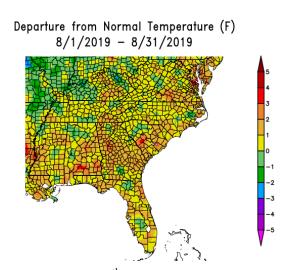
## **August 2019 Climate Summary – Georgia**

Nyasha Dunkley, Deputy State Climatologist State of Georgia Climate Office

August was characterized by slightly above normal average temperatures statewide. Areas of below normal precipitation were evident in north central and southeast parts of the state, while much of the state remained near to slight above normal. The mean August weather pattern featured a mid-level high pressure ridge over the central states and anomalously strong troughing over the eastern U.S.

Each of the major climate sites recorded above normal temperatures for the month. Atlanta had its 6<sup>th</sup> warmest August on record at 82.5° (+3.1). A daily high maximum temperature



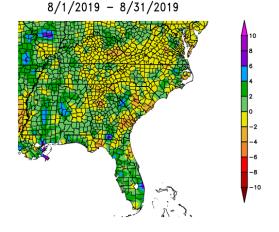
record was tied on the 13th at 100°, tying the previous record set in 2007. Macon's average temperature was 82.8° (+1.9), Columbus recorded  $83.7^{\circ}$  (+1.8), and Augusta reached  $82.6^{\circ}$  (+2.1). Savannah's average August temperature was 83.5° (+2.0), setting a daily high maximum temperature record on the 10<sup>th</sup> of 100°. This tied the previous record set in 1987.

Augusta had the 1st wettest August on record with total rainfall of 12.92" (+8.60"). A daily maximum rainfall record was set on the 19th and 23<sup>rd</sup> of the month, at 2.33" and 3.20", respectively.

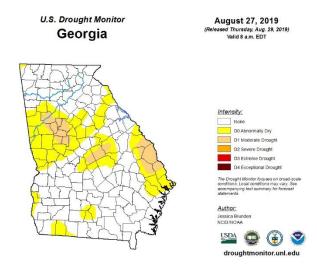
Departure from Normal Precipitation (in)

Athens saw its 5<sup>th</sup> wettest August on record at 8.78" (+5.25"), while Macon also received above normal rainfall of 6.19" (+2.09") for the month. Atlanta, Columbus, and Savannah all recorded below normal precipitation for August, at 1.89" (-2.01"), 3.54" (-0.23"), and 3.39" (-3.17"), respectively.

The U.S. Drought Monitor showed a slight increase in abnormally dry and moderate drought conditions across the state from the beginning of August to the end of the month. D0 (abnormally dry) conditions existed in central, southwest, and southeast Georgia, while pockets of D1 (moderate



drought) conditions were present within the areas of D0 throughout the state.



ENSO-neutral conditions continued in August with near-average sea surface temperatures across most of the central and eastern equatorial Pacific Ocean. ENSO-neutral conditions are expected to continue through the Fall 2019 months and into Spring 2020. The seasonal outlook from the Climate Prediction Center for September, October, and November favors above normal temperatures for the state and equal chances of above, near or below normal precipitation for much of the state.

