

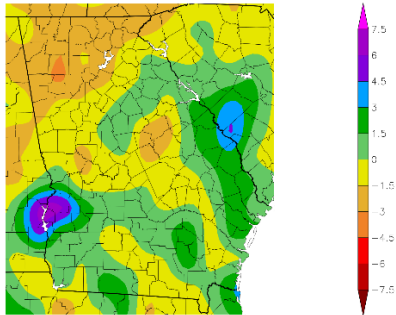
# May 2023 Climate Summary – Georgia

Eleanor Partington and Nyasha Dunkley

State of Georgia Climate Office

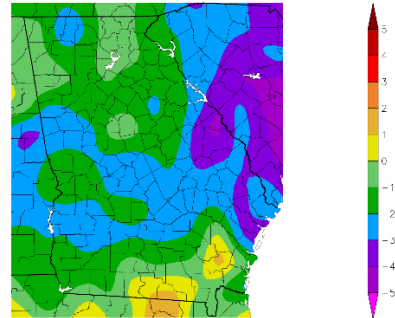
After a warm and wet start to the year, May was comparatively cooler and drier. Cooler than normal temperatures spanned across the entire state, and while precipitation was more variable, the majority of the state received less rain than normal. In May, the average temperature was 69.4°F which is 1.6°F cooler than normal, and the average rainfall was 3.38 inches which is 0.33 inches less than normal.

Departure from Normal Precipitation (in)  
5/1/2023 – 5/31/2023



Generated 8/10/2023 at: PRCC using provisional data.

Departure from Normal Temperature (F)  
5/1/2023 – 5/31/2023

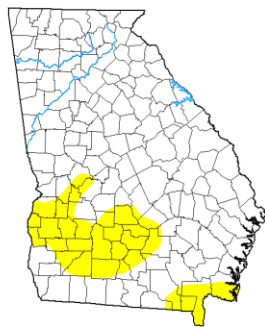


NOMA Regional Climate Centers. Generated 6/10/2023 at: PRCC using provisional data.

NOMA Regional Climate Centers

According to the U.S. Drought Monitor, Abnormally Dry (D0) conditions continued across a small portion of South Georgia, while much of the state remained drought-free. The seasonal outlook from the Climate Prediction Center suggests that drought conditions will remain absent from much of the southeastern U.S. throughout the summer months.

U.S. Drought Monitor  
Georgia



May 2, 2023  
(Released Thursday, May 4, 2023)  
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

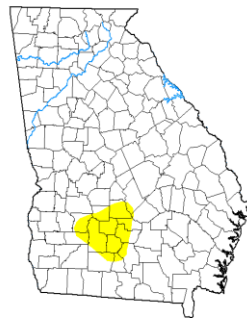
**Intensity:**  
None  
D0 Abnormally Dry  
D1 Moderate Drought  
D2 Severe Drought  
D3 Extreme Drought  
D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/about.aspx>

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USDA NCEI/NOAA  
droughtmonitor.unl.edu

U.S. Drought Monitor  
Georgia



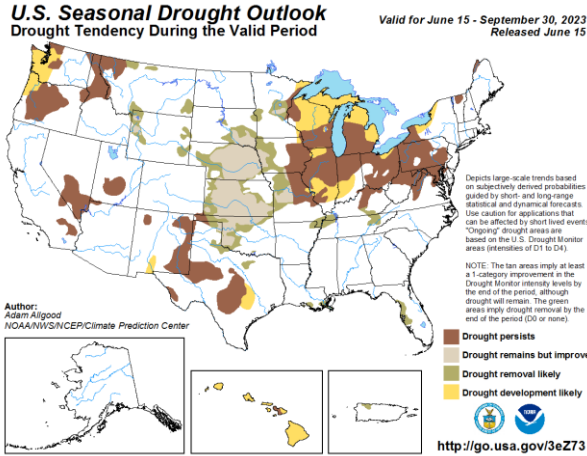
May 30, 2023  
(Released Thursday, Jun. 1, 2023)  
Valid 8 a.m. EDT

**Intensity:**  
None  
D0 Abnormally Dry  
D1 Moderate Drought  
D2 Severe Drought  
D3 Extreme Drought  
D4 Exceptional Drought

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According to the Climate Prediction Center, an El Nino watch remains in place with El Nino conditions likely to develop within the next few months and persist (greater than 90% chance) into the winter. The seasonal outlook from the Climate Prediction Center for June, July, and August favors the probability of above normal rainfall and above normal temperatures.

