## **FORMS**

All testing and equipment checks are required to be documented on GA EPD UST forms or comparable forms with same information.

Underground Storage Tank (UST)forms may be found at:

https://epd.georgia.gov/ underground-storage-tank-forms

3 YEAR CONT		GA EPD UST MP INTEGRI		ORT (High Lev	el)
Facility Name:		Own	r.		
Address:			Address:		
City, County, Zip:			City, State, Zip:		
Fadility I.D. #:		Phon			
ster Name: Tester Company:			Tester Phone #.		
		Instructions			
If a low level test is to be Report (Low Level Metho https://epd.georgia.gov/u     Use this form for new ins	d) form to docume nderground-store	ent the recults w	nctead, use 3 Year nich can be found o	Containment Sum on the EPD website	p Integrity Tect at
<ol><li>This form allows you to rec</li></ol>	ord up to 5 Tank Nu	imbers.			
<ol> <li>Double walled containment</li> </ol>					
<ol><li>Testing must be performed equivalent) or the manufact</li></ol>	turer's instructions.	a nationally reco	mized code of pract	ice (such as PEI RP	-1200 or
<ol><li>Keep records of this testing</li></ol>					
Code of Practice or Manufacturer's i	nstructions used:				
Tank # or Owner's Dispenser #					
Product Stored (N/A for dispenser)					
Type of sump tested	☐ sub pump ☐ intermediate ☐ dispenser	☐ sub pump ☐ intermediate ☐ dispenser	☐ sub pump ☐ intermediate ☐ dispenser	☐ sub pump ☐ intermediate ☐ dispenser	☐ sub pump ☐ intermediate ☐ dispenser
Test method used	□ vacuum □ pressure □ hydrostatic □ manufacturer's Instructions	□ vacuum □ pressure □ hydrostatic □ manufacturer instructions	□ vacuum □ pressure □ hydrostatic	□ vacuum □ pressure □ hydrostatic	□ vacuum □ pressure □ hydrostatic □ manufacturer Instructions
Sump free of cracks, holes, and	□ ves	□ ves	□ ves	□ ves	□ ves
compromised boots? (if no, it fails without testing)	□ no	□ no	□ no	□ no	□ no
Water, fuel, trash & debris removed from basin prior to test?	□ yes □ no	□ yes □ no	□ yes □ no	□ yes □ no	□ yes □ no
(dispose of property)	U10	210	2110	2110	210
Height from bottom of sump to highest penetration in inches?					
Starting test level above bottom of sump in inches?					
(hydrostatic test only) Test start time	-:-	-:-	-:-		- :
Test end time					
Measured water level drop in inches accurate to 1/16 inch (hydrostatic test only)					
Result of test (Hydrostatic test falls if level drops 1/8	□ pass □ fall	□ pass □ fall	□ pass	□ pass □ fall	□ pass
inch or more.) Tester's initials and date tested	1 1		/ /	/ /	J. 1 /
Tester's initials and date tested  Repairs Needed	Date of Repair	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /			
Repairs Needed	Date of Repair	Decomption of any Repairs			
		I			



### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION**

Underground Storage Tank Program Management
Land Protection Branch
4244 International Parkway
Atlanta, Georgia 30354
404-362-2687



# For more information please visit our website:

https://epd.georgia.gov/undergroundstorage-tanks



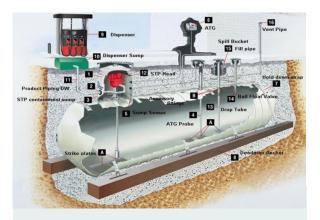
### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION**

## IMPLEMENTATION GUIDELINE FOR

**RULE 391-3-15** 

### Requirements effective now:

- •Vent lines flow restrictors (ball float) cannot be installed.
- •Testing following repair.
- •Closure of internal lined tanks that fail internal lining inspection and cannot be repaired.
- •Overfill inspection, spill bucket and sumps used for interstitial monitoring of pipes must be tested at installation for USTs installed on or after December 15, 2017.
- •Demonstrating compatibility for system with greater than 10% ethanol and 20% biodiesel.
- •For Airport Hydrant systems, and UST systems with field-constructed tanks:
  - •Notification and financial Responsibility
  - •Release reporting
  - •Closure
- •Regardless of financial mechanism, owners and operators must maintain records for 3 years.
- •Annual Tank Registration must be completed by December 31 of each year.



# Requirements effective December 15, 2020:

- Site assessment for groundwater and vapor monitoring.
- Release detection for emergency generators; Airport hydrant system and fieldconstructed tanks.
- Testing of spill buckets, release detection equipment and containment sumps used for interstitial monitoring of piping.
- Overfill Prevention equipment inspection.
- Walkthrough inspections.

#### REQUIREMENTS EFFECTIVE NOW

Flow restrictors (ball float) in vent lines may no longer be used to meet the overfill prevention requirement at new installations and when an existing flow restrictor needs replacement. [GA Rule 391-3-15-.05 (1); 280.20(c)(3)],

- Within 30 days after repairs, secondary containment areas of tanks and piping used for interstitial monitoring must be tested for tightness [GA Rule 391-3-15-05 (1): 280.33 (d)].
- Within 30 days after repairs, secondary containment areas of containment sumps used for interstitial monitoring of pipes must be tested for tightness [GA Rule 391-3-15-.05 (1); 280.33(d)].
- •Within 30 days after repair, overfill prevention equipment must be tested for proper function; spill bucket must be tested for tightness [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06 (1); 280.33(f)].

Testing required at time of installation for USTs installed on or after December 15, 2017 [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06 (1); 280.35 (b)[2)].

- Spill Bucket and containment sumps used for interstitial monitoring of pipes [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.35 (a)(1)(j)].
- Overfill prevention equipment [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.35 (a)(2)].

Internally lined tanks that fail the internal lining inspection and cannot be repaired in accordance with a nationally recognized code of practice must be permanently closed [GA Rule 391-3-15-.05; 280.21(b)(1)(ii)].

Owners/operators must <u>provide notification 30 days prior</u> to switching to a regulated substance and demonstrate compatibility for systems containing greater than 10% ethanol, greater than 20% biodiesel or any other regulated substances. This notification must in writing [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.32(b)].

For USTS systems with airport hydrant fuel distribution systems and field-constructed tanks, installed before December 15, 2017 [GA Rule 391-3-15-.17; 280.251(a)]:

- · Notification and financial responsibility
- Release reporting
- Closure

All records, regardless of financial mechanism shall be maintained for a minimum period of thirty-six (36) months, unless a longer period is specified in 40 CFR 280. [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06 (2)]

Annual Tank Registration must be completed by December 31st of each year. [GA Rule 391-3-15-.05(4)(a)]

•As of December 15, 2017, Owner should use the new rule for SIR. The new rules reads, "Use a threshold that does not exceed one-half the minimum detectable leak rate". Interpretation: owner cannot use the threshold level of 0.1 gph.

#### **REQUIREMENTS DUE BY DECEMBER 15, 2020**

All facilities conducting monthly ground water and vapor monitoring for release detection must have a valid site assessment. Records of groundwater monitoring and site assessment must be on file. Any new site assessment developed after December 15, 2017 must have a must be signed by a P.E or P.G. or equivalent licensed professional with experience in environmental engineering, hydrology or other technical discipline [GA Rule 391-3-15-.07; 280.45(a)].

For previously deferred UST systems:

- Release detection for UST systems that store fuel solely for use by emergency power generators
- Subpart K for airport hydrant fuel distribution systems and UST systems with field constructed tanks

For UST systems in use on or before December 15, 2017, **Spill prevention equipment** tested once every three years (or use double-walled spill bucket with monthly interstitial monitoring). The initial testing must be conducted by December 15, 2020 [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.35 (b) (1)]

•The spill prevention equipment tested to ensure the equipment is liquid tight by using vacuum, pressure, or liquid testing

For UST systems in use on or before December 15, 2017, Containment sump testing for sumps used for interstitial monitoring of piping tested once every three years (or use double-walled containment sumps with monthly interstitial monitoring). The initial testing must be conducted by December 15, 2020). [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.35 (b) (1)].

•The containment sumps used for interstitial monitoring of piping are tested to ensure the equipment is liquid tight by using vacuum, pressure, or liquid testing.

For UST system in use on or before December 15, 2017, Overfill prevention equipment inspections [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.35 (b) (1)].

•At a minimum, the inspection must ensure that overfill prevention equipment is set to activate at the correct level specified in §280.20(c) and will activate when regulated substance reaches that level.

Release detection equipment must be tested for proper operation at least annually [GA Rule 391-3-15-.07: 280.40(a) (3)].

Conduct walkthrough inspections that will visually check for damage to the spill prevention and release detection equipment every 30 days [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.36 (a) (1) (j)].

- •Spill prevention equipment visually check for damage; remove liquid/debris; check for and remove obstructions in fill pipe; check fill cap to make sure it is securely on the fill pipe; and for double walled spill prevention equipment with interstitial monitoring, check for a leak in the interstitial area.
- Release detection equipment check to make sure the release detection equipment is operating with no alarms or other unusual operating conditions present; and ensure records of release detection are reviewed and current.

Conduct walkthrough inspections that will visually check for damage to containment sumps and hand-held release detection equipment annually [GA Rule 391-3-15-.06; 280.36(a) (1) (ii)].

- •Containment Sumps visually check for damage, leaks to the containment area, or releases to the environment; remove liquid (in contained sumps) or debris; and, for double walled sumps with interstitial monitoring, check for a leak in the interstitial area.
- Hand held release detection equipment check devices such as tank gauge sticks or groundwater bailers for operability and serviceability.