | 5.15 ^c | 5.319 ^a | | | | |
| 942 | 90 | Carteaya River | Coosawattee River | Gilmer County, lat 34°38', long 84°24', at county road, 6 miles southeast of Ellijay | 55 | 57 | 59 | 110 | 83 | 75 | 140 |
| 943 | 135 | Carteaya River | Coosawattee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1937; Carteaya River near Ellijay, Ga. | 70 | 73 | 77 | 148 | 115 | 99 | 200 |
| 944 | 10.7 | Rock Creek | Cherrylog Creek | Gilmer County, lat 34°41', long 84°27', at State Highway 52, 2 miles southeast of Ellijay | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 10 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 15 |
| 945 | 90 | Ellijay River | Coosawattee River | Gilmer County, lat 34°47', long 84°24', at State Highway 5, 7½ miles northeast of Ellijay | 28 | 31 | 36 | 81 | 57 | 45 | 134 |
| 946 | 32 | Mountaintown Creek | Coosawattee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1907; 1918-1921; 1953; Ellijay River at Ellijay, Ga. Gilmer County, lat 34°42', long 84°29', 1,000 ft downstream from State Highway 5, at Ellijay | 18 | 19 | 20 | 37 | 29 | 25 | 49 |
| 947 | 17 | Talking Rock Creek | Coosawattee River | Gilmer County, lat 34°45', long 84°33', at State Highway 52, 7 miles northwest of Ellijay | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 10 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 16 |
| 948 | 26 | Talona Creek | Talking Rock Creek | Gilmer County, lat 34°31', long 84°30', at State Highway 5, at Talking Rock | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 19 | 13 | 11 | 28 |
| 949 | 35 | Talona Creek | Talking Rock Creek | Pickens County, lat 34°39', long 84°31', at county road, at Whitestone and 3¼ miles north of Talking Rock | 9.1 | 9.8 | 10 | 26 | 18 | 15 | 39 |
| 950 | 56 | Talking Rock Creek | Coosawattee River | Pickens County, lat 34°32', long 84°31', at county road, 1¼ miles north of Talking Rock | 11 | 12 | 12 | 35 | 23 | 18 | 55 |
| | | | | Pickens County, lat 34°31', long 84°31', at State Highway 5, 1¼ miles northwest of Talking Rock | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| 951 | 12.4 | Town Creek | Talking Rock Creek | Pickens County, lat 34°32', long 84°33', at State Highway 5, 3 miles northwest of Talking Rock | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 9.6 | 6.8 | 4.3 | 14 |
| 952 | 21.1 | Scarecorn Creek | Talking Rock Creek | Pickens County, lat 34°29', long 84°36', at State Highway 53, 5½ miles southwest of Talking Rock | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 13 | 8.9 | 7.0 | 21 |
| 953 | 142 | Talking Rock Creek | Coosawattee River | Murray County, lat 34°36', long 84°40', at State Highway 156, 2¼ miles southeast of Carters | 27 | 28 | 30 | 85 | 57 | 45 | 140 |
| 954 | 531 | Coosawattee River | Oostanaula River | Murray County, lat 34°36', long 84°42', 900 ft upstream from State Highway 61, at Carters | 220 | 230 | 240 | 510 | 380 | 320 | 710 |
| 955 | 6.87 | Sugar Creek | Coosawattee River | Murray County, lat 34°41', long 84°43', at State Highway 61, 7½ miles southeast of Chatsworth | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 6.2 |
| 956 | 50.8 | Sallaoa Creek | Coosawattee River | Gordon County, lat 34°26', long 84°43', at State Highway 83, 0.8 mile west of Fairmount | .71 | .86 | .99 | 5.4 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 24 |
| 957 | 16.5 | Pinhook Creek | Sallaoa Creek | Gordon County, lat 34°28', long 84°42', at State Highway 81, 2¼ miles north of Fairmount | .36 | .41 | .51 | 2.2 | 1.4 | .76 | 8.7 |
| 958 | 24.2 | Fine Log Creek | Sallaoa Creek | Bartow County, lat 34°22', long 84°43', at State Highway 81, 2 miles northeast of Pine Log | 8.7 | 9.2 | 9.7 | 17 | 14 | 11 | 29 |
| 959 | 11.1 | Little Pine Log Creek | Pine Log Creek | Bartow County, lat 34°21', long 84°45', at State Highway 140, 1 mile west of Pine Log | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 4.6 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 10 |
| 960 | 5.61 | Rock Creek | Little Pine Log Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1951-; Rock Creek near Fairmount, Ga. | .78 | .84 | .93 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 5.0 |
| 961 | 65.7 | Fine Log Creek | Sallaoa Creek | Bartow County, lat 34°22', long 84°47', at State Highway 140, 7 miles southwest of Fairmount | 12 | 13 | 14 | 32 | 24 | 18 | 65 |
| 962 | 15.0 | Cedar Creek | Pine Log Creek | Gordon County, lat 34°26', long 84°46', at county road, 2 miles southeast of Sonora | .40 | .45 | .53 | 2.3 | 1.4 | .78 | 8.3 |
| 963 | 28.1 | Cedar Creek | Pine Log Creek | Bartow County, lat 34°24', long 84°50', at county road, 6 miles east of Adairsville | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.5 | 13 | 9.5 | 6.8 | 27 |
| 964 | 99.2 | Pine Log Creek | Sallaoa Creek | Gordon County, lat 34°26', long 84°48', at county road, 5½ miles west of Fairmount | 14 | 15 | 17 | 41 | 30 | 21 | 90 |
| 965 | 9.90 | Dews Lake Outflow | Pine Log Creek | Gordon County, lat 34°27', long 84°48', at State Highway 53, 5½ miles west of Fairmount | 7.5 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 11 | 9.8 | 8.7 | 15 |
| 966 | 856 | Coosawattee River | Oostanaula River | Gordon County, lat 34°30', long 84°49', at county road, 6½ miles west of Ranger | 222 | 229 | 246 | 576 | 425 | 354 | 1,012 |
| 967 | 108 | Conasauga River | Oostanaula River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1938-; Coosawattee River at Pine Chapel, Ga. | 19 | 23 | 25 | 36 | 29 | 27 | 89 |
| 968 | 180 | Conasauga River | Oostanaula River | Chapel, 5 miles east of Resaca at U. S. Highway 411, 16¼ miles north of Chatsworth | 29 | 32 | 35 | 63 | 42 | 39 | 140 |
| 969 | 23.9 | Sumach Creek | Conasauga River | Whitfield-Murray Counties, lat 34°55', long 84°50', at county road, at Beaverdale and 11 miles northwest of Chatsworth | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 11 |
| 970 | 21.9 | Mill Creek | Conasauga River | Murray County, lat 34°54', long 84°45', at State Highway 61, 8½ miles north of Chatsworth | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 13 |
| | | | | Murray County, lat 34°49', long 84°46', at State Highway 61, 3¼ miles north of Chatsworth | | | | | | | |

^aFlow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
MOBILE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Mm. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 971 | 87 | Coahulla Creek | Conasauga River | Whitfield County, lat 34°54', long 84°55', at county road, 9 miles north of Dalton at Prater Mill | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 5.3 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 14 |
| 972 | 18.0 | Mill Creek | Coahulla Creek | Whitfield County, lat 34°48', long 85°01', at State Highway 3, 3½ miles northwest of Dalton | 12 | 13 | 14 | 19 | 16 | 15 | 39 |
| 973 | 38.4 | Mill Creek | Coahulla Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1943-; Mill Creek at Dalton, Ga. | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 21 |
| 974 | 50.0 | Holly Creek | Conasauga River | Whitfield County, lat 34°48', long 84°59', 1,000 ft upstream from city pumping plant at Dalton | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 8.0 |
| 975 | 16.5 | Rook Creek | Holly Creek | Murray County, lat 34°46', long 84°46', at State Highway 52, at Chatsworth | 68 | 72 | 83 | 198 | 144 | 116 | 734 |
| 976 | 682 | Conasauga River | Oostanaula River | Murray County, lat 34°42', long 84°44', at State Highway 61, 6 miles southeast of Chatsworth | 300 | 312 | 344 | 798 | 592 | 490 | 1,769 |
| 977 | 1,610 | Oostanaula River | Coosa River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1937-; Conasauga River at Tilton, Ga. | 18 | 20 | 20 | 26 | 26 | 23 | 59 |
| 978 | 66.0 | Oothcaloga Creek | Oostanaula River | Murray-Whitfield Counties, lat 34°40', long 84°56', at county road at Tilton | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 6.6 |
| 979 | 12 | Snake Creek | Oostanaula River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1890-; Oostanaula River at Resaca, Ga. | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 8.3 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 23 |
| 980 | 34 | John Creek | Rocky Creek | Gordon County, lat 34°31', long 85°57', at State Highway 3, at Resaca | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 981 | 9.8 | Rocky Creek | Oostanaula River | Gordon County, lat 34°30', long 84°55', at State Highway 53, 1¼ miles southwest of Calhoun | .13 | .16 | .19 | .41 | .27 | .22 | 2.4 |
| 982 | 9.9 | Lowry Branch | Oostanaula River | Gordon County, lat 34°26', long 85°06', at county road, 7 miles north of Shaunnon | .16 | .19 | .22 | .42 | .29 | .25 | 1.9 |
| 983 | 5.52 | East Armuchee Creek | Armuchee Creek | Floyd-Gordon Counties, lat 34°26', long 85°06', at county road, 7 miles north of Shaunnon | 4.8 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 23 |
| 984 | 34.5 | West Armuchee Creek | Armuchee Creek | Gordon County, lat 34°27', long 85°05', at county road, at Curryville | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 9.8 |
| 985 | 12 | Woodward Creek | Oostanaula River | Floyd County, lat 34°28', long 85°07', at county road, 2½ miles west of Curryville | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Walker County, lat 34°40', long 85°07', at State Highway 143, 9½ miles east of LaFayette | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Chattahoochee County, lat 34°34', long 85°10', at county road, 2 miles east of Subigna | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Floyd County, lat 34°23', long 85°02', at State Highway 53, 4 miles northeast of Shaunnon | | | | | | | |

| 986 | 2,120 | Oostanaula River | Coosa River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1950-; Oostanaula River near Rome, Ga. | 408 | 489 | 530 | 1,080 | 723 | 620 | 2,349 |
|-------|-------|----------------------|----------------------|--|-----|-----|-----|-------|-----|-----|-------|
| 987 | 66 | Etowah River | Coosa River | Floyd County, lat 34°18', long 85°08', 4½ miles north of Rome, and 6½ miles downstream from Arnuchee | 33 | 33 | 37 | 78 | 60 | 44 | 110 |
| 988 | 103 | Etowah River | Coosa River | Lumpkin County, lat 34°31', long 84°04', at State Highway 9, 4½ miles west of Dahlonega | 50 | 50 | 54 | 112 | 88 | 72 | 156 |
| 989 | 128 | Etowah River | Coosa River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1940-; Etowah River near Dawsonville, Ga. | 52 | 52 | 57 | 130 | 97 | 79 | 180 |
| 990 | 20 | Shoal Creek | Etowah River | Dawson County, lat 34°21', long 84°07', at State Highway 9, 4¼ miles south of Dawsonville | 13 | 13 | 13 | 25 | 20 | 17 | 33 |
| 991 | 6.8 | Cochrans Creek | Amicalola Creek | Dawson County, lat 34°25', long 84°09', at State Highway 53, 1½ miles west of Dawsonville | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 9.0 | 7.3 | 6.1 | 12 |
| 992 | 26 | East Amicalola Creek | Amicalola Creek | Dawson County, lat 34°24', long 84°12', at State Highway 52, 9¼ miles northwest of Dawsonville | 21 | 21 | 22 | 38 | 32 | 27 | 48 |
| 993 | 28.4 | East Amicalola Creek | Amicalola Creek | Dawson County, lat 34°30', long 84°12', at State Highway 136, 6¾ miles northwest of Dawsonville | 20 | 20 | 21 | 39 | 32 | 27 | 50 |
| 994 | 77.4 | Amicalola Creek | Etowah River | Dawson County, lat 34°29', long 84°12', at State Highway 153, 6¼ miles northwest of Dawsonville | 43 | 43 | 46 | 93 | 74 | 61 | 120 |
| 995 | 84.7 | Amicalola Creek | Etowah River | Dawson County, lat 34°27', long 84°13', at county road, 5½ miles northwest of Dawsonville | 48 | 48 | 51 | 100 | 80 | 68 | 140 |
| 995A | 5.3 | Brewton Creek | Etowah River | Highway 53, 5¼ miles west of Dawsonville | .80 | .86 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 5.1 |
| 996 | 49 | Settlingdown Creek | Etowah River | Forsyth County, lat 34°19', long 84°13', at county road, 9 miles northwest of Cumming | 3.9 | 4.3 | 6.5 | 17 | 9.2 | 6.9 | 38 |
| 997 | 3.15 | Hinton Creek | Long Swamp Creek | Cherokee County, lat 34°18', long 84°16', at county road, 7 miles southeast of Ball Ground | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 4.1 |
| 997A | 21 | Long Swamp Creek | Etowah River | Pickens County, lat 34°29', long 84°25', at State Highway 108, 1 mile north of Jasper | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 11 | 7.3 | 5.7 | 19 |
| 998 | 3.75 | Darriell Creek | Long Swamp Creek | Pickens County, lat 34°28', long 84°24', at county road, 1¼ miles east of Jasper | .56 | .56 | .61 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 3.4 |
| 999 | 54 | Long Swamp Creek | Etowah River | Pickens County, lat 34°26', long 84°22', at State Highway 53, 2 miles northeast of Tate | 14 | 14 | 15 | 41 | 29 | 23 | 61 |
| 1000 | 75.7 | Long Swamp Creek | Etowah River | Pickens County, lat 34°25', long 84°22', at State Highway 53, 1¼ miles east of Tate | 17 | 17 | 18 | 52 | 37 | 28 | 80 |
| 1001 | 16 | Smithwick Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°20', long 84°21', at county road, southeast of Ball Ground | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 7.6 | 4.9 | 3.5 | 13 |
| 1002 | 21.2 | Sharp Mountain Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°18', long 84°21', at county road, 3¼ miles southeast of Ball Ground | 5.7 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 17 | 12 | 9.3 | 25 |
| 1002A | 1.52 | Polecat Creek | Sharp Mountain Creek | Pickens County, lat 34°24', long 84°26', at State Highway 143, 4½ miles south of Jasper | .63 | .66 | .70 | 1.5 | 1.1 | .93 | 2.1 |
| | | | | Pickens County, lat 34°27', long 84°24', at county road, 2 miles southeast of Jasper | | | | | | | |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
MOBILE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | | Minimum Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------|--------|-----|----------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | 12 | |
| 1003 | 64 | Sharp Mountain Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°20', long 84°24', at county road, 1½ miles west of Ball Ground | 12 | 12 | 13 | 40 | 27 | 20 | 62 | |
| 1004 | 73.2 | Sharp Mountain Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°19', long 84°24', at State Highway 3, 2½ miles southwest of Ball Ground | 15 | 15 | 17 | 49 | 34 | 26 | 76 | |
| 1005 | 570 | Etowah River | Cossa River | Cherokee County, lat 34°18', long 84°24', at county road, 3 miles south of Ball Ground | 170 | 180 | 200 | 490 | 360 | 280 | 710 | |
| 1006 | 605 | Etowah River | Cossa River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1895-1003; Etowah River at Canton, Ga. | 178 | 190 | 214 | 482 | 352 | 292 | 755 | |
| 1007 | 22 | Canton Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°14', long 84°30', at State Highway 5 spur, 1½ miles north of Canton | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 6.5 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 16 | |
| 1008 | 21.0 | Shoal Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°14', long 84°29', at State Highway 20, at Canton | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 9.9 | 6.5 | 4.6 | 17 | |
| 1009 | 29.5 | Shoal Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°19', long 84°34', at State Highway 140, ¾ mile west of Wataleska | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 13 | 8.4 | 6.0 | 23 | |
| 1010 | 60.5 | Little River | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°19', long 84°34', at county road, 1¼ miles south of Wataleska | 3.1 | 3.5 | 5.7 | 17 | 8.5 | 6.3 | 42 | |
| 1011 | 14 | Rubens Creek | Little River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1947-; Little River near Roswell, Ga. | 0 | 0 | 0 | .18 | 0 | 0 | 1.8 | |
| 1012 | 137 | Little River | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°06', long 84°30', at county road 1 mile east of Woodstock | 1.2 | 1.8 | 3.6 | 17 | 6.3 | 3.9 | 61 | |
| 1013 | 4.1 | Noonday Creek | Little River | Highway 5, 1½ miles north of Woodstock | .070 | .082 | .15 | .62 | .25 | .16 | 2.0 | |
| 1014 | 43 | Noonday Creek | Little River | Cobb County, lat 34°09', long 84°36', at State Highway 3, 4 miles northwest of Marietta | .82 | .99 | 1.8 | 7.0 | 2.9 | 1.9 | 22 | |
| 1015 | 7.9 | Procter Creek | Etowah River | Cherokee County, lat 34°05', long 84°32', at county road, 1¼ miles southwest of Woodstock | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1016 | 2.19 | Tanyard Creek | Allatoona Creek (Arm of Reservoir) | Cobb County, lat 34°02', long 84°40', at State Highway 3, 3 miles west of Kenneway | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| 1017 | 1,110 | Etowah River | Cossa River | Little River, lat 34°04', long 84°41', at State Highway 92, at Acworth | 222 ^a | 241 ^a | 332 ^a | | | | | |
| | | | | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1938-; Etowah River at Allatoona Dam above Cartersville, Ga. | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------------------|----------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1018 | 40 | Pumpkinvine Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°10', long 84°44', $\frac{3}{4}$ mile downstream from Allatoona Dam and 8 miles east of Cartersville | .18 | .20 | .42 | 4.1 | 3.1 | 1.0 | 17 |
| 1019 | 2.63 | Pettit Creek | Etowah River | Paulding County, lat 33°55', long 84°53', at State Highway 6, 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles west of Dallas | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1020 | 37.8 | Pettit Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°16', long 84°46', at State Highway 61, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles south of White | 6.4 | 6.8 | 7.4 | 17 | 13 | 9.3 | 36 |
| 1021 | 11 | Nancy Creek | Pettit Creek | Bartow County, lat 34°11', long 84°49', at State Highway 3, 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles northwest of Cartersville | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 4.7 | 3.4 | 2.4 | 10 |
| 1022 | 55 | Raccoon Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°11', long 84°50', at county road, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles northwest of Cartersville | 5.1 | 5.5 | 6.1 | 18 | 12 | 8.0 | 44 |
| 1023 | 24 | Euharlee Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°07', long 84°53', at State Highway 113, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Sulesboro | .24 | .26 | .34 | 1.3 | .94 | .36 | 3.7 |
| 1024 | 7.9 | Unnamed Tributary | Alin Creek | Folk County, lat 33°59', long 85°05', at county road, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles southwest of Rockmart | .34 | .37 | .43 | 1.1 | .91 | .45 | 2.5 |
| 1024A | 45 | Euharlee Creek | Etowah River | Folk County, lat 34°00', long 85°03', at county road, 1 mile south of Rockmart | 4.9 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 13 | 10 | 6.0 | 22 |
| 1025 | 5.9 | Unnamed Tributary | Euharlee Creek | Folk County, lat 34°01', long 85°03', at State Highway 101, 1 mile north of Rockmart | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1026 | 15 | Fish Creek | Euharlee Creek | Folk County, lat 34°01', long 85°07', at State Highway 6, 4 miles west of Rockmart | .078 | .087 | .11 | .51 | .36 | .12 | 1.7 |
| 1027 | 88 | Euharlee Creek | Etowah River | Folk County, lat 34°02', long 85°03', at State Highway 101, at Aragon | 21 | 22 | 24 | 42 | 37 | 25 | 65 |
| 1028 | 3.8 | Unnamed Tributary | Euharlee Creek | Folk County, lat 34°05', long 85°27', at State Highway 101, 4 miles northwest of Aragon | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1029 | 5.4 | Hill Creek | Euharlee Creek | Folk County, lat 33°59', long 84°59', at Southern Railway bridge, 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Rockmart | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1030 | 1,630 | Etowah River | Coosa River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1923-1931, 1938-; Etowah River near Kingston, Ga. | 380 ^a | 423 ^a | 580 ^a | | | | |
| 1031 | 32.0 | Two Run Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°12', long 84°59', at county road, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles southwest of Kingston | 7.0 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 17 | 13 | 10 | 33 |
| 1032 | 50.0 | Two Run Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°15', long 84°53', at State Highway 20, 3 miles east of Kingston | 8.5 | 9.0 | 9.8 | 23 | 17 | 12 | 48 |
| 1033 | 17 | Barnsley Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°13', long 84°58', at county road, 2 miles southwest of Kingston | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 7.5 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 16 |
| 1034 | 16 | Dikes Creek | Etowah River | Bartow County, lat 34°15', long 85°01', at State Highway 20, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of Kingston | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 7.8 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 16 |
| 1035 | 1,810 | Etowah River | Coosa River | Floyd County, lat 34°15', long 85°06', at State Highway 20, 5 miles east of Rome | 400 ^a | 473 ^a | 613 ^a | | | | |
| 1036 | 24 | Unnamed Tributary | Silver Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1003-1921, 1938-; Etowah River at Rome, Ga. | 8.2 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 15 | 13 | 9.3 | 21 |
| | | | | Floyd County, lat 34°15', long 85°09', at Southern Railway bridge, at Rome | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Floyd County, lat 34°11', long 85°10', at county road, southeast of Lindale near Rome | | | | | | | |

^aFlow regulated by reservoir above station.

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
MOBILE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow, 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------|-----------------------|--------|--|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | | |
| 1037 | 4,040 | Coosa River | Alabama River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1897-1908; 1928-1931; 1937-; Coosa River near Rome, Ga. | 1,010 ^e | 1,644 ^a | 1,855 ^a | | | | | |
| 1038 | 8.3 | Beach Creek | Coosa River | Floyd County, lat 34°12', long 85°19', at Mayo Bar Lock and Dam, 6 miles southwest of Rome | .16 | .17 | .21 | .71 | .53 | .22 | | 1.8 |
| 1039 | 9.8 | Cedar Creek | Big Cedar Creek | Floyd County, lat 34°16', long 85°16', at State Highway 20, 5 1/4 miles west of Rome | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 2.1 | | 6.2 |
| 1040 | 7.8 | Lime Branch | Cedar Creek | Polk County, lat 33°57', long 85°13', at county road, 4 1/4 miles south of Cedartown | .44 | .46 | .54 | 1.4 | 1.1 | .56 | | 2.8 |
| 1041 | 5.8 | Unnamed Tributary | Lime Branch | Polk County, lat 33°56', long 85°18', at county road, 6 miles southwest of Cedartown | .29 | .31 | .37 | .96 | .77 | .38 | | 2.0 |
| 1042 | 16 | Pumpkin File Creek | Lime Branch | Polk County, lat 33°58', long 85°19', at county way 100.5 1/2 miles south of Cedartown | 0 | 0 | 0 | .077 | 0 | 0 | | .42 |
| 1043 | 42 | Lime Branch | Cedar Creek | Polk County, lat 33°58', long 85°16', at county road, 5 miles southwest of Cedartown | 5.5 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 13 | 11 | 6.7 | | 23 |
| 1044 | 73 | Cedar Creek | Big Cedar Creek | Polk County, lat 34°01', long 85°16', at county road, 2 1/4 miles south of Cedartown | 15 | 15 | 17 | 31 | 27 | 18 | | 50 |
| 1045 | 109 | Cedar Creek | Big Cedar Creek | Polk County, lat 34°01', long 85°16', at State Highway 6, at Cedartown | 26 | 27 | 30 | 52 | 46 | 30 | | 80 |
| 1046 | 161 | Cedar Creek | Big Cedar Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1942-; Cedar Creek near Cedartown, Ga. | | | | | | | | |
| 1047 | 18 | Little Cedar Creek | Big Cedar Creek | Polk County, lat 34°04', long 85°19', near State Highway 161, 1 1/2 miles northwest of Cedartown | 56 | 58 | 64 | 100 | 90 | 64 | | 140 |
| 1048 | 5.5 | Unnamed Tributary | Little Cedar Creek | Floyd County, lat 34°08', long 85°18', at State Highway 58, 2 1/2 miles northeast of Cave Springs | 12 | 12 | 13 | 18 | 16 | 13 | | 22 |
| 1049 | 25 | Little Cedar Creek | Big Cedar Creek | Floyd County, lat 34°06', long 85°20', at county road, at Cave Springs | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 7.8 | 7.4 | 6.6 | | 8.8 |
| 1050 | 28 | Little Cedar Creek | Big Cedar Creek | Floyd County, lat 34°06', long 85°20', at foot bridge 75 ft above mouth, at Cave Springs | 23 | 24 | 24 | 30 | 29 | 24 | | 36 |
| 1051 | 14.0 | Town Creek | Chattooga River | Floyd County, lat 34°08', long 85°20', at county road, 1 1/4 miles north of Cave Springs | 23 | 23 | 24 | 31 | 29 | 24 | | 38 |
| 1052 | 20.3 | Duck Creek | Chattooga River | Walker County, lat 34°42', long 85°16', at State Highway 163, at La Fayette | .74 | .81 | .88 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | | 5.6 |
| | | | | Walker County, lat 34°40', long 85°20', at county road, 1 1/2 miles southwest of La Fayette | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.9 | | 9.1 |

TABLE 1.—SUMMARY OF MINIMUM FLOWS DURING THE DROUGHT OF 1954—CONTINUED
MOBILE RIVER BASIN

| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
|---------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 1074 | 4.6 | Buffalo Creek | Little Tallapoosa River | Carroll County, lat 33°34', long 85°04', at county road, 1½ miles southeast of Carrollton | .092 | .11 | .18 | .82 | .61 | .28 | 1.8 |
| 1075 | 13 | Indian Creek | Little Tallapoosa River | Carroll County, lat 33°29', long 85°10', at county road, 2½ miles northwest of Rossville | .23 | .27 | .45 | 2.2 | 1.6 | .70 | 4.9 |
| 1076 | 210 | Little Tallapoosa River | Tallapoosa River | Carroll County, lat 33°31', long 85°14', at county road, 2½ miles southeast of Howden | 3.4 | 4.0 | 6.5 | 33 | 24 | 10 | 75 |
| 1077 | 6.0 | Little Turkey Creek | Turkey Creek | Carroll County, lat 33°38', long 85°11', at county road, 0.8 mile northwest of Mt. Zion | 0 | 0 | 0 | .19 | .12 | 0 | .73 |
| 1078 | 41 | Turkey Creek | Indian Creek | Carroll County, lat 33°24', long 85°15', at State Highway 100, 2 miles north of Howden | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

| TENNESSEE RIVER BASIN | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| Map No. | Drainage Area (sq. mi.) | Stream | Tributary to | LOCATION | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow 1954-55 (cfs) |
| | | | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 1078A | 16.5 | Betty Creek | Little Tennessee River | Rabun County, lat 34°58', long 85°23', at State Highway 15, at Dillard | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 15 | 9.3 | 5.8 | 22 |
| 1078B | 26.7 | Hiawasse River | Tennessee River | Town County, lat 34°52', long 83°49', at State Highway 76, 3 miles south of Presley | 13 | 13 | 14 | 50 | 32 | 22 | 54 |
| 1079 | 45.5 | Hiawasse River | Tennessee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1941-; Hiawasse River at Presley, Ga. | 23 | 23 | 25 | 87 | 55 | 38 | 93 |
| 1079A | 32.4 | Hightower Creek | Hiawasse River | Town County, lat 34°34', long 83°43', 1 mile downstream from Cynth Creek, ½ mile south of Presley | 16 | 16 | 17 | 61 | 38 | 27 | 65 |
| 1079B | 7.99 | Bell Creek | Hiawasse River | Town County, lat 34°58', long 83°44', at county road, 2¼ miles northeast of Hiawasse | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 12 | 6.5 | 4.0 | 13 |
| 1079C | 20.3 | Brasstown Creek | Hiawasse River | Town County, lat 34°57', long 83°51', at county road, 5½ miles west of Hiawasse | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 26 | 14 | 7.9 | 29 |
| 1080 | 74.8 | Nottley River | Hiawasse River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1942-; Nottley River near Blairsville, Ga. | 30 | 30 | 32 | 97 | 60 | 43 | 131 |
| | | | | Union County, lat 34°50', long 83°56', at county road, 2¼ miles southeast of Blairsville | | | | | | | |

EFFECT OF A SEVERE DROUGHT (1954) ON STREAMFLOW IN GEORGIA 97

| | 215 | Nottely River | Hiwassee River | | 2 ^a | 3 ^a | 3 ^b | 218 | 5.6 | 3.9 | 13 |
|-------|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------|-----------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 1081 | | | | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1942-, Nottely River at Nottely Dam, near Ivylog, Ga., Union County, lat 34°58', long 84°06', at county road, 1.8 miles west of Ivylog | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 9.3 | 5.6 | 3.9 | 13 |
| 1081A | 7.42 | Dooley Creek | Nottely River | Union County, lat 34°38', long 84°06', at county road, 2 1/2 miles west of Ivylog | 109 | 110 | 119 | 284 | 218 | 168 | 345 |
| 1082 | 177 | Toccoa River | Ocoee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1913-, Toccoa River near Dial, Ga. | 7.9 ^a | 12 ^a | 165 ^a | | | | |
| 1083 | 233 | Toccoa River | Ocoee River | Fannin County, lat 34°47', long 84°14', near county road, 2 1/2 miles northwest of Dial | 37 | 38 | 46 | 110 | 76 | 57 | 141 |
| 1084 | 70.9 | Fightingtown Creek | Ocoee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1908-1908, 1913-, Toccoa River near Blue Ridge, Ga. | .90 | .97 | 1.7 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 1.4 | 30 |
| 1085 | 37.3 | West Chickamauga Creek | South Chickamauga Creek | Fannin County, lat 34°33', long 84°17', at State Highway 2, 2 1/2 miles northeast of Blue Ridge | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 16 |
| 1085A | 52.9 | West Chickamauga Creek | South Chickamauga Creek | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1942-, Fightingtown Creek at McCalysville, Ga. | 3.2 | 3.4 | 5.4 | 12 | 7.4 | 4.4 | 66 |
| 1086 | 73.0 | West Chickamauga Creek | South Chickamauga Creek | Fannin County, lat 34°39', long 84°23', near county road at McCalysville | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1087 | 1.78 | Tiger Creek | South Chickamauga Creek | Walker County, lat 34°44', long 85°24', at county road, 6 1/2 miles west of LaFayette | 7.8 | 8.2 | 11 | 19 | 14 | 9.8 | 54 |
| 1088 | 43.2 | Tiger Creek | South Chickamauga Creek | Walker County, lat 34°46', long 85°21', at county road, 1 1/4 miles south of Kennington | 64 | 71 | 83 | 125 | 96 | 86 | 365 |
| 1089 | 428 | South Chickamauga Creek | Tennessee River | Walker County, lat 34°48', long 85°21', at State Highway, 2 1/4 miles northeast of Kennington | | | | | | | |
| 1090 | 15.9 | Chatanooga Creek | Tennessee River | Whitfield County, lat 34°39', long 84°58', at county road, 1 1/4 miles north of Dalton and 0.7 mile south of Ga.-Tenn. line | | | | | | | |
| 1091 | 24.7 | Rock Creek | Chatanooga River | Walker County, lat 34°57', long 85°21', at State Highway 3, 2 miles southeast of Ringgold | .70 | .73 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 1.6 | .98 | 15 |
| 1092 | 50.6 | Chatanooga Creek | Tennessee River | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1928-, South Chickamauga Creek near Chickamauga, Tennessee | .59 | .64 | 1.1 | 2.8 | 1.6 | .86 | 20 |
| | | | | Hamilton County, lat 35°00', long 85°12', 1/2 mile upstream from U. S. Highway 11, 1 1/2 miles south of Chickamauga, Tenn. | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 6.2 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 42 |
| | | | | Walker County, lat 34°55', long 85°21', at State Highway 198, 1 3/4 miles south of Flintstone | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Walker County, lat 34°57', long 85°21', at county road, 1 mile north of Flintstone | | | | | | | |
| | | | | USGS Complete-Record Gaging Station 1950-, Chatanooga Creek near Flintstone, Ga. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | Walker County, lat 34°38', long 85°20', near county road, 2.3 miles northeast of Flintstone | | | | | | | |

^aFlow regulated by reservoir above station.

ERRATA

TABLE 1. Wherever a zero appears in the column headed "Minimum 12-Month Flow", all data for that site were intended to be omitted, and should be disregarded except for the zero in the column headed "1-Day". The zeros in the column headed "1-Day" represent factual information and are believed to be correct in all cases.

For example: Data for site 1078, page 96, should read as follows:

| Map No. | Drainage Area | Stream | Min. Average Flow (cfs) | | | Min. Daily Flow (cfs) | | | Minimum 12-Month Flow |
|---------|---------------|--------------|-------------------------|-------|---------|-----------------------|------|--------|-----------------------|
| | | | 1-Day | 7-Day | Monthly | June | July | August | |
| 1078 | 41 | Turkey Creek | 0 | | | | | | |