# **GROUNDWATER MONITORING PLAN**

# PLANT MCINTOSH – ASH POND 1 (AP-1) EFFINGHAM COUNTY, GEORGIA

**FOR** 



November 2019





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### **CERTIFICATION**

I hereby certify that this Groundwater Monitoring Plan was prepared by, or under the direct supervision of, a Qualified Groundwater Scientist, in accordance with the Georgia Environmental Protection Division (EPD) Rules of Solid Waste Management, Chapter 391-3-4.10(6). According to 391-3-4-.01(57), a Qualified Groundwater Scientist is "a professional engineer or geologist registered to practice in Georgia who has received a baccalaureate or post-graduate degree in the natural sciences or engineering and has sufficient training and experience in groundwater hydrology and related fields that enable individuals to make sound professional judgments regarding groundwater monitoring, contaminant fate and transport, and corrective action." The design of the groundwater monitoring system was developed in compliance with the EPD Rules of Solid Waste Management, Chapter 391-3-4.10(6).

Signature:

Date: 11.1.19



Groundwater monitoring is required by the Georgia Environmental Protection Division (EPD) to detect and quantify potential changes in groundwater chemistry. This Groundwater Monitoring Plan (plan) describes the groundwater monitoring program for Ash Pond 1 (AP-1 or Site) at Georgia Power Company's (GPC's) Plant McIntosh. This plan meets the requirements of EPD rules and uses EPD's Manual for Ground Water Monitoring dated September 1991 as a guide. Groundwater sampling locations are presented in Appendix A, Figure A-1.

Monitoring will occur in accordance with 391-3-4-.10 of the Georgia Solid Waste Management Rules. If the monitoring requirements specified in this plan conflict with EPD rules (391-3-4), the EPD rules will take precedent.

In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Coal Combustion Rule (§257.90), which is incorporated in the Georgia State CCR Rule by reference, a detection monitoring well network for AP-1 has been installed and certified by a qualified professional engineer. This certification has been placed in the Site's operating record, per EPA Rule requirements and is included in Part B of the permit application. The monitoring wells were installed following the guidelines presented herein. Additionally, this plan documents the methods for future monitoring well installation and/or replacement, and procedures for well abandonment. As required by 391-3-4.10(6)(g), a minor modification will be submitted to the EPD prior to the installation or unscheduled abandonment of monitoring wells. Well installation and/or abandonment must be directed by a qualified groundwater scientist.

### 2. GEOLOGIC AND HYDROGEOLOGIC CONDITIONS

Plant McIntosh is in southeast Effingham County, Georgia, on the west bank of the Savannah River at Big Kiffer Point (Appendix A, Figure A-1, Compliance Monitoring Network Map). The plant is located within the Coastal Plain Province of Georgia. Coastal Plain sediments are composed of stratified clay, silt, sand, and limestone, resting on much older igneous and metamorphic basement rocks (Cooke, 1943). These older, crystalline rocks dip to the south and east causing the overlying sediments to form a wedge-shaped deposit, which is thickest to the east and the south. The Coastal Plain deposits crop out at the land surface in bands, from the oldest to the most recent, from the Fall Line to the coast. Pleistocene-aged deposits are at the surface in this region. Recharge to the major aquifers in the area is to the northeast of Plant McIntosh, where these formations outcrop (Cooke, 1943).

The uppermost aquifer at Plant McIntosh is the surficial aquifer, characterized by silty to sandy clays, clayey silts, silty sands, and fine to medium grained sands. Boring logs (Appendix A) describe soils at AP-1 as interbedded clays, silts, and sands typical of Coastal Plain sediments. Groundwater at AP-1 flows from the southwest to the northeast across the Site (Appendix A, Figure A-2, Potentiometric Surface Map – July 2018). Based on slug test data collected in a subset of AP-1 wells in March 2016, hydraulic conductivity measurements were calculated. Hydraulic conductivity values ranged from 0.14 to 2.84 feet/day (ft/day), and the average hydraulic conductivity was 0.962 ft/day.

### 3. SELECTION OF WELL LOCATIONS

Groundwater monitoring wells are installed to monitor the uppermost occurrence of groundwater beneath the Site. Locations are selected based on pond layouts and Site geologic and hydrogeologic considerations. GPC follows the recommendation as stated in Chapter 2 of the Manual for Groundwater Monitoring (EPD, 1991) to determine well spacing based on site-specific conditions. A more detailed discussion of the hydrogeological investigations conducted in support of monitoring well placement is provided in Part B of the permit application (Hydrogeologic Assessment Report (GEI, 2018)).

Locations are chosen to serve as upgradient (MGWA) or downgradient (MGWC) based on groundwater flow direction determined by potentiometric evaluation. The well naming nomenclature is based on EPD's Industrial Waste Disposal Site Design and Operations Plan – Supplemental Data for Solid Waste Handling Permit (EPD, undated). Four wells (MGWA-5, MGWA-6, MGWA-10, and MGWA-11) are designated for monitoring upgradient Site conditions and six wells (MGWC-1, MGWC-2, MGWC-3, MGWC-7, MGWC-8, and MGWC-12) are designated for monitoring groundwater quality downgradient of AP-1. The downgradient monitoring wells are positioned to provide adequate coverage to detect potential impacts from AP-1.

Monitoring wells will generally be located outside of areas with frequent auto traffic; however, wells may be installed in heavily trafficked areas when necessary to meet the groundwater monitoring objectives of the EPD rules.

A map depicting monitoring well locations is included in Appendix A Compliance Monitoring Network Map Monitoring System Details. Appendix A Table A-1 includes a tabulated list of individual monitoring wells with well construction details such as location coordinates, top-of-casing elevation, well depths and screened intervals. Any change to the groundwater monitoring network will be made by a minor modification to the permit pursuant to Georgia Rules of Solid Waste Management, Chapter 391-3-4-.02(4)(b)7.

# 4. MONITORING WELL DRILLING, CONSTRUCTION, ABANDONMENT, AND REPORTING

### 4.1 DRILLING

A variety of well drilling methods are available for the purpose of installing groundwater wells. Drilling methodology may include, but not be limited to: hollow stem augers, direct push, air rotary, mud rotary, or rotosonic techniques. The drilling method shall minimize the disturbance of subsurface materials and shall not cause impact to the groundwater. Borings will be advanced using an appropriate drilling technology capable of drilling and installing a well in site-specific geology. Drilling equipment shall be decontaminated before use and between borehole locations using the procedures described in the most current version of the EPA Region 4 Science and Ecosystem Support Division (SESD) *Operating Procedure for Field Equipment Cleaning and Decontamination* (EPA, SESDGUID-205-R3, 2015) as a general guide for best practices.

Sampling and/or coring may be used to help determine the stratigraphy and geology. Samples will be logged by a qualified groundwater scientist. Screen depths will be chosen based on the desired groundwater sampling interval.

All drilling for any subsurface hydrologic investigation or installation or abandonment of groundwater monitoring wells will be performed by a driller that has, at the time of installation, a performance bond on file with the Water Well Standards Advisory Council. Monitoring wells shall be installed using the most current version of the EPA Region 4 SESD Guidance Document - Design and Installation of Monitoring Wells (EPA, SESDGUID-101-R1, 2013) as a general guide for best practices.

As required by 391-3-4.10(6)(g), a minor modification will be submitted to the EPD prior to the installation or decommissioning of monitoring wells. Well installation must be directed by a qualified groundwater scientist.

### 4.2 DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

Well construction materials will be sufficiently durable to resist chemical and physical degradation and will not interfere with the quality of groundwater samples.

### 4.2.1 Well Casings and Screens

American Society for Testing and Materials International (ASTM), National Science Foundation (NSF) rated, Schedule 40, 2-inch polyvinyl chloride (PVC) pipe with flush threaded connections will be used for the well riser and screens. Compounds that can cause PVC to deteriorate (e.g., organic compounds) are not expected at this Site.

### 4.2.2 Well Intake Design

The design and construction of the intake of the groundwater wells shall: (1) allow sufficient groundwater flow to the well for sampling; (2) minimize the passage of formation materials (turbidity) into the well; and (3) ensure sufficient structural integrity to prevent the collapse of the intake structure.

Each groundwater monitoring well will include a well screen designed to limit the amount of formation material passing into the well when it is purged and sampled. Screens with 0.010-inch slots have proven effective for the earth materials at the Site and will be used unless geologic conditions discovered at the time of installation dictate a different size. Screen length shall not exceed 10 feet without justification as to why a longer screen is necessary (e.g., significant variation in groundwater level). If the above steps prove ineffective for developing a well with sufficient yield or acceptable turbidity, further steps will be taken to assure that the well screen is appropriately sized for the formation material. This may include performing sieve analysis of the formation material and determining well screen slot size based on the grain size distribution.

Pre-packed dual-wall well screens may be used for well construction. Pre-packed dual-wall well screens combine a centralized inner well screen, a developed filter sand pack, and an outer conductor screen in one integrated unit composed of inert materials. If utilized, pre-packed dual-wall well screens will be installed following general industry standards and using the current version of the EPA Region 4 SESD Guidance Document - *Operating Procedure for Design and Installation of Monitoring Wells* (EPA, SESDGUID-205-R1, 2013) as a general guide for best practices.

### 4.2.3 Filter Pack and Annular Seal

The materials used to construct the filter pack will be clean quartz sand of a size that is appropriate for the screened formation. Fabric filters will not be used as filter pack material. Sufficient filter material will be placed in the hole and measurements taken to ensure that no bridging occurs. Upon placement of the filter pack, the well may be pumped to assure settlement of the pack. If pumping is performed, the top of filter pack depth will be measured, and additional sand added if necessary. The filter pack will extend approximately one to two feet above the top of the well screen.

The materials used to seal the annular space must prevent hydraulic communication between strata and prevent migration from overlying areas into the well screen interval. A minimum of two feet of bentonite (chips, pellets, or slurry) will be placed immediately above the filter pack. The bentonite seal will extend up to the base of any overlying confining zone or the top of the water-bearing zone to prevent cementitious grout from entering the water-bearing or screened zone. If dry bentonite is used, the bentonite must be hydrated with potable water prior to grouting the remaining annulus.

The annulus above the bentonite seal will be grouted with a cement and bentonite mixture (approximately 94 pounds cement / 3 to 5 pounds bentonite / 6.5 gallons of potable water) placed via tremie pipe from the top of the bentonite seal. During grouting, care will be taken to assure that the bentonite seal is not disturbed by locating the base of the tremie pipe approximately 2 feet above the bentonite seal and injecting grout at low pressure/velocity.

### 4.2.4 Protective Casing and Well Completion

After allowing the grout to settle, the well will be finished by installing a flush-mount or above-ground protective casing as appropriate, and building a surface cap. The use of flush-mount wells will generally be limited to paved surfaces unless Site operations warrant otherwise. The surface cap will extend from the top of the cementitious grout to ground surface, where it will become a concrete apron extending outward with a radius of at least 2 feet from the edge of the well casing and sloped to drain water away from the well.

Each well will be fitted with a cap that contains a hole or opening to allow the pressure in the well to equalize with atmospheric pressure. In wells with above-ground protection, the space between the well casing and the protective casing will be filled with coarse sand or pea-gravel to within approximately 6 inches of the top of the well casing. A small weep hole will be drilled at the base of the metal casing for the drainage of moisture from the casing. Above ground protective covers will be locked.

Protective bollards will be installed around each above-grade groundwater monitoring well. Well construction in high traffic areas will generally be limited unless Site conditions warrant otherwise. The groundwater monitoring well detail attached in Appendix B, Groundwater Monitoring Well Detail, illustrates the general design and construction details for a monitoring well.

### 4.2.5 Well Development

After well construction is completed, wells will be developed by alternately purging and surging until relatively clear discharge water with little turbidity is observed. The goal will be to achieve a turbidity of less than 5 nephelometric turbidity units (NTUs); however, formation-specific conditions may not allow this target to be accomplished. Additionally, the stabilization criteria contained in Appendix C should be met. A variety of techniques may be used to develop Site groundwater monitoring wells. The method used must create reversals or surges in flow to eliminate bridging by particles around the well screen. These reversals or surges can be created by using surge blocks, bailers, or pumps. The wells will be developed using a pump capable of inducing the stress necessary to achieve the development goals. All development equipment will be decontaminated prior to first use and between wells.

In low yielding wells, potable water may be added to the well to facilitate surging of the well screen interval and removal of fine-grained sediment. If water is added, the volume will be documented and at minimum, an equal volume purged from the well.

Many geologic formations contain clay and silt particles that are small enough to work their way through the wells' filter packs over time. Therefore, the turbidity of the groundwater from the monitoring wells may gradually increase over time after initial well development. As a result, the monitoring wells may have to be redeveloped periodically to remove the silt and clay that has worked its way into the filter pack of the monitoring wells. Each monitoring well should be redeveloped when sample turbidity values have significantly increased since initial development or since prior redevelopment. The redevelopment should be performed as described above.

### 4.3 ABANDONMENT

Monitoring wells will be abandoned using industry-accepted practices, the most current version of the Region 4 EPA SESD Guidance Document – Operating Procedure for Design and Installation of Monitoring Wells (EPA, SESDGUID-205-R1, 2013) and using the Manual for Groundwater Monitoring (EPD, 1991) and Georgia's Well Water Standards Act of 1985 (EPD, 1985) as guides. The wells will be abandoned under the direction of a qualified groundwater scientist. Neat Portland cement or bentonite will be used as appropriate to complete abandonment and seal the well borehole. Piezometers or groundwater wells located within footprint of Ash Pond 1 will be over-drilled prior to abandonment.

### 4.4 DOCUMENTATION

The following information documenting the construction and development of each well will be submitted to EPD by a qualified groundwater scientist after completing all planned well installations. Planned well installations logs shall include:

- Name of drilling contractor and type of drill rig
- Documentation that the driller, at the time the monitoring wells were installed, had a bond on file with the Water Well Advisory Council
- Dates of drilling and initial well emplacement
- Well Identification
- Well development date
- Well turbidity following development Drilling method and drilling fluid if used
- Well location (±0.5 ft)
- Borehole diameter and well casing diameter
- Well depth (±0.1 ft)
- Lithologic logs
- Well casing materials
- Screen materials and design (i.e., interval in feet below ground surface and elevation)
- Screen length
- Screen slot size
- Type of protective well cap and sump dimensions for each well.
- Screened Interval in feet below ground surface and elevation Filter pack material/size and volume (placement narrative)
- · Sealant materials and volume
- Documentation of ground surface elevation (±0.01 ft)
- Documentation of top of casing elevation (±0.01 ft)
- Schematic of the well with dimensions
- Seal emplacement method and type/volume of sealant
- Surface seal and volumes/mix of annular seal material
- Narrative of well development method- specific well development procedure

A Georgia-registered professional surveyor shall certify that the horizontal accuracy for the installed monitoring wells is 0.5 feet, and vertical accuracy for elevations to 0.01 feet using a known datum. Within 60 days of the construction, development or abandonment of each groundwater monitoring well, a well installation/abandonment report will be submitted to the EPD by a qualified groundwater scientist or engineer.

### 5. GROUNDWATER MONITORING PARAMETERS AND FREQUENCY

The following describes groundwater sampling requirements with respect to parameters for analysis, sampling frequency, sample preservation and shipment, and analytical methods. Groundwater samples used to provide compliance monitoring data will not be filtered prior to collection.

Table 1, Groundwater Monitoring Parameters and Frequency, presents the groundwater monitoring parameters and sampling frequency. Eight independent samples from each groundwater well were collected and analyzed for 40 CFR 257, Subpart D, Appendix III, and Appendix IV test parameters to establish a background statistical dataset. Subsequently, in accordance with 391-3-4-.10(6), the monitoring frequency for the Appendix III parameters will be at least semiannual during closure activities and the post-CCR removal monitoring period. Assessment monitoring will be performed per Georgia Chapter 391-3-4-.10, Rules for Solid Waste Management. When referenced throughout this plan, Appendix III and Appendix IV parameters refer to the parameters contained in Appendix III and Appendix IV of 40 CFR 257, Subpart D, 80 Fed. Reg. 21468 (EPD, 2015).

As shown on Table 2, Analytical Methods, the groundwater samples will be analyzed using methods specified in EPA Manual SW-846, EPA 600/4-79-020, Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater (SM18-20), EPA Methods for the Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes (MCAWW), ASTM, or other suitable analytical methods approved by the Georgia EPD. The method used will be able to reach a practical quantification limit to detect natural background conditions at the Site. The groundwater samples will be analyzed by licensed and accredited laboratories through the National Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (NELAP). Field instruments used to measure pH must be accurate and reproducible to within 0.2 Standard Units (S.U.).

Groundwater monitoring program well inspections performed by a professional engineer or professional geologist shall be completed at least once every five years and documented in accordance with the Georgia Water Well Standards Act (O.C.G.A. § 12-5-120).

TABLE 1
GROUNDWATER MONITORING PARAMETERS & FREQUENCY

		GROUNI	DWATER MONITORING
MONITO	DRING PARAMETER	Background	Semiannual Events
	Temperature	Х	X
	рН	х	X
Field	ORP	х	X
Parameters	Turbidity	х	X
	Specific Conductance	Х	X
	Dissolved Oxygen	Х	X
	Boron	х	Х
	Calcium	х	Х
	Chloride	х	Х
Appendix III (Detection)	Fluoride	х	Х
(Detection)	рН	х	X
	Sulfate	Х	Х
	Total Dissolved Solids	х	X
	Antimony	Х	
	Arsenic	Х	
	Barium	Х	
	Beryllium	Х	
	Cadmium	Х	
	Chromium	Х	
	Cobalt	Х	Assessment sampling
Appendix IV (Assessment)	Fluoride	Х	frequency and parameter list determined in accordance with
(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Lead	Х	Georgia Chapter 391-3-4.10(6).
	Lithium	Х	
	Mercury	Х	
	Molybdenum	Х	
	Selenium	Х	
	Thallium	Х	
	Radium 226 & 228	Х	

# TABLE 2 ANALYTICAL METHODS

Parameters	EPA Method Number
Boron	6010B/6020B
Calcium	6010B/6020B
Chloride	300.0/300.1/9250/9251/9253/9056A
Fluoride	300.0/300.1/9214/9056A
рН	150.1 field
Sulfate	9035/9036/9038/300.0/300.1/9056A
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS)	160/2540C
Antimony	EPA 7040/7041/6010B/6020B
Arsenic	EPA 7060A/7061A/6010B/6020B
Barium	EPA 7080A/7081/6010B/6020B
Beryllium	EPA 7090/7091/6010B/6020B
Cadmium	EPA 7130/7131A/6020B
Chromium	EPA 7190/7191/6010B/6020B
Cobalt	EPA 7200/7201/6010B/6020B
Fluoride	300.0/300.1/9214/9056A
Lead	EPA 7420/7421/6010B/6020B
Lithium	6010/6020B
Mercury	7470
Molybdenum	6010/6020B
Selenium	EPA 7740/7741A/6010B/6020B
Thallium	EPA 7840/7841/6010/6020B
Radium 226 and 228 combined	EPA 903/9315/9320

### 6. SAMPLE COLLECTION

During each sampling event, samples will be collected and handled in accordance with the procedures specified in Appendix C, Groundwater Sampling Procedures. Sampling procedures were developed using standard industry practice and EPA Region 4 SESD Operating Procedure- Groundwater Sampling (EPA, SESDPROC-301-R#). Low-flow sampling methodology will be utilized for sample collection. Alternative industry accepted sampling techniques may be used when appropriate with prior EPD approval.

For groundwater sampling, positive gas displacement Teflon<sup>TM</sup> or stainless-steel bladder pumps will be used for purging. If dedicated bladder pumps are not used, portable bladder pumps or peristaltic pumps (with dedicated or disposable tubing) may be used. All non-dedicated equipment will be decontaminated between wells in general accordance with USEPA SESDPROC-2015-R3. Per Georgia Rule 391-3-4-.10(6)(g): Monitoring wells require replacement after two dry consecutive sampling events. Well installation must be directed by a qualified groundwater scientist.

### 7. CHAIN-OF-CUSTODY

All samples will be handled under chain-of-custody (COC) procedures beginning in the field. The COC record will contain the following information:

- Sample identification numbers
- Signature of collector
- Date and time of collection
- Sample type
- Sample point identification
- Number of sample containers
- Signature of person(s) involved in the chain of possession
- Dates and times of possession by each individual

The samples will remain in the custody of assigned personnel, an assigned agent, or the laboratory. If the samples are transferred to other employees for delivery or transport, the sampler or possessor must relinquish possession and the samples must be received by the new owner. If the samples are being shipped, a hard copy COC will be signed and enclosed within the shipping container. Samplers must use COC forms provided by the analytical laboratory or use a COC form similarly formatted and containing the information listed above.

# 8. FIELD AND LABORATORY QUALITY ASSURANCE / QUALITY CONTROL

All field quality control samples will be prepared the same as compliance samples regarding sample volume, containers, and preservation. The following quality control samples will be collected during each sampling event:

**Field Equipment Rinsate Blanks** - Where sampling equipment is not new or dedicated, an equipment rinsate blank will be collected at a rate of one blank per 10 samples using non-dedicated equipment.

**Field Duplicates** - Field duplicates will be collected by filling additional containers at the same location, and the field duplicate is assigned a unique sample identification number. One blind field duplicate will be collected for every 20 samples.

**Field Blanks** - Field blanks will be collected in the field using the same water source that is used for decontamination. The water will be poured directly into the supplied sample containers in the field and submitted to the laboratory for analysis of target constituents. One field blank will be collected for every 20 samples.

The groundwater samples will be analyzed by licensed and accredited laboratories through NELAP.

**Instrument Calibration Program -** Calibration of field instruments will occur daily and follows the required (specific) instrument calibration requirements. Daily calibration will be documented on field forms and these field forms will be included in all groundwater monitoring reports.

**Quality Control Sampling** - Calibration of field instruments occurs daily and follows the required (specific) instrument calibration requirements.

### 9. REPORTING RESULTS

A semiannual groundwater report that documents the results of sampling and analysis will be submitted to EPD. At a minimum, semiannual reports will include:

- 1. A narrative describing sampling activities and findings including a summary of the number of samples collected, the dates the samples were collected and whether the samples were required by the detection or assessment monitoring programs.
- 2. A brief overview of purging/sampling methodologies, and a narrative of purging/sampling methodologies, which includes type of sampling equipment used.
- 3. Discussion of results.
- 4. Recommendations for the future monitoring consistent with the Rules.
- 5. Potentiometric surface contour map for the aquifer(s) being monitored, signed and sealed by a Georgia-registered P.G. or P.E.
- 6. Table of as-built information for groundwater monitoring wells including top of casing elevations, ground elevations, screened elevations, current groundwater elevations, and depth to water measurements.
- 7. Groundwater flow rate and direction calculations.
- 8. Identification of any groundwater wells that were installed or decommissioned during the preceding year, along with a narrative description of why these actions were taken.
- 9. A narrative discussion of any transition between monitoring programs (e.g., the date and circumstances for transitioning from detection monitoring to assessment monitoring in addition to identifying the constituent(s) detected at a statistically significant increase over background levels.
- 10. If applicable, semiannual assessment monitoring results.
- 11. Any alternate source demonstration completed during the previous monitoring period, if applicable.
- 12. Laboratory reports.
- 13. COC documentation.
- 14. Field sampling logs including field instrument calibration, indicator parameters, and parameter stabilization data.
- 15. Documentation of non-functioning wells.

- 16. Table of current analytical results for each well, highlighting statistically significant increases, and concentrations above maximum contaminant level (MCL).
- 17. Statistical analyses.
- 18. Certification by a qualified groundwater scientist.

### 10. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS

Groundwater quality data from each sampling event will be statistically evaluated to determine if there has been a statistically significant change in groundwater chemistry. Historical background data will be used to determine statistical limits. Statistical analysis techniques are consistent with the Unified Guidance (EPA, 2009).

According to EPD rules (391-3-4-.10(6)(a)), the Site must specify in the operating record the statistical methods to be used in evaluating groundwater monitoring data for each hazardous constituent. The statistical test chosen shall be conducted separately for each hazardous constituent in each well. As authorized by the rule, statistical tests that will be used include:

- 1. A prediction interval procedure in which an interval for each constituent is established from the distribution of the background data, and the level of each constituent in each compliance well is compared to the upper prediction limit. (§257.93(f)(3)).
- 2. A control chart approach that gives control limits for each constituent. ((§257.93(f)(4)).
- 3. Another statistical test method (such as prediction limits or control charts) that meets the performance standards of §257.93(g) ((§257.93(f)(5)). A justification for an alternative method will be placed in the operating record and the Director notified of the use of an alternative test. The justification will demonstrate that the alternative method meets the performance standards of §257.93(g).

An interwell statistical method will be used to compare Appendix III groundwater monitoring data to background conditions. Confidence intervals will be constructed for each downgradient well and used to compare Appendix IV groundwater monitoring data to groundwater protection standards.

A site-specific statistical analysis plan that provides details regarding the statistical methods to be used will be placed in the Site's operating record pursuant to 391-3-4-.10(6). Figure 1, Statistical Analysis Plan Overview, includes a flowchart that depicts the process that will be followed to develop the site-specific plan. Figure 2, Decision Logic for Computing Prediction Limits, presents the logic that will be used to calculate site-specific statistical limits and test compliance results against those limits.

# FIGURE 1. STATISTICAL ANALYSIS PLAN OVERVIEW

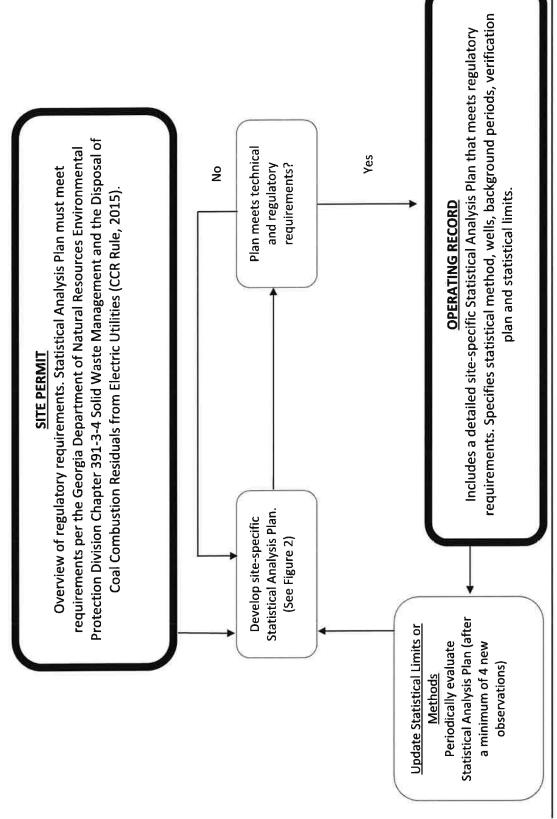
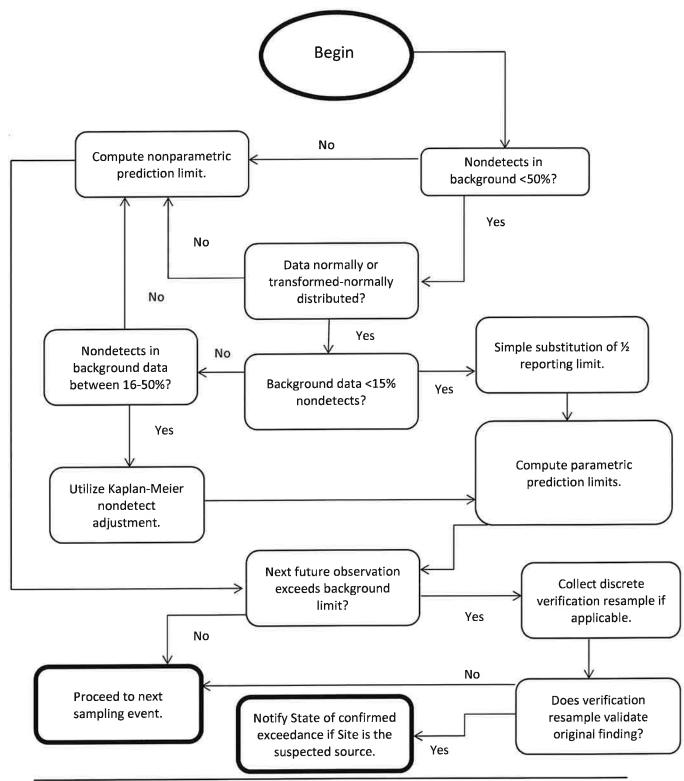


FIGURE 2. DECISION LOGIC FOR COMPUTING PREDICTION LIMITS



### 11. REFERENCES

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### **APPENDICES**

- A. MONITORING SYSTEM DETAILS
- B. GROUNDWATER MONITORING WELL DETAIL
- C. GROUNDWATER SAMPLING PROCEDURE

# Appendix A – Monitoring System Details

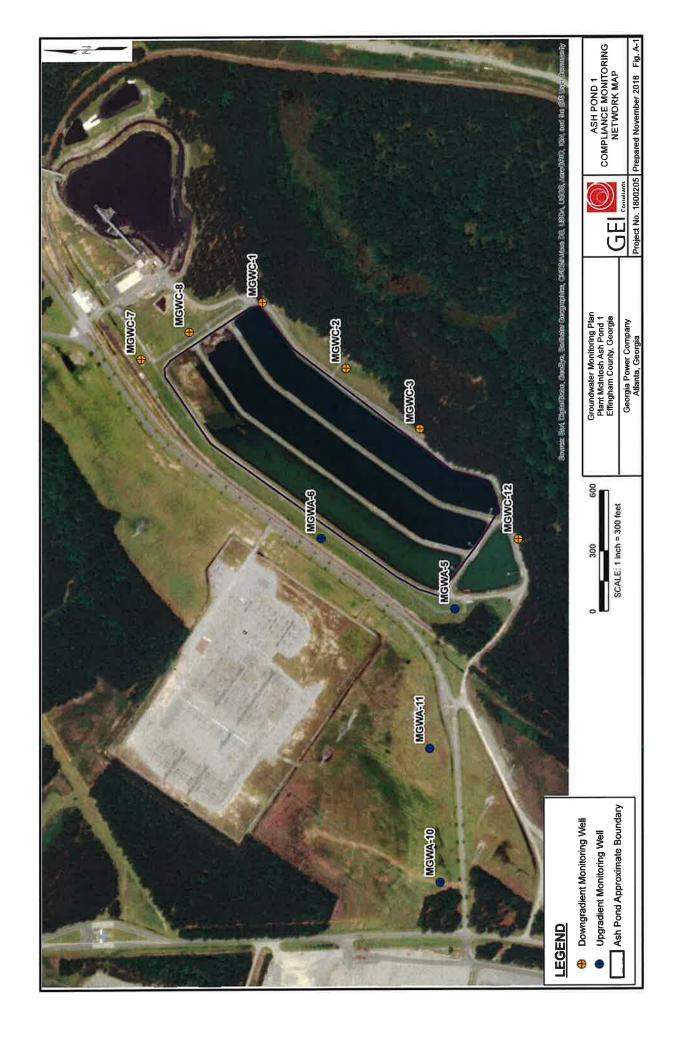
FIGURE A-1 COMPLIANCE MONITORING NETWORK MAP

FIGURE A-2 POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE MAP – JULY 2018

TABLE A-1 MONITORING NETWORK WELL DETAILS

TABLE A-2 WATER LEVEL MONITORING NETWORK PIEZOMETER DETAILS

**BORING AND WELL CONSTRUCTION LOGS** 



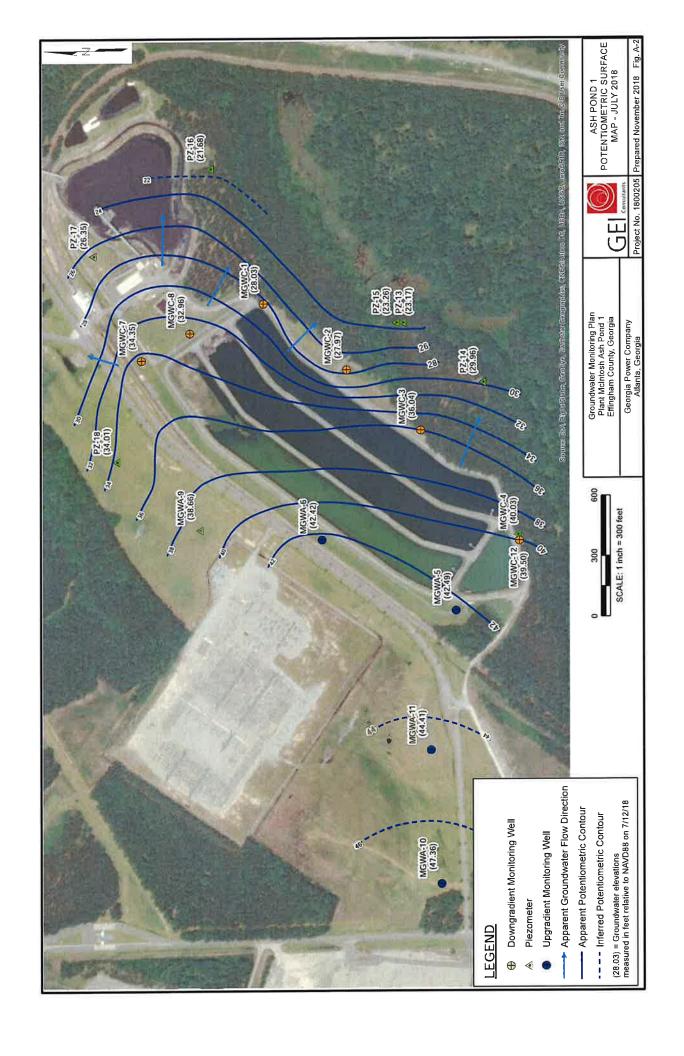


Table A-1 Monitoring Network Well Details Groundwater Monitoring Plan Georgia Power Company Ash Pond 1 Plant McIntosh Effingham County, Georgia

Well ID	Northing	Easting	Ground Surface Elevation	Top of Casing Elevation	Total Depth	Bottom of Well Elevation	Depth to Top of Screen	Top of Screen Elevation	Bottom of Screen Elevation	Purpose	Installation Date
			(#)	(£)	(ft bTOC)	Œ	(ft bTOC)	æ	(#)		
MGWC-1	856813.32	964287.17	62.00	65.08	55.78	9:30	45.78	19.30	9.30	Downgradient Monitoring	11/10/2015
MGWC-2	856400,70	963958.28	44.90	48.26	37.06	11.20	27.06	21,20	11.20	Downgradient Monitoring	11/11/2015
MGWC-3	856033.91	963658,13	49.60	52.34	38.44	13.90	28.44	23.90	13.90	Downgradient Monitoring	11/11/2015
MGWA-5	855860.77	962763.08	61.00	64.09	62,79	1.30	52,79	11.30	1.30	Upgradient Monitoring	11/12/2015
MGWA-6	856527.64	963130.05	57,90	60.83	41.63	19.20	31.63	29.20	19.20	Upgradient Monitoring	11/12/2015
MGWC-7	857417.67	964007.37	50.90	54.19	41.99	12.20	31.99	22.20	12.20	Downgradient Monitoring	11/13/2015
MGWC-8	857177.15	964141.60	59.30	62.36	52.26	10.10	42.26	20.10	10.10	Downgradient Monitoring	11/10/2015
MGWA-10	855934.18	961406.35	61,60	64.69	52,79	11.90	42.79	21.90	11.90	Upgradient Monitoring	11/17/2015
MGWA-11	855985.27	962070.17	64.70	67.51	55,61	11.90	45.61	21.90	11.90	Upgradient Monitoring	5/27/2016
MGWC-12	855545.62	963110.10	63.90	08'99	52.70	14,10	42.70	24.10	14.10	Downgradient Monitoring	5/26/2016

Notes: Horizontal datum NAD83 Georgia State Plane East Zone, Vertical Datum NAVD88

ft - freet bTOC - Below top of casing Well Design, Installation, Development, and Decommissioning Report, revised in February 2018

Table A-2 Water Level Monitoring Piezometer Details Groundwater Monitoring Plan

Georgia Power Company Ash Pond 1

Plant McIntosh

Effingham County, Georgia

WellID	Northing	Easting	Ground Surface Elevation	Top of Casing Elevation	Total Depth	Bottom of Well Elevation	Bottom of Well Depth to Top of Screen Elevation Screen Elevation	Top of Screen Elevation	Bottom of Screen Elevation	Purpose	Installation Date
			(H)	æ	(ft bTOC)	€	(ft bTOC)	æ	Œ		
MGWC-4	855555.10	963139.29	60.70	64.05	67.05	-3.00	57.05	7.00	-3.00	Water Level	11/18/2015
MGWA-9	857129.76	963164.52	56.00	59.05	42.75	16.30	32.75	26.30	16,30	Water Level	11/17/2015
PZ-13	856124.06	964192.33	37.79	40.66	26.36	14.30	17.28	23.38	13.38	Water Level	6/3/2016
PZ-14	855727.29	963896.00	43.83	46.90	41.10	5.80	31.72	15.18	5.18	Water Level	6/4/2016
PZ-15	856157.15	964192.87	39.01	42.28	28.90	13,41	18,57	23.71	13.71	Water Level	6/26/2018
PZ-16	857077.20	964956.17	51.23	54.62	42.56	12.23	32.09	22.53	12.53	Water Level	6/26/2018
PZ-17	857656.21	964525.25	54.04	57.46	45.20	12.34	34.82	22.64	12.64	Water Level	6/27/2018
PZ-18	857542.85	963505.27	50.11	53.31	41.90	11.61	31.40	21.91	11.91	Water Level	6/27/2018

Horizontal datum NAD83 Georgia State Plane East Zone, Vertical Datum NAVD88

bTOC - Below top of casing

Well construction information for MGWC-4 and MGWA-9 taken from the October 2017 Ash Pond Well Design, Installation, Development, and Decommissioning Report, revised in February 2018 PZ-15, PZ-16, PZ-17, and PZ-18 surveyed by Thomas & Hutton in August 2018

Page 1 of 1

BORING MGWC-01 PAGE 1 OF 2



### **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

PROJECT	Plant McIntosh	
LOCATION	Rincon, GA	

CONT	RACTO	R Cascade		11/10/2015 SU EQUIPMENT	Prosonic MET	OD_F	Rotosonic				
				W. Shaughnessy ER DEPTH: DURIN					AVED	210# 5#	or 24 bro
				ER DEP III. DORIN		OWF.			LAILD	) 1.5 IL. alle	1 24 IUS.
(#)	GRAPHIC LOG		MATERIAL	DESCRIPTION		ELEVATION		tural Gan	522		VELL DATA casing Elev. = 65,08
-		Poorly-graded Sa	nd with Silt (SP-SN	A)	6	20	75	8	- 23	3.	3
-	///		1 (2.5Y 4/2) topsoil			61.0		- 8	- 8	9 ,	
5		Poorly-graded Sareddish yellow (7. Sandy Lean Clay	w to medium  Ind with Clay (SP-S  5YR 6/6) dry, fine-gr  (CL)  R 5/6), brownish yell	5Y 7/2) and reddish bro C) ained ow / dark yellowish oral dium stiff, low to mediu	nge (10YR 6/6) and	57.0 56.0					
15		6/6) damp, interbe	dded with fine-sand	7/2), red (2.5YR 4/8) an lenses (<1" thick) 7/2) and reddish yellow ded with coarse-sand le	d olive yellow (2.5Y	48.0 45.0					Annular Fill
25		Sandy Fat Clay (C mottled light gray / medium stiff, medi (1-2" thick)	yellowish gray (5Y 7	7/2) and brownish yello ded with pale gray (5Y	w (10YR 6/8) damp,	42.0	James Marie Contraction of the C				



### **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

# # #	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION  MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	9	Natural Gam	ma		WE	LL DATA
	9	교 62.0		75	225		p of ca	sing Elev. = 65,08
35		Sandy Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray / yellowish gray (5Y 7/2) and brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) damp, medium stiff, medium to high, interbedded with pale gray (5Y 8/2) fine-sand lenses  (1-2" thick)(Con't)						Annular Fill
40		Fat Clay (CH) dark greenish gray (10GY 4/1) soft, high	0	}		7		Annular Seal
45		Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) wet, fine to coarse-grained  17.0  Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) light gray / yellowish gray (5Y 7/2) wet, fine-grained, shell fragments up to 1/2"						
50	1	Poorly-graded Sand (SP) light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/3) wet, fine-grained						Filter Pack
		Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6) wet, fine-grained  Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, with day and fine sand, mica						Screen Tip Elevation
55		5,0 Bottom of borehole at 57.0 feet.	0	\$				



ON Rii	ITRACTO	R Cascade         EQUII           F. Krauss         LOGGED BY W. Shaug	PMENT _ hnessy	Prose	COORDINATES: N:32.351760	
DEPTH (#)	GRAPHIC SAL	GENERAL STRATA DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION		WELL DATA	NOTES:
필	GRA		ELE	. 6	Top of casing Elev. = 65.08	
-1			62.0		DEPTH	
	17/1	Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)	61.0_	0	Surface Seal: concrete 2.0	
		Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	57.0			
-	11/1	Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC)	56.0_			
2		Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	48.0			
15		Loon Clay (CL)				
		Lean Clay (CL)	45.0	M		
20		Fat Clay (CH)	42.0		Annular Fill: Cement-Bentonite Grout	
35 30 25		Sandy Fat Clay (CH)			37.0	
40		9	22.0		→ Annular Seal: Bentonite pellets	
		Fat Clay (CH)	19.0	p	4.0	
45	:: 1/2	Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC)	17.0			
		Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)	400		Filter Pack: 1A Silica Sand	
80		Poorly-graded Sand (SP)	13.0			
		Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)	9.0		Screen Tip Elevation: 0.30 ft. 52.7	
88		Silt (ML)	Die de		Backfill: Haliburton Baroid 3/8 chips	
	ШШ	<del></del>	5.0			
		Dottom of Dorenole at 57.0 feet.				
		Bottom of borehole at 57.0 feet.		CIF	EICATIONS	



### **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

		TH 37 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 17 ft.		DELAY	ED <u>16 ft. a</u>	fter 24	hrs.
(ff)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	6 ELEVATION	Natural Gamma			LL DATA sing Elev. = 48,26
		Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) mottled dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/4), reddish brown (5YR 5/4) and light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) very damp, topsoil			0.	\$ W	Surface Sea
5		Sandy Lean Clay (CL) red (2.5YR 4/6), yellowish brown (10YR 5/6) and light olive gray (5Y 6/2) damp, stiff, low to medium		X			
10		Fat Clay (CH) mottled reddish brown (2.5YR 4/4), pale red (2.5YR 7/2) and light gray (5Y 7/1) damp, medium to high Sandy Fat Clay (CH)	37.9	}			
15		dark red (2.5YR 3/6), gray / light brownish gray (5YR 6/1) and light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6) damp, medium stiff, medium plasticity  mottled yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), light gray (5Y 7/1) and red (2.5YR 4/6) dar stiff, cohesive, interbedded zone of SP-SC sand @approx. 15'					Annular Fill
20		Sandy Elastic Silt (MH) light gray (5Y 7/1), pinkish gray / grayish orange pink (5YR 7/2) and red (2.5YR 5/6) wet, soft, high, with day, some fine-sand, increase sand content with depth					Annular Sea
5		Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) brownish yellow/ dark yellowish orange (10YR 6/6) wet, fine-grained	20.9	5			
25		Poorly-graded Sand (SP) light gray (2.5Y 7/2) wet, fine-grained, few shell fragments, grain size getting fine with depth	17.9	}			
30		Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) light gray (2,5Y 7/2), dark olive gray / olive gray (5Y 3/2) and olive (5Y 5/3) wet, with shell fragments up to 2"		~~~~			Filter Pack
35		Elastic Silt (MH) olive yellow (2.5Y 6/8), light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6) and dark gray (N3) very mois 1" concretions, some sand	11.9 st,	\$\chi_{\chi_{\chi}}			Screen Tip Elevation



### LOG OF WELL INSTALLATION

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

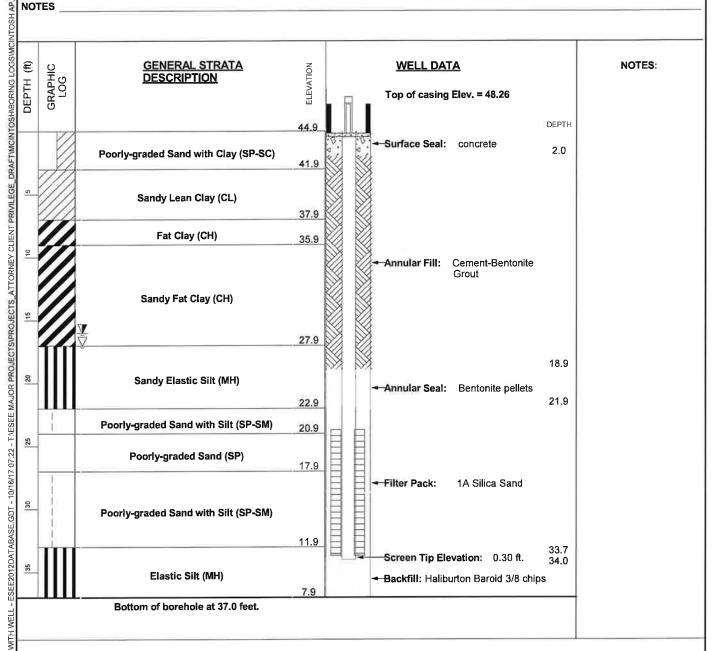
DATE STARTED 11/11/2015 COMPLETED 11/11/2015 SURF. ELEV. 44.9 COORDINATES: N:32.350634 E:-81.169953

CONTRACTOR Cascade EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic

DRILLED BY F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY B. Smelser

BORING DEPTH 37 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 17 ft. COMP. DELAYED 16 ft. after 24 hrs.

NOTES



### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches
Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC
Casing Length: 26.7 feet

 Screen Diameter:
 2 inches

 Screen Length:
 10 feet

 Screen Mesh:
 0.010"

 Screen Material:
 PVC

 PrePack Screen:
 Yes



## **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

		R Cascade EQUIPMENT Prosonic ME							
		F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED B  TH 37 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 17 ft.			- DELA	VED 13	Off affe	or 24	hre
		H 3/ π. GROUND WATER DEPTH. DURING 1/1.	COME.		- 0000	120 12	L II. aite	51 27	1113.
<i>,</i> 116	-								
(#)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION		il Gamm	225 B	Тор		LL DATA
		Clayey Sand (SC) strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) fill moist, fine to coarse-grained	46.6				60.	8.	Surface Seal
5		Sandy Lean Clay (CL) mottled red (10R 5/6) and brownish yellow / dark yellowish orange (10YR 6/6) damp, medium stiff, low		{					
0		Fat Clay (CH) mottled red (2.5YR 4/8), brownish yellow / dark yellowish orange (10YR 6/6) ar light gray (10YR 7/1) damp, medium stiff, medium to high, interbedded with porown (2.5Y 7/3) sand lenses	42.6 and ale	3					
5		Ž.	33.6						Annular Fill
0		Lean Clay (CL) mottled light olive brown (2.5Y 5/3) and light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/4) very of  Fat Clay (CH) light olive brown (2.5Y 5/3) and yellowish red (5YR 5/8) wet, medium stiff, interbedded with light gray (5Y 7/1) fine-sand lenses (<1" thick), oxidized sand lenses	lamp 32.6		200000000000000000000000000000000000000				
								100	Annular Sea
5		Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) light gray (5Y 7/1) and gray (5Y 5/1) wet, cohesive, fine to medium-grained	23.6	}					
)									Filter Pack
5	1			3		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
	l i	Sandy Silt (ML)	13.6	\$	1	1	=	Ħ	Screen Tip Elevation

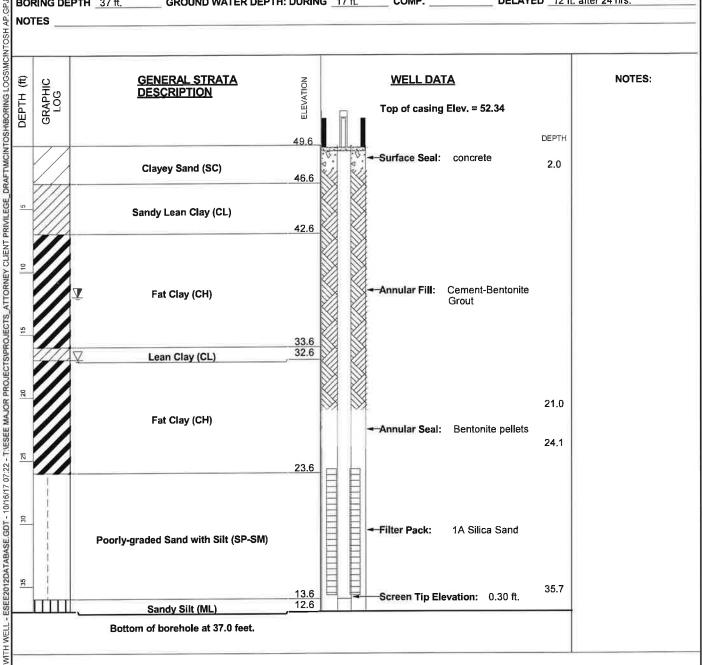


### LOG OF WELL INSTALLATION

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

PROJECT Plant McIntosh LOCATION Rincon, GA

COORDINATES: N:32.349634 E:-81.170936 DATE STARTED 11/11/2015 COMPLETED 11/11/2015 SURF. ELEV. 49.6 EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic CONTRACTOR Cascade LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY B. Smelser DRILLED BY F. Krauss DELAYED 12 ft. after 24 hrs. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 17 ft. COMP. BORING DEPTH 37 ft. NOTES



### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Casing Length: 26.7 feet

Screen Diameter: 2 inches Screen Length: 10 feet Screen Mesh: 0.010"

Screen Material: PVC PrePack Screen: Yes



SIMPLE GEOLOGY WITH WELL - ESEE DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 15:26 - TIESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS\_ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_BRAFTMCINTOSHIBORING LOGSMCINTOSH AP.GP.J

### **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC.

PROJECT	Plant McIntosh	
LOCATION	Rincon, GA	

		D         11/18/2015         COMPLETED         11/18/2015         SURF. ELEV.           R         Cascade         EQUIPMENT         Prosonic					
		F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKE	DBY B. S	melser			
		H 67 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 15 ft.				LAYED 1	3.4 ft. after 24 hrs.
				5			
,, <u> </u>							
(#)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		Nat	Natural Gamma		WELL DATA  Top of casing Elev. = 64,05
		County Eat Clay (CU)	60.7	<u> </u>	47		
5		Sandy Fat Clay (CH) reddish brown (5YR 5/4) wet, high, interbedded with olive-yellow (2.4y 6/6) sand  Sandy Lean Clay (CL) mottled reddish brown (5YR 5/4), light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) and brown	56.7	{			Surface Seal
0		5/3) dry, very stiff to hard, low to medium, interbedded with sand lenses	50.7			500 X + 5 X + 5 X X + 5 X + 5 X + 5 X + 5 X X + 5 X X + 5 X X X + 5 X X X + 5 X X X X	
,		Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and light brown (7.5YR 6/3) very damp, soft to stiff, medim to high		~~~		6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
5		Sandy Fat Clay (CH) light olive gray (5Y 6/2) damp, medium stiff, medium plasticity	43.7	Myrry			
0				{			Annular Fill
		Lean Clay (CL) mottled light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/3) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) dan medium stiff, low, bioturbation	39.7 np, 37.7	4			
5_		Sandy Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and light brown (7.5YR 6/3) very damp, soft, his interbedded with thin white fine-sand lenses	gh,	~~~			
0		Clayey Silty Sand (SC-SM) pale yellow (2.5Y 7/4) fine-grained	33.7				
		Fat Clay (CH)	28.7	{			
35		mottled light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4), dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) and strobrown (7.5YR 5/6) damp, stiff, medium plasticity, interbedded with thin wh fine-sand lenses	ong ite	3			
			23.7	2		8	



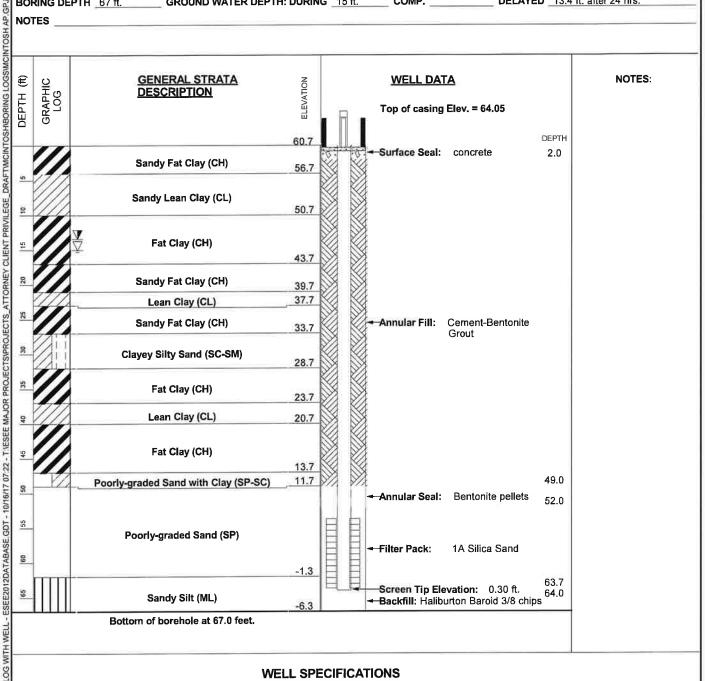
SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

MATERIAL DESCRIPTION  MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	60.7 Long (CONTINUED)	= 64.05
Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) very dark greenish gray (5GY 3/1) wet  11.7  Poorly-graded Sand (SP) greenish gray (10Y 5/1) wet, medium dense to loose, fine-grained, some silt  Filter Pa  Sandy Silt (ML) greenish gray (10Y 5/1) damp, hard  Screen Elevatic	Fat Clay (CH) dark greenish gray (10GY 4/1) and greenish black (10GY 2.5/1) damp, medium stiff, medium to high, interbedded with light gray fine-sand lenses	ar Fill
Elevation	Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) very dark greenish gray (5GY 3/1) wet  Poorly-graded Sand (SP) greenish gray (40Y 5/1) wet medium dense to loose fine-grained, some silt.	
Elevation	5 Filter	Pack
Bottom of borehole at 67.0 feet.	5 Elevat	n Tip tion



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh LOCATION Rincon, GA

DATE STARTED 11/18/2015 COMPLETED 11/18/2015 SURF. ELEV. 60.7 COORDINATES: N:32.348331 E:-81.172630 EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic **CONTRACTOR** Cascade LOGGED BY \_W. Shaughnessy \_ CHECKED BY \_B. Smelser DRILLED BY F. Krauss DELAYED 13.4 ft. after 24 hrs. BORING DEPTH 67 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 15 ft. COMP. **NOTES** 



#### WELL SPECIFICATIONS

Casing Diameter: 2 inches Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Casing Length: 56.7 feet

Screen Diameter: 2 inches Screen Length: 10 feet Screen Mesh: \_0.010"



SIMPLE GEOLOGY WITH WELL - ESEE DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 15:26 - TAESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS\_ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_DRAFTWGINTOSHIBORING LOGSWGINTOSH AP.GPJ

### **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

		ED <u>11/12/2015</u> COMPLETED <u>11/12/2015</u> SURF. ELEV. <u>61.0</u> R Cascade EQUIPMENT <u>Prosonic</u> MET				
DRILL BORII	ED BY	F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY TH 67 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 33 ft.	B. S	melser		
DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	Natural Gar 091	552	WELL DATA  Top of casing Elev. = 64,09
		Low Plastic Organic Silt or Clay (OL) mottled black (5Y 2,5/1) and olive gray (5Y 4/2) fill damp  Clayey Sand (SC) mottled dark gray / olive gray (5Y 4/1), dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and black	59.0			Surface Seal
5		(5Y 2.5/1) fill moist, cohesive	55.0			
10		mottled dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2), grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2) and olive yellow (2.5Y 6/6) damp, medium stiff to stiff, low to medium	51.0	§		
10		Fat Clay (CH) mottled light olive gray (5Y 6/2), light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) and greenish gray (5GY 6/1) damp, medium stiff, medium plasticity to high, interbedded with fine-sand lenses (<1/2" thick)	31.0			
15		<b>Y</b> .	43.0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
20		Sandy Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) soft, medium dense, high		<b>\</b>		Annular Fill
25		Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) greenish gray (5GY 6/1) wet, fine-grained  Fat Clay (CH)	37.0 35.0	}		
30		olive / light olive brown (5Y 5/6) moist, soft, high  Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10GY 4/1) medium stiff, low, some fine sand	33.0	}		
		Sandy Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10GY 4/1) and yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) dry  Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC)  greenish gray (5GY 5(4) and light greenish gray (10Y 7/1) wat cohesive	30.0 28.0			
35		greenish gray (5GY 5/1) and light greenish gray (10Y 7/1) wet, cohesive, interbedded with fine-sand lenses  Sandy Fat Clay (CH) dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1), greenish gray (5GY 5/1) and strong brown (7.5YF 5/8) moist, medium stiff, low to medium plasticity, interbedded with fine-sand lenses	26.0	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		
40			21.0	(	- 3	



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

Fat Clay (CH) very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) very moist, soft, high  17.0  Sandy Fat Clay (CH) dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1) and very light gray (N8) very moist, stiff  Poortly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp  11.0  Sandy Silt (ML) greenish gray (10Y 4/1) wet  Poortly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) wet  Filter Pack  Filter Pack  Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dy, medium stiff  Sandy Silt (ML) Sandy Silt (ML) Sandy Silt (ML) Sandy Silt (ML) Greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff  Screen Tip Elevation	# (€)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	Natural Gamma 120 232	WELL DATA  Top of casing Elev. = 64,09
Sandy Fat Clay (CH) dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1) and very light gray (N8) very moist, stiff  Poorty-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp  11.0  Sandy Silt (ML) greenish gray (10Y 6/1) damp, hard  9.0  Poorty-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) wet  dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) wet  dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) wet, fine-grained  Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff  Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, medium stiff  Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff, with clay  -6.0			Fat Clay (CH) very dark greenish gray (10Y 3/1) very moist, soft, high		7	
Sandy Silt (ML) greenish gray (10Y 6/1) damp, hard  Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) wet  dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) wet, fine-grained  Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff  Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, medium stiff  Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, medium stiff  Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff, with day  -6.0	45					Annular Seal
Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, medium stiff Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff, with clay  -6.0	50			11.0	*	
Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, medium stiff Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff, with clay  -6.0				9.0	}	Filter Pack
Lean Clay (CL) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, medium stiff  Sandy Silt (ML) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) damp, stiff, with day  -6.0	60		Sandy Silt (ML)	4.0	}	
	65_		dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) dry, medium stiff Sandy Silt (ML)	-2.0		
			Bottom of borehole at 67.0 feet.	-0.0	* * *	l



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh LOCATION Rincon, GA

DATE STARTED 11/12/2015 COMPLETED 11/12/2015 SURF. ELEV. 61.0 COORDINATES: N:32.349181 E:-81,173839 EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic CONTRACTOR Cascade DRILLED BY F. Krauss LOGGED BY \_W. Shaughnessy \_\_ CHECKED BY \_B. Smelser GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 33 ft. COMP. DELAYED 17.4 ft. after 24 hrs. BORING DEPTH 67 ft. SEE2012DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 07:22 - TYESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS, ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE, DRAFTIMCINTOSHIBORING LOGS/MCINTOSH AP. GPJ **NOTES** DEPTH (ft) GRAPHIC LOG GENERAL STRATA **WELL DATA** NOTES: ELEVATION DESCRIPTION Top of casing Elev. = 64.09 DEPTH 61 0 59.0 Surface Seal: concrete 2.0 Low Plastic Organic Silt or Clay (OL) Clayey Sand (SC) 55.0 Sandy Lean Clay (CL) 51.0 Fat Clay (CH) 43.0 Sandy Fat Clay (CH) Annular Fill: Cement-Bentonite 37.0 Grout 35.0 Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) 33.0 Fat Clay (CH) Lean Clay (CL) 30.0 28.0 Sandy Lean Clay (CL) 26.0 Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) Sandy Fat Clay (CH) 21.0 Fat Clay (CH) 43.5 17.0 Annular Seal: Bentonite pellets Sandy Fat Clay (CH) 14.0 48.0 Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) 11.0 9.0 Sandy Silt (ML) Filter Pack: 1A Silica Sand Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) 4.0 59.7 Sandy Silt (ML) Screen Tip Elevation: 0.30 ft.

#### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

-2.0

-6.0

Casing Diameter: 2 inches Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Casing Length: 56.7 feet

Lean Clay (CL)

Sandy Silt (ML)

Bottom of borehole at 67.0 feet.

Screen Diameter: 2 inches Screen Length: 10 feet Screen Mesh: 0.010"

Screen Material: PVC PrePack Screen: Yes

◆ Backfill: Haliburton Baroid 3/8 chips



DATE STARTED 11/12/2015 COMPLETED 11/12/2015 SURF. ELEV. 57.9 COORDINATES: N:32.351004 E:-81.172631

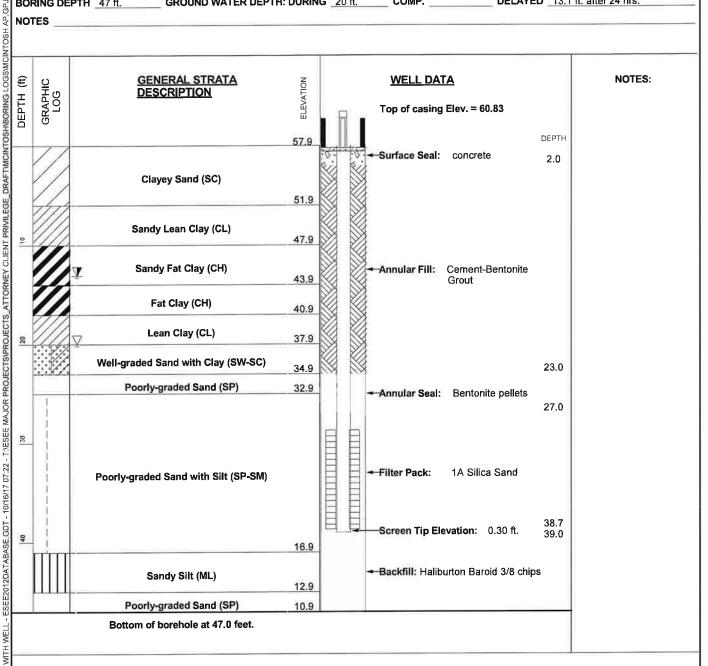
SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

(#)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	Natural Gam	ma		ELL DATA asing Elev. = 60.63
	//	Clayey Sand (SC) mottled grayish brown (2.5Y 5/2), reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) and brownish y (10YR 6/8) fill dry, fine to coarse-grained	57.9	75	525	0 : 0	Surface Sea
10		Sandy Lean Clay (CL) mottled gray (2.5Y 6/1), red (2.5YR 4/8) and light gray (5Y 7/1) dry, medium to stiff, low to medium  Sandy Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and red (2.5YR 5/8) damp, medium stiff, medium plasticity, interbedded with brown-yellow (10YR 6/8) sand lense 3-4" thick  Fat Clay (CH) mottled red (2.5YR 5/8) and light reddish brown (5YR 6/3) damp, medium stinterbedded with brown-yellow sand lenses  Lean Clay (CL) mottled light reddish brown / light brown (5YR 6/4) and red (2.5YR 5/6) damp low  Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) pale olive (5Y 6/3) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) very moist, cohesive, fine coarse-grained  Poorly-graded Sand (SP) light gray (10YR 7/2) and reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) saturated, fine-grained  Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)	47.9 43.9 tiff, 40.9 p, stiff, 37.9 to 34.9	mount of the same			Annular Fill Annular Sea
10		yellow (2.5Y 7/6), light gray (2.5Y 7/2) and gray (2,5Y 6/1) saturated, fine-g	rained	M A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Constitution of the section of the s		Filter Pack
10	I I I	Sandy Silt (ML) light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) damp	16.9	Now	o distance distance		Screen Tip Elevation
	ШЦ	Poorly-graded Sand (SP) olive (5Y 5/4) wet, fine-grained	12.9	$\leq$			



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant Mcintosh LOCATION Rincon, GA

DATE STARTED 11/12/2015 COMPLETED 11/12/2015 SURF. ELEV. 57.9 COORDINATES: N:32.351004 E:-81.172631 EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic CONTRACTOR Cascade DRILLED BY F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY B. Smelser GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 20 ft. COMP. DELAYED 13.1 ft. after 24 hrs. BORING DEPTH 47 ft. NOTES



#### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Casing Length: 36.7 feet

Screen Diameter: 2 inches Screen Length: 10 feet

Screen Mesh: 0.010"



SIMPLE GEOLOGY WITH WELL - ESEE DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 15:26 - T-ESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS\_ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_DRAFTMCINTOSHBORING LOGS/MCINTOSH AP. GPJ

## **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

DATE	STADT	ED 11/13/2015 COMPLETED 11/13/2015 SURF. ELEV. 50.9		COORDINATES: N:32	: 353428 F:₋8	1 169763
		R Cascade EQUIPMENT Prosonic MET				1.100.00
		F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY				
BORI	NG DEP	TH 47 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 18 ft.	COMF	DELAYED	15.7 ft. after	100 hrs.
NOTE	s					
DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	Natural Gamma 091 522		ELL DATA casing Elev. = 54,19
		Silt (ML) mottled light gray / yellowish gray (5Y 7/2), red / moderate reddish brown (10R 4/6) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) dry, stiff, trace interbedded clayey sand	With Edition	8	8. 8	Surface Seal
		Sandy Lean Clay (CL) mottled pale yellow (5Y 8/2) and reddish yellow (5YR 6/6) stiff, low	43.9	{		\$
	11	Sandy Fat Clay (CH)		J. Company		\$
10		mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and dark red (2.5YR 3/6) wet, soft, high  Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and red (10R 5/6) damp, stiff, medium plasticity, interbedded with thin fine-sand lenses	41.9	3		Annular Fill
20		Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) mottled light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2), yellowish brown (10YR 5/8) and light red	32.9 30.9	Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary Mary		Armulai I III
		(2.5YR 6/8) wet  Poorty-graded Sand (SP) mottled pale yellow (5Y 7/3) and yellow / moderate yellow (5Y 7/6) wet, fine to coarse-grained	27.9	{		
		<b>Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)</b> mottled yellowish brown (10YR 5/6), yellow (2.5Y 7/6) and light gray / yellowish gray (5Y 7/2) wet, fine-grained	ау	J. A.		Annular Seal
30				Mymm		Filter Pack
		Poorly-graded Sand (SP)	12.9	SAV SAV		Screen Tip
40		pale olive (5Y 6/3) wet, fine-grained	10.9	(		Elevation
	I I	Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) light olive brown (2.5Y 5/6) and dark yellowish brown (10YR 3/4) wet	7.9	}		
		Poorly-graded Sand (SP) light olive brown (2.5Y 5/4) wet, fine-grained	5.9	Ž.		
	1	Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) dark greenish gray (10Y 4/1) fine-grained	3.9	7		
		Bottom of borehole at 47.0 feet.				



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

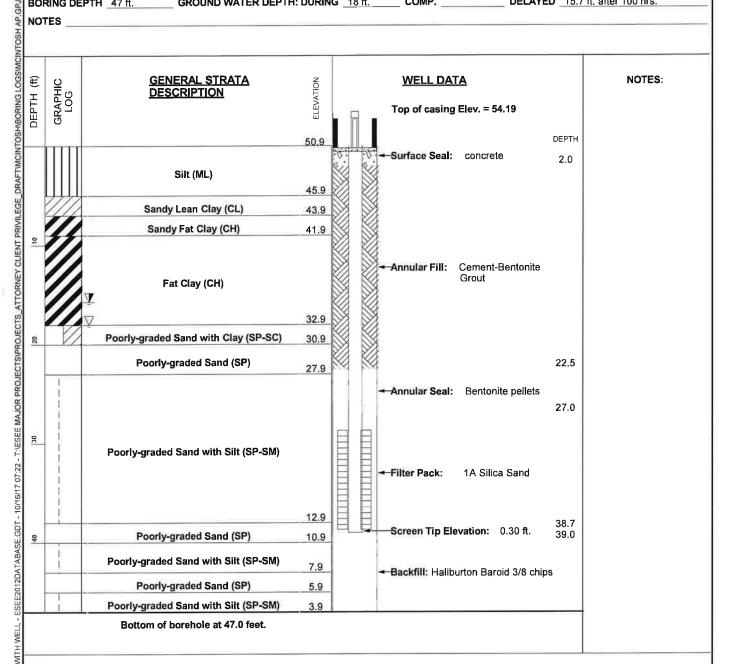
DATE STARTED 11/13/2015 COMPLETED 11/13/2015 SURF. ELEV. 50.9 COORDINATES: N:32.353428 E:-81.169763

CONTRACTOR Cascade EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic

DRILLED BY F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY B. Smelser

BORING DEPTH 47 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 18 ft. COMP. DELAYED 15.7 ft. after 100 hrs.

NOTES



#### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches
Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC
Casing Length: 36.7 feet

Screen Diameter: 2 inches
Screen Length: 10 feet
Screen Mesh: 0.010"

 Screen Material:
 PVC

 PrePack Screen:
 Yes



SIMPLE GEOLOGY WITH WELL - ESEE DATABASE.GDT - 10/18/17 15:26 - TASEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS\_ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_DRAFTWCINTOSHABORING LOGS/MCINTOSHAP.GBJ

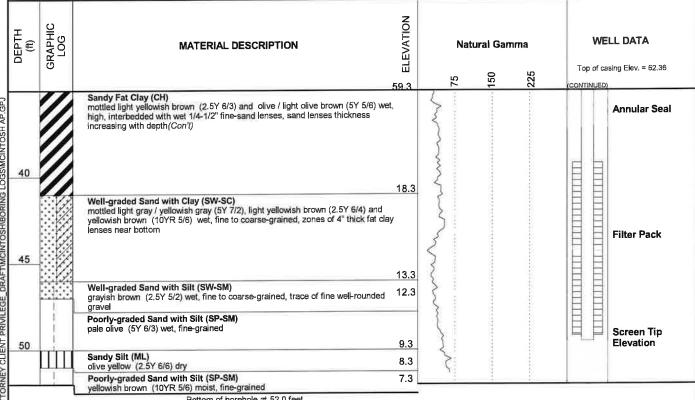
## **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

		ED 11/10/2015 COMPLETED 11/10/2015 SURF. ELEV. 59.3				
		R Cascade EQUIPMENT Prosonic MET  F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY				
		TH 52 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 23 ft.			YED _25.4	ft. after 24 hrs.
	,,					
DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	S ELEVATION	Natural Gamn	na 522	WELL DATA  Top of casing Elev. = 62,36
		Fat Clay (CH) mottled light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) and yellowish red (5YR 5/8) damp, mediu to high  Poorly-graded Sand (SP)				Surface Seal
5		pale yellow (2.5Y 7/4) and yellow (2.5Y 7/6) wet, fine-grained  Clayey Sand (SC) mottled light gray (2.5Y 7/1), strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) and red (2.5YR 5/8) dry, cohesive, fine to coarse-grained	55.3	*		
10		Sandy Lean Clay (CL) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and red (2.5YR 4/8) dry, hard, low	52.3			
15		Sandy Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and red (2.5YR 4/8) moist, medium stiff, medium to high, interbedded with wet 1/4-1/2" fine-sand lenses	48.3			
20				J. W. W. W. W. W.		Annular Fill
25		Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) pale yellow (5Y 7/3) wet, fine-grained, interbedded with 1-2" day lenses	36.3			
30		Sandy Fat Clay (CH) mottled light ellowish brown (2.5Y 6/3) and olive / light olive brown (5Y 5/6) wet high, interbedded with wet 1/4-1/2" fine-sand lenses, sand lenses thickness increasing with depth				
				\{\}	NIII.	Annular Seal



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh LOCATION Rincon, GA



Bottom of borehole at 52.0 feet.

SIMPLE GEOLOGY WITH WELL - ESEE DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 15:26 - TAESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS\_ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_DRAFTWGINTOSH/BORING LOGS/MCINTOSH AP.GP-



LOG OF WELL INSTALLATION PROJECT Plant McIntosh SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LOCATION Rincon, GA DATE STARTED 11/10/2015 COMPLETED 11/10/2015 SURF. ELEV. 59.3 COORDINATES: N:32.352764 E:-81.169336 EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic CONTRACTOR Cascade LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY B. Smelser DRILLED BY F. Krauss GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 23 ft. COMP. DELAYED 25.4 ft. after 24 hrs. BORING DEPTH 52 ft. ESEE2012DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 07:22 - TYESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS\_ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_DRAFTMCINTOSHIBORING LOGSIMCINTOSH AP.GPJ **NOTES** DEPTH (ft) GRAPHIC LOG **GENERAL STRATA WELL DATA** NOTES: DESCRIPTION Top of casing Elev. = 62.36 DEPTH Surface Seal: concrete Fat Clay (CH) 57.3 2.0 Poorly-graded Sand (SP) 55.3 Clayey Sand (SC) 52.3 Sandy Lean Clay (CL) 48.3 Sandy Fat Clay (CH) Annular Fill: Cement-Bentonite Grout Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) 33.0 Sandy Fat Clay (CH) → Annular Seal: Bentonite pellets 37.3 18.3 Filter Pack: 1A Silica Sand Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) Well-graded Sand with Silt (SW-SM) 49 2 Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) Screen Tip Elevation: 0.30 ft. 49.5 ШШ → Backfill: Haliburton Baroid 3/8 chips Sandy Silt (ML) Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) Bottom of borehole at 52.0 feet.

#### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC Casing Length: 41.7 feet

Screen Diameter: 2 inches Screen Length: 10 feet Screen Mesh: 0.010"



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

		F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy				
		TH 47 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING		DELAYE	<b>D</b> 15.8 ft. after	24 hrs.
)TE	3					
(£)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	S ELEVATION	Natural Gamma	Top of G	ELL DATA asing Elev. = 59,05
		Silty Sand (SM) very dark grayish brown (2.5Y 3/2) damp, topsoil	54.0		0. 0	Surface Seal
		Poorly-graded Sand (SP) pale yellow (2.5Y 7/3) wet, fine-grained	52.0			
	////	Sandy Lean Clay (CL) mottled brownish yellow / dark yellowish orange (10YR 6/6) and	3			
	//	medium stiff, low Clayey Sand (SC)	48.0	3		
	1///	mottled light gray (2.5Y 7/1), olive yellow (2,5Y 6/6) and reddis dry, hard	th yellow (5YR 6/8)			
0		Sandy Lean Clay (CL) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1), dark red (10R 3/6) and yellow (10)	/R 7/8) dry, stiff, low,	7		
		few fine-sand lenses	, , , , ,	{		Annular Fill
		mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and red (10R 4/8) moist, medium s	tiff, medium to high	{		
		Fat Clay (CH) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1) and red (10R 4/8) moist, medium s	tiff, medium to high	3		
1		V	37.0	₹		
0		Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) mottled light gray (5Y 7/1), strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) and pale fine to coarse-grained, less clay content with depth	yellow (5Y 7/3) wet,	5		
	:://		33.0	8		
		Well-graded Sand (SP) light gray / yellowish gray (5Y 7/2), pale yellow (2.5Y 7/4) and li (2.5Y 5/3) wet, fine-grained	ght olive brown		67, 67	
			29.0	2		Annular Seal
30	E I	Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM) light gray (2.5Y 7/2), dark yellowish brown (10YR 4/6) and ligh (5Y 7/2) wet, fine-grained, some coarse-sand, shell fragments	t gray / yellowish gray up to 1/2", trace of	3		
		fine well-rounded gravel		3		
	Ü			\$		
	É			Į.		Filter Pack
			-	}		
20	E fi			{		Screen Tip
0	Ī			{		Elevation
	тп	Sandy Silt (ML)	14.0	3		
		olive yellow (2.5Y 6/6) damp, low		<b>{</b>		
			9.0	3		



SOUTH ERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

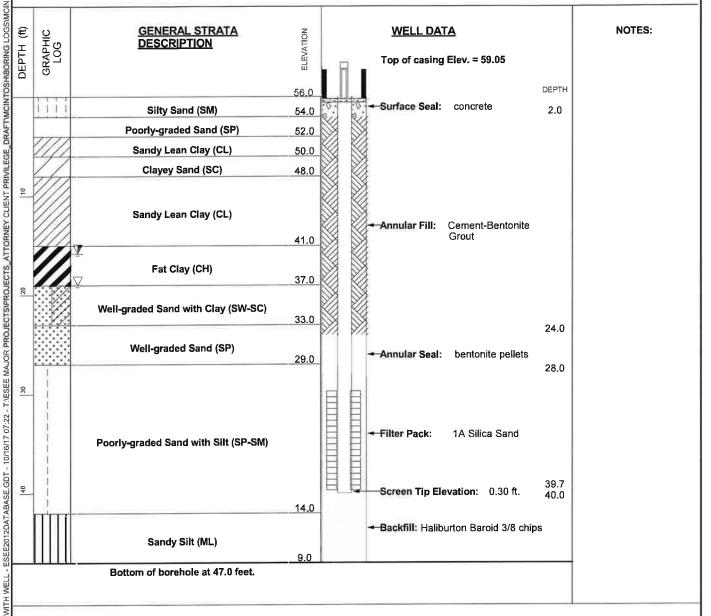
DATE STARTED 11/17/2015 COMPLETED 11/17/2015 SURF. ELEV. 56.0 COORDINATES: N:32.352659 E:-81.172501

CONTRACTOR Cascade EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic

DRILLED BY F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY B. Smelser

BORING DEPTH 47 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 19 ft. COMP. DELAYED 15.8 ft. after 24 hrs.

NOTES



#### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches
Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC
Casing Length: 36.7 feet

Screen Diameter: 2 inches
Screen Length: 10 feet
Screen Mesh: 0.010"



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

ORIN	IG DEP	F. Krauss LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY TH 57 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 13 ft. (			DE	LAYED 1	1.1 ft. afte	er 24 hrs.
(£)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	Nat	ural Gan	n <b>m</b> a 522		VELL DATA  casing Elev, = 64,69
	77	Clayey Sand (SC)	60.6	- 1	I ·		.13	В.
		strong brown (7.5YR 4/6) damp fine to coarse-grained  Silty Sand (SM) dark grayish brown (2.5Y 4/2) damp fine to coarse-grained	58.6	70011011011000			W	Surface Sea
		Poorly-graded Sand (SP) pale yellow (2.5Y 7/4) wet fine-grained		1		į		
5		Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC)	56.6	}	8			<b>3</b>
		mottled light gray (2.5Y 7/1) and red (2.5YR 5/8) damp	54.6	{		-		3
	1//	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)		1	8			\$
		mottled light gray (2.5Y 7/1) and red (2.5YR 5/8) dry, stiff to medium stiff, low to medium, interbedded with yellow-brown (10YR 5/8) clayey sand		5				
10				{	Ę.	-		<b>%</b>
		Y.		\$	100			<b>X</b>
	1//	0 - 4 - 5 - 4 - 5 - 4 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5	49.6	2	į.			8
j		Sandy Fat Clay (CH)  pale yellow (5Y 7/3) and olive yellow (2,5Y 6/6) wet, medium stiff, medium to high interbedded with white fine-sand lenses <1/2" thick	h,	3	- 8			2
		Interdedied with white time-saind leases < 1/2" thick		3	i	1		3
15				2	8	į		8
				\$	8	8		
j				3		1		
			42.6	>				Annular Fill
20	1	Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/3) wet, cohesive, fine to coarse-grained		کر	İ			8
	1/	AND TO SECULATE A SECULATION OF THE SECULATION O	40.6	\$	ě.			<b>2</b>
	///	Lean Clay (CL) light olive gray (5Y 6/2) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/8) dry, medium stiff, low,		3	ě			3
		interbedded with fine-sand lenses		5		1		8
				}	25			8
25			25.6	§				3
		Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC)	35.6	}				\$
	1//	mottled pale olive (5Y 6/3) and reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) wet, increased sand content with depth, 4" thick fat clay lens near bottom		\$	3	\$		
	1/2			3	3			3
30				\$	1			\$
207	:://			ξ				4
	1/			3				<b>A</b>
	1/2			{	1	*! *: *:		3
- 1	·		- 1	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	383	- 83	1601 K	<b>/</b> /



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh

LOCATION Rincon, GA

(¥)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	Natural Gamma	WELL DATA
	8		面 61.6	75 150 225	Top of casing Elev. = 64,69
		Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) mottled pale olive (5Y 6/3) and reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/8) wet, increased sand content with depth, 4" thick fat clay lens near bottom(Con't)	24.6	{	Annular Seal
		Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) light yellowish brown (2.5Y 6/4) and brownish yellow (10YR 6/8) wet, cohesive		{	
0				}	
				}	Filter Pack Screen Tip
		Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC)	17.6	{	Filter Pack
5		very dark greenish gray (10GY 3/1) wet	15.6	{	
	Щ	Sandy Elastic Silt (MH) greenish black (10Y 2.5/1) wet Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)	14.6	}	
		dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1) wet, fine-grained		}	
0	i		10.6	}	Screen Tip Elevation
		Sandy Silt (ML) greenish gray (5GY 5/1) damp		2	
				}	
5				5	
			4.6		

SIMPLE GEOLOGY WITH WELL - ESEE DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 15:26 - T:\ESEE MAJOR PRO



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING PROJECT Plant McIntosh LOCATION Rincon, GA

DATE STARTED 11/17/2015 COMPLETED 11/17/2015 SURF. ELEV. 61.6 COORDINATES: N:32.349417 E:-81.178230 EQUIPMENT Prosonic METHOD Rotosonic CONTRACTOR Cascade LOGGED BY W. Shaughnessy CHECKED BY B. Smelser DRILLED BY F. Krauss GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING 13 ft. COMP. DELAYED 11.1 ft. after 24 hrs. BORING DEPTH 57 ft. ESEE2012DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 07:22 - TYESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS, ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE, DRAFTMCINTOSHIBORING LOGSIMCINTOSH AP. GPJ NOTES DEPTH (ft) **GENERAL STRATA WELL DATA** NOTES: GRAPHIC LOG ELEVATION **DESCRIPTION** Top of casing Elev. = 64.69 DEPTH Clayey Sand (SC) 60.6 Surface Seal: concrete 2.0 Silty Sand (SM) 58.6 56.6 Poorly-graded Sand (SP) Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) 54.6 Sandy Lean Clay (CL) 49.6 Sandy Fat Clay (CH) Annular Fill: Cement-Bentonite 42.6 Grout Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) 40.6 Lean Clay (CL) 35.6 Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) 34.5 Annular Seal: bentonite pellets 24.6 38.0 Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) 17.6 Filter Pack: 1A Silica Sand 15.6 Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) TIT Sandy Elastic Silt (MH) 497 Poorly-graded Sand with Silt (SP-SM)

Bottom of borehole at 57.0 feet.

Sandy Silt (ML)

#### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Casing Length: 46.7 feet

OG WITH WELL

Screen Diameter: 2 inches Screen Length: 10 feet Screen Mesh: 0.010"

10.6

Screen Material: PVC PrePack Screen: Yes

50.0

Screen Tip Elevation: 0.30 ft.

Backfill: Haliburton Baroid 3/8 chips



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

PROJECT	Plant McIntosh	
LOCATION	Rincon, GA	

TNC	RACTO	ED         5/26/2016         COMPLETED         5/27/2016         SURF. ELEV.           R         Cascade Drilling         EQUIPMENT         Sonic	METHOD	Rotosonic	
		T. Ardito LOGGED BY A. Henry CHECKE			
		TH 57 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING	COMP	. 13.5 ft. DELAYED	
TE	s				
(#)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	Natural Gamma 091 522	WELL DATA  Top of casing Elev, = 67.51
		(OL) topsoil	64.7 64.0		Surface Seal
D		Well-graded Sand (SW) gray (10YR 5/1) moist, loose, no, fine grained  Lean Clay (CL) white / yellowish gray (5Y 8/1) and yellowish red (5YR 4/6) damp, stiff, me micaceous		Man bod Sammar	
)		Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) white (10YR 8/1), light reddish brown (2.5YR 6/3) and light gray (2.5Y 7/2 loose, no, very fine grained  Lean Clay (CL) light olive gray (5Y 6/2) and pale olive (5Y 6/3) damp, stiff, medium, little	53.1 2) moist, mica		Annular Fill
		Clayey Sand (SC) light brownish gray (2.5Y 6/2) moist, loose, low  Lean Clay (CL) light olive gray (5Y 6/2) and pale olive (5Y 6/3) damp, medium stiff, media zone (SW-SC) @ 23' to 24.1'; wet  light olive gray (5Y 6/2) and pale olive (5Y 6/3) damp, medium stiff, media		MILLAMAH HANDON	
		Silt (ML)	29.3 27.7	MONAMINA	
)		gray / light olive gray (5Y 6/1) and olive (5Y 4/3) moist, soft, low, little mice shells  Lean Clay (CL) dark bluish gray (5B 4/1) damp, stiff, low, little shells; trace mica	a dilu	MANAM	Annular Sea
		dark greenish gray (5GY 4/1) damp, very stiff, medium, trace mica	22.0	Modern	
		Silty Sand (SM) dark bluish gray (5PB 4/1) damp, medium stiff, no, trace mica Silt (ML) greenish gray (10Y 5/1) damp, medium stiff, no, trace mica	19.7 16.7	logland Marken Comment of the Marken	Filter Pack
)	ີ່ງ∘ ຢ່° ຊີ່	Well-graded Sand with Silt (SW-SM) greenish gray (10Y 5/1) damp, loose, no, very fine grained; trace mica	10.7	why have	
	∛; ]•		10.7	5	Screen Tip Elevation
		Silt (ML) grayish olive (10Y 4/2) damp, stiff, no, trace mica	7.7		



NOTES

ESEE2012DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 07:22 - T:\ESEE MAJOR PROJECTS\PROJECTS\ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE. DRAFTWICINTOSHBORING LOGSWICINTOSH

### LOG OF WELL INSTALLATION

PROJECT Plant McIntosh SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LOCATION Rincon, GA DATE STARTED 5/26/2016 COMPLETED 5/27/2016 SURF. ELEV. 64.7 COORDINATES: N:32.349541 E:-81.176079

EQUIPMENT Sonic METHOD Rotosonic CONTRACTOR Cascade Drilling CHECKED BY B. Smelser DRILLED BY T. Ardito LOGGED BY A. Henry GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING \_\_\_\_\_ COMP. 13.5 ft. DELAYED BORING DEPTH 57 ft.

NOTES: **GENERAL STRATA WELL DATA** DEPTH (ft) GRAPHIC LOG **DESCRIPTION** Top of casing Elev. = 67.51 DEPTH (OL) 64.0 Surface Seal: concrete 2.0 Well-graded Sand (SW) Lean Clay (CL) Poorly-graded Sand with Clay (SP-SC) Lean Clay (CL) Annular Fill: Cement-Bentonite Grout Clayey Sand (SC) Lean Clay (CL) 29.3 37.0 27.7 Silt (ML) Annular Seal: bentonite pellets 40.8 Lean Clay (CL) 22.0 Silty Sand (SM) 19.7 1A Silica Sand Silt (ML) Filter Pack: 16.7 Well-graded Sand with Silt (SW-SM) 52.8 10.7 Screen Tip Elevation: 0.20 ft. 53.0 55.0 Backfill: Baroid 3/8 Hole Plug Chips Silt (ML) (0.5 - 50lbs bags (57.0'-55.0')) and Filter Media 20/40 Silica Sand (0.5 -Bottom of borehole at 57.0 feet. 50lbs bags (55.0'-53.0'))

#### WELL SPECIFICATIONS

Casing Diameter: 2 inches Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC

Casing Length: feet

Screen Diameter: 2 inches Screen Length: 10 feet

Screen Mesh: 0.010"



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

		T. Ardito LOGGED BY A. Henry CHECKED BY E			
(£)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	, ELEVATION	Natural Gamma 091 252	WELL DATA  Top of casing Elev. = 66,80
	777		3.3	a a a	-B - Surface Sea
10	1	mottled very light gray (N8), reddish yellow (7.5YR 7/8) and red / moderate reddish brown (10R 4/6) dry, stiff, low, micaceous  Lean Clay (CL) mottled red / moderate reddish brown (10R 4/6), pale yellow (2.5Y 7/4) and medium light gray (N6) damp, stiff, low, micaceous; fine grained gray (10YR 6/1) and bluish gray (5PB 6/1) damp, stiff, low light gray / yellowish gray (5Y 7/2) and strong brown (7.5YR 5/6) damp, stiff, low	9.4		Annular Fill
30		Poorly-graded Sand (SP) light gray (2.5Y 7/2) moist, loose, no  Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) gray (2.5Y 6/1) very moist, loose, no	7.9 5.9 9.9		Annular Sea
40				The state of the s	
Ī		mottled dark greenish gray (10GY 4/1) and reddish yellow (7.5YR 6/6) moist, stiff, low  Silt (ML) dark gray (N3) damp, stiff, no, some mica	7.9	All Mariagoraphy Standy Chapter All Mary Mary	Filter Pack
50		medium dark gray (N4) damp, stiff, no, some mica greenish gray (10Y 5/1) damp, stiff, no, some mica		May Market	Screen Tip Elevation



LOG OF WELL INSTALLATION PROJECT Plant McIntosh SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LOCATION Rincon, GA DATE STARTED 5/23/2016 COMPLETED 5/26/2012 SURF. ELEV. 63.9 COORDINATES: N:32.348306 E:-81.172725 EQUIPMENT Sonic METHOD Rotosonic CONTRACTOR Cascade Drilling CHECKED BY B. Smelser DRILLED BY T. Ardito LOGGED BY A. Henry BORING DEPTH 61 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING \_\_\_\_\_ COMP. 12 ft. **NOTES** LOG WITH WELL - ESEE2012DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 07:22 - TAESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS, ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_DRAFT/MCINTOS/HBORING LOGS/MCINTOS/H GENERAL STRATA **WELL DATA** NOTES: DEPTH (#) GRAPHIC LOG **DESCRIPTION** Top of casing Elev. = 66.80 DEPTH Low Plastic Organic Silt or Clay (OL) 63.3 -Surface Seal: concrete 2.0 Lean Clay (CL) Annular Fill: Cement-Bentonite Grout 37.9 35.9 Poorly-graded Sand (SP) Well-graded Sand with Clay (SW-SC) 33.2 29.9 → Annular Seal: bentonite pellets 37.5 Lean Clay (CL) 1A Silica Sand Filter Pack: 17.9 49.8 Screen Tip Elevation: 0.20 ft. 50.0 54.0 Silt (ML) -Backfill: Baroid 3/8 Hole Plug Chips (1.5 - 50lbs bags (61.0'-54.0')) and Filter Media 20/40 Silica Sand (1.5 -50lbs bags (54.0'-50.0')) Bottom of borehole at 61.0 feet. **WELL SPECIFICATIONS** Casing Diameter: 2 inches Screen Diameter: 2 inches

Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC Casing Length: \_\_feet

Screen Length: 10 feet Screen Mesh: 0.010"



SIMPLE GEOLOGY

## **BORING LOG**

SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

		ED <u>6/3/2016</u> COMPLETED <u>6/3/2016</u> SURF. ELEV.  R EQUIPMENT _ CME 75			
		LOGGED BY L. Petty CHECK			
		TH 34.4 ft. GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING			
(€)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	8 ELEVATION	Natural Gamma 120 522	WELL DATA  Top of casing Elev. = 40.66
	1111	Lean Clay (CL)	37.3		Surface Seal
	:::::}-	soft, moist, gray Well-graded Sand (SW)			
		well graded sand with trace day, soft, light brown, moist	34.8		
5		Clayey Sand (SC) sandy day, soft, friable, light brown, dry			Annular Fill
			29.3		
	Щ	Silt (ML)	28.8		
0	ı i i 🏻	light brown to gray, soft, dry Silty Sand (SM)			Annular Sea
5			40.0		Filter Pack
			19.3		
0		no recovery - wet			
			14.8		Filter Pack Screen Tip
25		Silty Sand (SM) very fine, soft, friable/ loose, light gray	11.0		Filter Pack Screen Tip Elevation
	1111		40.0		
		Silt (ML)	10.8		
		silt with trace day, orange, hard, moist	8.8		
30		Silty Sand (SM) silty sand, very fine grain, light brown, soft, wet	5.5		
		sitty sand, very fine grain, dark gray, soft, wet			
			3.4		0.0



LOG OF WELL INSTALLATION PROJECT Plant McIntosh SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES, INC. EARTH SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LOCATION Rincon, GA COMPLETED 6/3/2016 SURF. ELEV. 37.8 COORDINATES: N:32.349868 E:-81.169204 DATE STARTED 6/3/2016 CONTRACTOR TTL Inc EQUIPMENT CME 75 METHOD Hollow Stem Auger LOGGED BY L. Petty CHECKED BY DRILLED BY GROUND WATER DEPTH: DURING \_\_\_\_\_ COMP. BORING DEPTH 34.4 ft. LOS WITH WELL - ESEE2012DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 07:22 - T/JESEE MAJOR PROJECTS/PROJECTS. ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE\_BRAFTWCINTOSHIBORING LOGSIMCINTOSH AP.GPJ NOTES NOTES: DEPTH (ft) GRAPHIC LOG **GENERAL STRATA WELL DATA** ELEVATION **DESCRIPTION** Top of casing Elev. = 40.66 DEPTH 37.8 Surface Seal: concrete 0.5 n\_37.3 Lean Clay (CL) Well-graded Sand (SW) 34.8 Annular Fill:cement-bentonite grout Clayey Sand (SC) 9.5 Silt (ML) Annular Seal: bentonite pellets 11.5 Silty Sand (SM) 19.3 14.8 Filter Pack: silica filter sand 23.5 Screen Tip Elevation: 0.40 ft. Silty Sand (SM) 10.8 Silt (ML) 8.8 - Backfill: Silica Sand Silty Sand (SM) Bottom of borehole at 34.4 feet.

#### **WELL SPECIFICATIONS**

Casing Diameter: 2 inches

Casing Material: Schedule 40 PVC Casing Length: \_\_feet\_

Screen Diameter: 2 inches

Screen Length: 10 feet Screen Mesh: 0.010"



SOUTHERN COMPANY SERVICES INC.

PROJECT	Plant McIntosh	
LOCATION	Rincon, GA	

CONT DRILL BORII	RACTO	ED 6/4/2016 COMPLETED 6/4/2016 SURF. ELEV. 43.8  R TTL Inc	D Hollow Ste	em Auger	
DEPTH (ft)	GRAPHIC LOG	MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		tural Gamma 92 25 27	ELL DATA asing Elev. = 46.90
10		Silty Sand (SM) very fine grain, light brown, moist, loose  Silt (ML) light gray, moist, soft  fine grained with muscovite, soft/friable, moist  Silt (ML) clayey silt w/ trace sand, light gray, soft, friable, moist  33  Lean Clay (CL) clay w/ weathered lenses @ 11.5 & 12.5 (approxiamately 6" thick), light brown, somewhat stiff, moist  28  Silt (ML) orange, friable, moist, soft clayey silt w/ sand lenses throughout, sand lenses are very thin <1" & sand is very fine & white, ML is light gray with olice gray @ 21.5' to dark blue gray @ 24', wet, soft	8		Surface Seal
25		dark blue gray, soft, wet, fine sand throughout trace mica  Poorly-graded Sand (SP) very fine sand, dark gray, trace mica, wet, moderaltely loose	8		Annular Seal
35		5/			Screen Tip

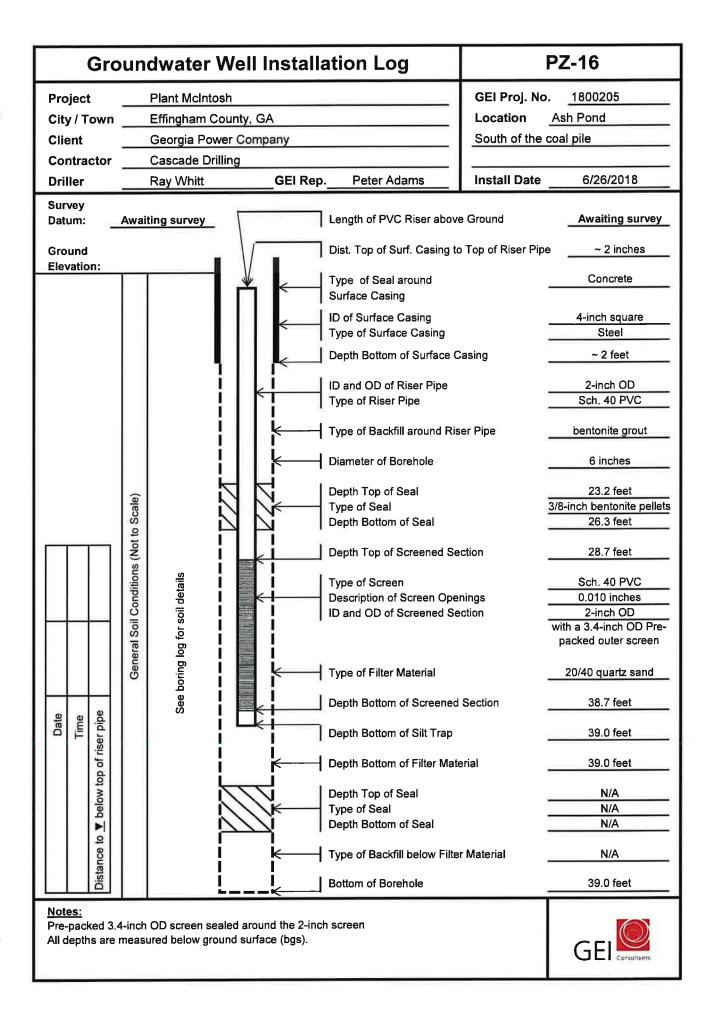


CO	NTRACTOR	TTL Inc EQUI	PMENT <u>CM</u>									
9												
SHIBORING LOGS/MCINT	GRAPHIC LOG	GENERAL STRATA DESCRIPTION	ELEVATION	WELL DATA NOTES  Top of casing Elev. = 46.90								
TWCINTO		Silty Sand (SM)	43.8	Surface Seal: concrete 0.5								
IT PRIVILEGE_DRAF		Silt (ML)	38.8									
ESEE MAJOR PROJECTSNPROJECTS_ATTORNEY CLIENT PRIVILEGE_DRAFTWICHTOSHBORING LOGS/MICHTOSH APP  35   20   15   19   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5		Lean Clay (CL)	28.8	- Annular Fill:cement-bentonite grout								
E MAJOR PROJECTSVR		Silt (ML)		23.0								
			140	→ Annular Seal: bentonite pellets 26.0								
ECH LOG WITH WELL - ESEE2012DATABASE.GDT - 10/16/17 07:22 - T:		Poorly-graded Sand (SP)	14.8	→ Filter Pack: silica filter sand								
4 WELL - ESEE2012.		Bottom of borehole at 38.4 feet.	5.4	Screen Tip Elevation: 0.40 ft.								
DG WITH		WE	ELL SPEC	IFICATIONS								

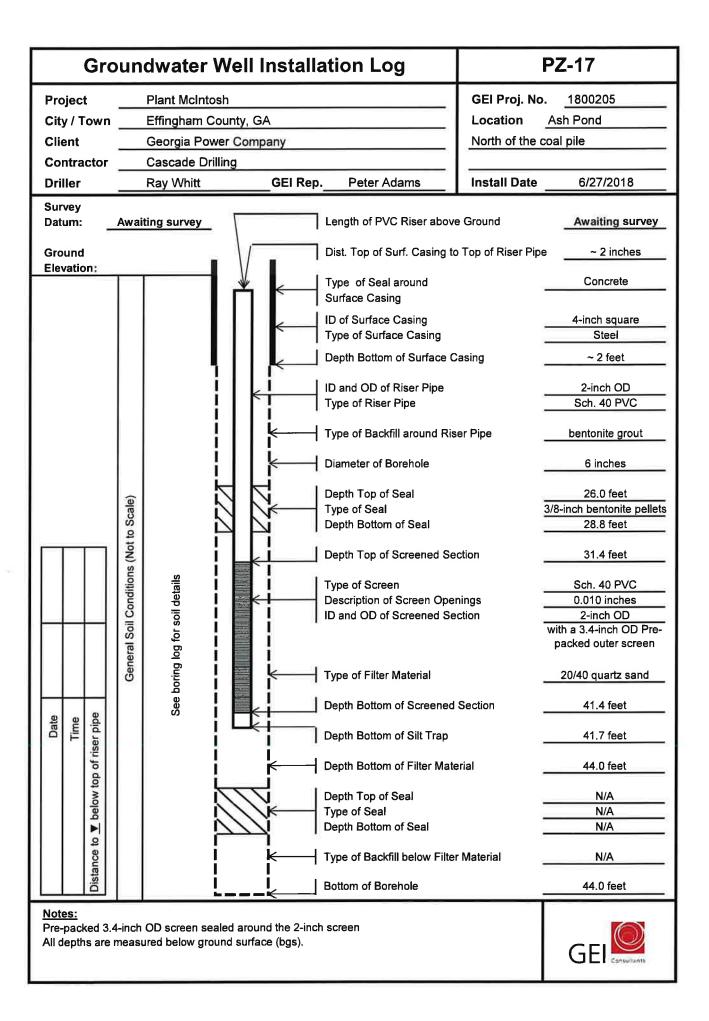
				ATTON	ortheart -	f D7_42					BORING	
LOCATION: Ash Pond, Northeast of PZ-13  GROUND SURFACE EL. (ft): NM DATE START/END:										018 - 6/26/2018		
VERTICAL DATUM: DRILLING COMPANY											PZ-15	
TOTA	LC	DEPTH	1 (f	t):28.0	)				_			
LOGG	EC	BY:	-	P. Adams				RIG TYPE: MiniSonic	11000	,	PAGE 1 of 1	
DRILL				MATION NA				CASING I.D./O.D.: 6	inch/ l	NA CORE BAS	REL TYPE:	
				_	IA			DRILL ROD O.D.: N			REL I.D./O.D.: 4 inch / NA	
					nic Drilling							
WATE	RI	LEVÉ	LD	EPTHS (1	ft): Not	measured						
ABBR	EV	IATIC	NS	Rec RQD WOR	= Penetration = Recovery = Rock Qua = Length of = Weight of	Length ality Designa Sound Core of Rods	tion s>4 in / Pen.,	S = Split Spoon Sample C = Core Sample U = Undisturbed Sample SC = Sonic Core DP = Direct Push Sample HSA = Hollow-Stern Auger		NA, NM = Not Applicable, Not Measured Blows per 6 in.: 140 lb hammer falling 30 inches to drive a 2-inch-O.D. split spoon sampler.		
	Ī		Ι	Sa	mple Inf	ormation			b			
Elev. (ft)		epth (ft)		Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blows per 6 in. or RQD	Drilling Remarks/ Field Test Data	Graphic Log	Soil and	Rock Description	
	+		T	T	.0	60/60		Hand-augered to 5 feet.	111	\ (0-0.2'): TOPSOIL		
	r				to 5	-5.50				(0.2-2'): FAT CLAY (CH); ~8 sand. Hard. Moist. Grey-bro	5% high plasticity fines, ~15% fine	
	-									250,000,000,000,000	(CL); ~70% medium plasticity fines,	
		- 5									~70% fine to medium sand, ~30% s. Medium dense, Moist, Brown.	
	-			SC1	5 to 8	36/36						
	-			SC2	8	120/120						
		- 10			to 18					(9-11'): SILTY SAND (SM); fines. Medium dense. Moist.	~70% fine sand, ~30% nonplastic Brown.	
	1									(11-14'): SANDY SILT (ML); fines, ~40% fine sand, Stiff.	~60% nonplastic to low plasticity Moist, Brown.	
	-	- 15								(14-16'): CLAYEY SAND (So ~40% low plasticity fines. Me	C); ~60% fine to medium sand, dium dense. Moist. Grey-brown.	
	-									(16-25'): SILTY SAND (SM); nonplastic fines. Dense. We	~85% fine to coarse sand, ~15% t. Grey.	
	_			SC3	18	120/120						
	-	- 20		303	to 28	120/120						
	-											
	-	- 25										
		25								(25-28'): CLAYEY SAND (St ~40% low plasticity fines. De	C); ~60% fine to medium sand, ense. Moist. Grey-brown.	
	-		ı						222	Bottom of boring at depth 28	ft.	
NOTES	NOTES: Monitoring well PZ-15 installed here, see installation log for details.									PROJECT NAME: Georgia Power Company - Plant McIntosh CITY/STATE: Effingham County, GA		
									GEI PROJECT NUMBER: 1800205			

Gro	oundwater Well Installation Log	PZ-15
Project	Plant McIntosh	GEI Proj. No1800205
City / Town	Effingham County, GA	Location Ash Pond
Client	Georgia Power Company	Northeast of PZ-13
Contractor	Cascade Drilling	2
Driller	Ray Whitt GEI Rep. Peter Adams	Install Date 6/26/2018
Survey Datum:	Awaiting survey Length of PVC Riser above	ve Ground Awaiting survey
Ground	Dist. Top of Surf. Casing	to Top of Riser Pipe ~ 2 inches
Elevation:	Type of Seal around Surface Casing	Concrete
	ID of Surface Casing	4-inch square
	Type of Surface Casing  Depth Bottom of Surface	Steel ~ 2 feet
	ID and OD of Riser Pipe	2-inch OD
l I	Type of Riser Pipe	Sch. 40 PVC
	Type of Backfill around R	iser Pipebentonite grout
	Diameter of Borehole	6 inches
	Depth Top of Seal	11.0 feet
	Type of Seal Depth Bottom of Seal	3/8-inch bentonite pellets 13.0 feet
	g Deptil Bottom of Geal	10.0 (cet
	Type of Seal Depth Bottom of Seal Depth Top of Screened S  Type of Screened S  In the seal Depth Top of Screened S  Type of Screened S  Type of Screened S  Type of Screened S	ection 15.3 feet
	Type of Screen Description of Screen Op ID and OD of Screened S	Sch. 40 PVC
	Description of Screen Op ID and OD of Screened S	
		with a 3.4-inch OD Pre-
		packed outer screen
	Type of Filter Material  Depth Bottom of Screene	20/40 quartz sand
9 0 9	Depth Bottom of Screene	d Section 25.3 feet
Date Time ser pipe	Depth Bottom of Silt Trap	25.6 feet
Date Time below top of riser pipe	Depth Bottom of Filter Ma	terial28.0 feet
ow tc	Depth Top of Seal	N/A
	Type of Seal	N/A
t 0	Depth Bottom of Seal	N/A
Distance	Type of Backfill below Filt	
Dis	Bottom of Borehole	28.0 feet
Notes: Pre-packed 3. All depths are	GEI Consultants	

	IG INFO		_	outh of the	e coal pile						BORING
										18 - 6/26/2018	PZ-16
			M: t): 40.0	0			_	DRILLING COMPANY: Cascade  DRILLER NAME: Ray Whitt			PZ-10
		-	P. Adams				RIG TYPE: MiniSor		_		PAGE 1 of 1
DRILL	ING INF	OR	MATION								
	ER TYP							6 inch	/ N		REL TYPE:
			NA / N OD: So	NA Onic Drilling	1		DRILL ROD O.D.:	NM		CORE BAR	REL I.D./O.D.: 4 inch / NA
			EPTHS (		measured						
ABBRI	EVIATIO	NS	Rec. RQD WOR	= Penetrati = Recovery = Rock Qu = Length of R = Weight of I = Weight of	Length ality Designa Sound Core of Rods	tion s>4 in / Pen.,	S = Split Spoon Sample C = Core Sample U = Undisturbed Sample SC = Sonic Core DP = Direct Push Sample HSA = Hollow-Stem Aug	ė	2000	Qp = Pocket Penetrometer Strength Sv = Pocket Torvane Shear Strength LL = Liquid Limit PI = Plasticity Index PID = Photonization Detector ,D,/O,D, = Inside Diarneter/Outside Di	NA, NM = Not Applicable, Not Measured Blows per 6 in.: 140 lb hammer falling 30 inches to drive a 2-inch-O.D. split spoon sampler, ameter
			Sa	ample In	ormation				g		
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)		Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blows per 6 in, or RQD	Drilling Remarks/ Field Test Data		Graphic Log	Soil and I	Rock Description
	-	T		0 to	60/60		Hand-augered to 5 feet			(0-0.2'): TOPSOIL	CAND (C1): 2959/ modium planticity
				5							SAND (CL); ~85% medium plasticity stiff. Moist. Organics throughout.
											(CL); ~60% low to medium plasticity
	- 5	I	SC1	5 to	60/60					(4-8'): SILTY SAND (SM); ~8	30% fine to medium sand, ~20%
		ı		10						nonplastic fines. Dense. Moi	
	- 40									(8-15'): FAT CLAY (CH); ~90 sand. Very hard. Moist. Red-	0% high plasticity fines, ~10% fine -brown.
	10	Ī	SC2	10 to	120/120						
		ı		20							
	- - 15	ı									
	- 13	ı								(15-18'): SANDY LEAN CLA fines, ~30% fine sand, Very	Y (CL); ~70% medium plasticity stiff. Moist. Red-brown,
	-	ı								(18-20'): CLAYEY SAND (SO medium plasticity fines, Med	C); ~60% fine sand, ~40% low to
	20	t	SC3	20	120/48			2	22	(20-26'): NO RECOVERY	ram danse. Moist. Grey
		ı		to 30	120/10						
	= =	ı									
	_ 25										
										(26-28'): SANDY LEAN CLA' fines, ~40% fine sand. Stiff. I	Y (CL); ~60% medium plasticity Moist. Light brown.
										·	c); ~80% fine sand, ~20% low to
	30	+	SC4	30	120/120			0.		(30-39'): SILTY SAND WITH	GRAVEL (SW-SM); ~75% fine to
	-		554	to 40	120/120				O	coarse sand, ~15% nonplast angular to subrounded grave	ic fines, ~10% fine to coarse Il including shells. Dense. Wet.
								Δ.	0.	Grey-brown.	
	- 35							4			
	-							σ.	Q N		
										700 Yell Co	
	40	1						2	22	(39-40'): CLAYEY SAND (SC plasticity fines. Dense. Wet.	; ~70% fine sand, ~30% low Grey.
										Bottom of boring at depth 40	ft.
							eet. Monitoring well			ECT NAME: Georgia Power Con	npany - Plant
2Z-16 i	nstalled	her	e, see ins	stallation lo	g for detail	S.		McI CIT		sh S <b>TATE:</b> Effingham County, GA	C FI
								1		ROJECT NUMBER: 1800205	Consultants

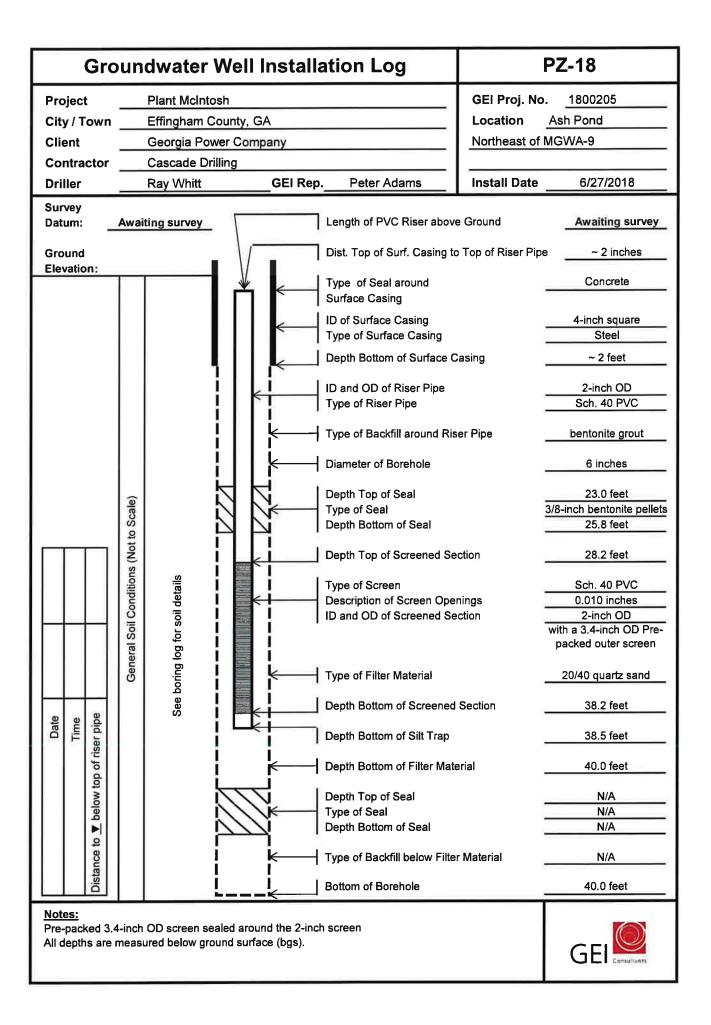


	ig info tion:			orth of the	coal pile					BORING
				t): NM			DATE START/END: _6	6/27/2018 - 6/27/2018		
	CAL DA						DRILLING COMPANY:			
			i):44.i P. Adams				DRILLER NAME: Ray RIG TYPE: MiniSonic 1	44000		
			. Audins				THE TITE. WITHOUTE			PAGE 1 of 1
_			MATION							
	ER TYP		NA / N	IA.			CASING I.D./O.D.: 6 i			RREL TYPE:
				nic Drilling	9		DIVILE NOD O.D		OOKE DAI	THOIT TW
WATE	R LEVE	L D	EPTHS (	ft): Not	measured					
ABBRI	EVIATIO	)NS	Rec RQD	= Length of	Length ality Designat Sound Core				Qp = Pocket Penetrometer Strength Sv = Pocket Torvane Shear Strength LL = Liquid Limit Pl = Plasticity Index	NA, NM = Not Applicable, Not Measured Blows per 6 in.: 140 lb hammer falling 30 inches to drive a 2-inch-O.D. split spoon sampler.
				t = Weight of l = Weight of			DP = Direct Push Sample HSA = Hollow-Stern Auger		PID = Photoionization Detector I <sub>2</sub> D <sub>4</sub> /O <sub>5</sub> D <sub>5</sub> = Inside Diameter/Outside D	
			Sa	mple In	formation			l g		
Elev. (ft)	Depth (ft)	8	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blows per 6 in. or RQD	Drilling Remarks/ Field Test Data	Graphic Log	Soil and	Rock Description
	_			0	60/60		Hand-augered to 5 feet		(0-0.2'): TOPSOIL	)), 00% 5 1 40°' "
	- 5			to 5					plasticity fines. Medium den	01 5
			SC1	5 to 10	60/60				(5-10'): LEAN CLAY WITH S fines, ~15% fine sand. Stiff.	SAND (CL); ~85% medium plasticity Moist. Red-brown with grey mottling.
12	- 10 -	İ	SC2	10 to 20	120/120				(10-13'): FAT CLAY (CH); ~ sand. Very hard. Moist. Red	90% high plasticity fines, ~10% fine -brown with grey mottling.
	15 								(13-20'): SANDY FAT CLAY ~25% fine sand. Hard. Moist	(CH); ~75% high plasticity fines, t. Grey.
	- 20 - - - - 25		SC3	20 to 30	120/120				(25-30'): CLAYEY SAND (S	C); ~75% fine to coarse sand, ~25%
	-								low to medium plasticity fine	s. Medium dense. Wet. Grey.
	- 30 - - -		SC4	30 to 35	60/60			0.0	coarse sand, ~15% nonplast	I GRAVEL (SM); ~75% fine to tic to low plasticity fines, ~10% fine added gravel including shells. Dense.
	- 35 - - -	İ	SC5	35 to 40	60/60			940		
	- 40 - -	İ	SC6	40 to 44	48/48			0	(43-44'): CLAVEV SAND (S)	C); ~80% fine sand, ~20% medium
	- - 45 -							(2)	plasticity fines. Dense. Very Bottom of boring at depth 44	Moist. Brown-grey.
	S: Monit	orin	g well PZ	-17 install	l ed here, se	l e installatio		McInt CITY	JECT NAME: Georgia Power Corosh STATE: Effingham County, GA	mpany - Plant

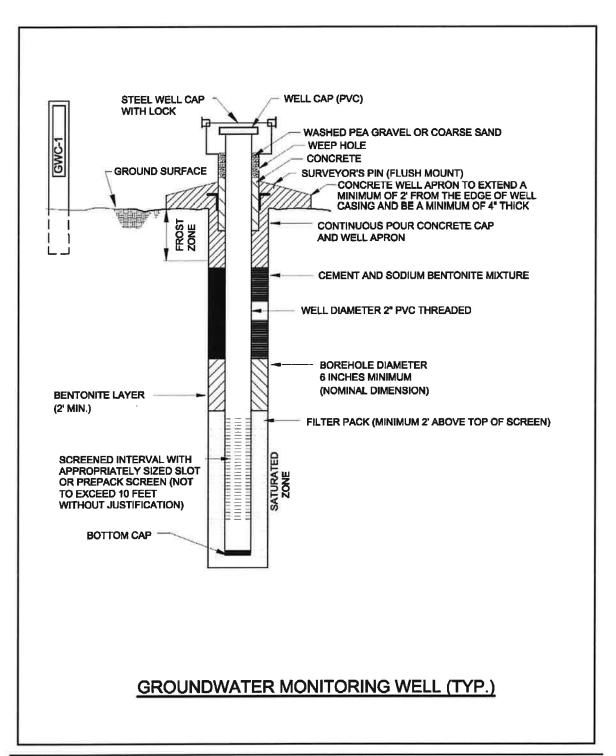


		RMATION							BORING
	_	Ash Pond, I				DATE START/END:	6/27/2/	018 - 6/27/2018	Borano
	CAL DA		(11.).			DRILLING COMPANY:		scade	PZ-18
		(ft): 40	.0			DRILLER NAME: Ra			1 2 10
		P. Adam				RIG TYPE: MiniSonic	•		PAGE 1 of 1
									1702 10.1
DRILL	ING INF	ORMATION	7						
1		E: NA				_	inch/ N		RREL TYPE:
		D.: <u>NA/</u> THOD: S				DRILL ROD O.D.: N	VI	CORE BAI	RREL I.D./O.D.: 4 inch / NA
		DEPTHS		*					
			(14)						
ABBR	EVIATIO	Rec RQI WO	= Penetrati = Recovery D = Rock Qu = Length of R = Weight of H = Weight	y Length Iality Designa f Sound Core of Rods	tion s>4 in / Pen.,	S = Split Spoon Sample C = Core Sample U = Undisturbed Sample SC = Sonic Core DP = Direct Push Sample HSA = Hollow-Stern Auger		Qp = Pocket Penetrometer Strength Sv = Pocket Torvane Shear Strength LL = Liquid Limit PI = Plasticity Index PID = Photoionization Detector I,D,/O,D. = Inside Diameter/Outside D	NA, NM = Not Applicable, Not Measured Blows per 6 in.: 140 lb hammer falling 30 inches to drive a 2-inch-O.D, split spoon sampler, itameter
		s	ample In	formation			Б		
Flev	Depth			T.,	DI.	Drilling Remarks/	김		
(ft)	(ft)	Sample No.	Depth (ft)	Pen./ Rec. (in)	Blows per 6 in. or RQD	Field Test Data	Graphic Log	Soil and	Rock Description
	4		0 to	60/60		Hand-augered to 5 feet.		(0-0.3'): TOPSOIL	050/ 5-1-1-1-1-1-1-5 450/ 5
	5		5					(0.2-13): FAT CLAY (CH); a sand. Very hard. Moist. Red	-85% high <b>plast</b> icity fines, ~15% fine -brown with grey mottling.
	: :	SC1	5 to 10	60/60					
	10	SC2	10 to 20	120/120					
								(13-14'): SANDY LEAN CLA fines, ~30% fine sand. Hard	(Y (CL); ~70% medium plasticity
	15							(14-15'): CLAYEY SAND (S	C); ~60% fine to medium sand,
	-	11						~40% low to medium plastic Brown-grey.	ity fines. Medium dense. Moist.
									C); ~80% fine to coarse sand, ~20%
	=							low plasticity fines. Dense. N	
	_ 20	SC3	20 to 30	120/120				fines, ~40% fine sand. Stiff.	
									C); ~60% fine sand, ~40% low to lium dense. Very moist, Brown-grey.
ı	- 25 -								
4	_						0.54		I GRAVEL (SM); ~70% fine to tic to low plasticity fines, ~10% fine
	30	SC4	30 to 40	120/120			.0		nded gravel including shells. Dense.
			100				A.		
	- 35						s D		
	-						.O		
							0		
	- 40	1					122	(39-40'): CLAYEY SAND (Sometium plasticity fines. Den	C); ~70% fine sand, ~30% low to se. Moist. Grey-brown.
								Bottom of boring at depth 40	
		<u> </u>			<b></b> _	1. 6. 4.4.7.	DDC.	FOT NAME: O	Diant.
NOTES	s: Monito	oring well P	∠-18 install	ed nere, se	e installatio	n log for details.	McInt	IECT NAME: Georgia Power Colosh STATE: Effingham County, GA PROJECT NUMBER: 1800205	GEI Consultants

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# **Appendix B - Groundwater Monitoring Well Detail**



## **Appendix C - Groundwater Sampling Procedure**

Field log books and forms shall be kept for each sampling event, and should include the following, but not limited to, well signage, well access, sampling and purging equipment condition, and any site conditions that may affect sampling. Groundwater sampling will be conducted using the most current version of EPA Region 4 SESD Operating Procedure - Groundwater Sampling (EPA, SESDPROC-301-R#) as a guide. The following procedures describe the general methods associated with groundwater sampling at the Site. Prior to sampling, the well must be evacuated (purged) to ensure that representative groundwater is obtained. Any item coming in contact with the inside of the well casing or the well water will be kept in a clean container and handled only with gloved hands.

GPC will follow the procedures below at each well to ensure that a representative sample is collected:

- 1. Check the well, the lock, and the locking cap for damage or evidence of tampering. Record observations and notify GPC if it appears that the well has been compromised.
- Measure and record the depth to water in all wells to be sampled prior to purging. Static water levels will be measured from each well, within a 24-hour period. The water measuring device shall consist of a probe and measuring tape capable of measuring water levels with accuracy to 0.1 feet. The water level measuring device will be decontaminated prior to lowering in each well.
- 3. Install Pump: If a dedicated pump is not present, slowly lower the pump into the well to the midpoint of the well screen or a depth otherwise approved by the hydrogeologist or project scientist. The pump intake must be kept at least 2 feet above the bottom of the well to prevent disturbance and suspension of any sediment present in the bottom of the well. Record the depth to which the pump is lowered. All non-dedicated pumps and wiring will be decontaminated before use and between well locations using procedures described in the most current version of the Region 4 EPA SESD Operating Procedure Field Equipment Cleaning and Decontamination (EPA, SESDPROC-205-R#) as a guide.
- 4. Measure Water Level: Immediately prior to purging, measure the water level again with the pump in the well. Leave the water level measuring device in the well.
- 5. Purge Well: Begin pumping the well at approximately 100 to 500 milliliters per minute (mL/min). Monitor the water level continually. Maintain a steady flow rate that results in a stabilized water level with 0.3 feet or less of variability. Avoid entraining air in the tubing. Record each adjustment made to the pumping rate and the water level measured immediately after each adjustment.
- 6. Monitor Indicator Parameters: Monitor and record the field indicator parameters (pH, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen [DO]), turbidity, temperature, and oxidation reduction potential [ORP]) approximately every 3 to 5 minutes. With the exception of temperature and ORP, which do not have stabilization criteria, the well is considered stabilized and ready for sample collection when the indicator parameters have stabilized for three consecutive readings at a minimum:
  - ±0.1 for pH
  - ± 5% for specific conductance (conductivity)

- ±10% or ±0.2 mg/L (whichever is greater) for DO where DO>0.5mg/L. If DO<0.5mg/L no stabilization criteria apply</li>
- Temperature Record only, not used for stabilization criteria
- ORP Record only, not used for stabilization criteria.
- ≤10 for turbidity (see additional details below)

The goal when sampling is to attain a turbidity of less than 5 NTU; however, samples may be collected where turbidity is less than 10 NTU and the stabilization criteria described above are met. If sample turbidity is greater than 5 NTU and all other stabilization criteria have been met, samplers will continue purging for 1 additional hour in order to reduce the turbidity to 5 NTU or less.

- If turbidity remains above 5 NTU but is less than 10 NTU after the additional hour of purging, and all other parameters are stabilized, the well can be sampled.
- Where turbidity remains above 10 NTU, an unfiltered sample will be collected followed by a filtered sample that has passed through an in-line 0.45-micron filter attached to the discharge (sample collection) tube. Data from filtered samples will only be used to quantify the effects of turbidity on sample results. Samplers will identify the sample bottle as containing a filtered sample on the sample bottle label and on COC form.
- 7. Collect samples at a flow rate between 50 and 250 mL/min and such that drawdown of the water level within the well is stable. Flow rate must be reduced if excessive drawdown is observed during sampling. All sample containers should be filled with minimal turbulence by allowing the groundwater to flow from the tubing gently down the inside of the container.
- 8. Compliance samples will be unfiltered; however, to determine if turbidity is affecting sample results, duplicate samples may be filtered in the field prior to being placed in a sample container, clearly marked as filtered and preserved. Filtering will be accomplished by the use of 0.45-micron filters on the sampling line. At least two filter volumes of sample will pass through before filling sample containers. Filtered samples are not considered compliance samples and are only used to evaluate the effects of turbidity.
- 9. All sample bottles will be filled, capped, and placed in a cooler containing ice immediately after sampling where temperature control is required. Samples that do not require temperature control will be placed in a clean and secure container.
- 10. Sample containers and preservative will be appropriate for the analytical method being used.
- 11. Information contained on sample container labels will include:
  - a. Name of Site
  - b. Date and time of sampling
  - c. Sample description (well number)
  - d. Sampler's initials

- e. Preservatives
- f. Analytical method(s)
- 12. After samples are collected, samplers will remove all non-dedicated equipment. Upon completion of all activity the well will be closed and locked.
- 13. Samples will be delivered to the laboratory following appropriate COC and temperature control requirements. The goal for sample delivery will be within 48 hours of collection; however, at no time will samples be analyzed after the method-prescribed hold time.

Throughout the sampling process new latex or nitrile gloves will be worn by the sampling personnel. A clean pair of new, disposable gloves will be worn each time a different location is sampled, and new gloves donned prior to filling sample bottles. Gloves will be discarded after sampling each well and before sampling the next well.

