Todd Ennis, Solid Waste Director
City of Griffin
236 Emlett Drive
Griffin, Georgia 30223

SUBJECT: Spalding County – City of Griffin, Shoal Creek Road C&D Landfill
Draft Site Limitations for Proposed Phase IV Expansion
Permit Number 126-010D(SL), Submission ID: 642953

Dear Mr. Ennis:

The Solid Waste Management Program of the Environmental Protection Division (EPD) has completed its review of the September 20, 2023, Hydrogeologic Site Assessment/Site Suitability Report, Shoal Creek Road C&D Landfill, Phase 4 Expansion, City of Griffin-Spalding County, Georgia, prepared by Geotechnical and Environmental Consultants, Inc and submitted to EPD on January 21, 2024.

Based on the data submitted, EPD has drafted “Site Limitations” which would form the basis for design of the proposed landfill in a manner that complies with Georgia Comprehensive Rules and Regulations Subject 391-3-4, Solid Waste Management (Rules). These rules can be accessed online at https://rules.sos.state.ga.us/GAC/391-3-4.

Comments on the proposed facility’s site suitability report and the draft “Site Limitations” are welcome. However, if EPD is to consider such comments prior to determining if a Site Suitability Notice is warranted for this facility, they must be received prior to September 21, 2024. Please note that issuance of a Site Suitability Notice by EPD does not constitute a permitting decision for the proposed facility and comments regarding siting issues may be considered up to the time a final permitting decision is made.
Please feel free to contact Beverly Tipton at 470-524-5790 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Charles J. Mueller, Chief
Land Protection Branch

Attachment

cc: Keith Stevens, Beverly Tipton, Jim Guentert, William Cook, GA EPD
    Robert King, Paragon Consulting Group
    EPD Mountain District/Atlanta
1. Waste in the Phase IV expansion area shall not be placed outside the line identified as “Proposed Waste Disposal Boundary” shown on Paragon Consulting Group (Paragon) Figure 1, Landfill Expansion Site Plan, printed on January 23, 2024.

2. The bottom of waste in the Phase IV expansion area shall be kept a minimum of 10 feet above the groundwater elevation contours shown on Paragon’s Figure 11, Potentiometric Contour Map, printed on February 21, 2024.

3. A minimum 500-foot buffer shall be maintained between the waste disposal boundary and any adjacent residences and/or water supply wells.

4. A minimum 200-foot undisturbed buffer shall be maintained between the waste disposal boundary and the permitted property boundaries.

5. A minimum 50-foot undisturbed buffer shall be maintained between the waste disposal boundaries and all wetlands, except as permitted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and allowed by EPD. A statement certifying that wetlands will not be impacted because of construction activities at the site shall be submitted. This statement shall be signed and stamped by the professional engineer responsible for the Design and Operational (D&O) Plan for the subject site. Wetland areas shall be delineated on the D&O Plan.

6. A minimum 25-foot undisturbed buffer shall be maintained between the waste disposal area and any on-site springs, intermittent or perennial streams or surface water bodies, except as permitted by the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and allowed by EPD.

7. If during excavation of the site, any springs or seeps are discovered, precautions shall be taken to implement protective designs into the facility’s design and operational plans. Also, the spring or seep shall be incorporated into the facility’s groundwater monitoring plan.

8. The facility shall not restrict the flow of the 100-year flood, reduce the temporary water storage capacity of the floodplain, or result in a washout of solid waste or material to pose a hazard to human health and the environment.

9. All erosion control measures shall conform to the Erosion and Sediment Control Act, the Georgia Comprehensive Rules and Regulations Subject 391-3-4, Solid Waste (Rules), and be protective of Bolton Creek and Shoal Creek and their perennial and intermittent tributaries. Runoff from the entire facility must be routed at all times, either directly or via properly designed conveyance systems, to permanent sediment control impoundments.
10. This site is in a seismic impact zone as defined in the Georgia Comprehensive Rules and Regulations Subject 391-3-4, Solid Waste Management (Rules). The design engineer must certify that all containment structures are designed to resist the maximum horizontal ground acceleration for the site. Therefore, the registered professional engineer preparing the design and operational plan must stamp and sign each engineering drawing with the accompanying notation:

   I have reviewed the information presented in this drawing, and in my professional opinion, all containment structures are designed to resist a maximum horizontal ground acceleration of 0.12g in 250 years.

11. Structural fill shall be required in some portions of the expansion area to achieve the required base grade elevations. Structural fill shall meet the requirements of the Construction Quality Assurance Plan within the EPD approved Design & Operational Plan.

12. If non-rippable rock (bedrock) is encountered at an elevation above the approved base of the waste unit, or if non-rippable rock is removed during excavation, at least five (5) feet of clean, compacted, rubble-free fill shall be placed above the non-rippable rock. Alternatively, an engineered layer (soil or a combination of soils and geosynthetics) shall be placed and compacted between the non-rippable rock and the base of the waste unit. The engineered layer shall include:

   i. One (1) foot of soil with a hydraulic conductivity equal or lower than $1 \times 10^{-5}$ cm/sec constructed over one (1) foot of structural fill, or

   ii. If a geosynthetic is used, the geosynthetic will have a hydraulic conductivity equivalent to or less than one (1) of $1 \times 10^{-5}$ cm/sec soil and will be placed on a minimum of two (2) feet of structural fill.

Installation of an alternative engineered layer over rock shall be documented and certified by a Professional Engineer or Professional Geologist registered in the State of Georgia and shall be included in the CQA report for the cell being constructed.

13. Groundwater, surface water and methane monitoring systems shall be installed at the site. The groundwater monitoring system shall include some monitoring wells completed in the bedrock. Foliation and joint orientation and lineament analysis shall be considered in determining bedrock monitoring well locations. Sampling parameters, sampling schedules, monitoring well construction, and spacing shall adhere to the guidelines established in the Georgia Comprehensive Rules and Regulations Subject 391-3-4, Solid Waste Management (Rules). The system design and monitoring requirements shall be detailed in a groundwater and surface water monitoring plan and methane monitoring plan that are prepared in accordance with the 1991 Georgia Manual for Groundwater Monitoring, the September 2021 EPD document, Monitoring of Surface Water and Underdrain Systems at Solid Waste Facilities, the September 2015 EPD document, Methane Monitoring at Solid Waste Disposal Facilities and current USEPA Region IV guidance and are approvable by EPD.
14. All soil borings, monitoring wells and piezometers that have been completed/installed at this site, shall be plugged, and abandoned, except for those locations that will be used as monitoring wells for the proposed landfill. Abandonments shall be performed in accordance with the Water Well Standards Act. Additionally, all soil borings, monitoring wells and piezometers located within the proposed waste footprint shall be abandoned by overdrilling and filling with a non-shrinking cement/bentonite grout mixture via tremie pipe from the bottom to within 10 feet of the base of the landfill. The remaining borehole shall be filled with hydrated bentonite. The abandonment of all borings/piezometers/monitoring wells shall be supervised by a professional geologist (PG) or professional engineer (PE) registered to practice in the State of Georgia. A report documenting the abandonment shall be submitted to EPD prior to cell construction. This documentation shall be signed and stamped by the responsible professional geologist or engineer registered to practice in the State of Georgia.