1.7 General Control Device Requirements

(a) **Applicability.** This section contains requirements for control devices used to comply with provisions in relevant source categories. These requirements apply only to affected sources covered by relevant source categories referring directly or indirectly to this section.

(b) **Rules.**

(1) Owners or operators using flares to comply with a relevant source category shall monitor these control devices to assure that they are operated and maintained in conformance with their designs. Applicable source categories will provide provisions stating how owners or operators using flares shall monitor these control devices.

(2) Flares shall be steam-assisted, air-assisted, or non-assisted.

(3) Flares shall be operated at all times when emissions may be vented to them.

(4) Flares shall be designed for and operated with no visible emissions, except for periods not to exceed a total of 5 minutes during any 2 consecutive hours. Test Method 22 in Appendix A of this text shall be used to determine the compliance of flares with the visible emission provisions. The observation period is 2 hours and shall be used according to Method 22.

(5) Flares shall be operated with a flame present at all times. The presence of a flare pilot flame shall be monitored using a thermocouple or any other equivalent device to detect the presence of a flame.

(6) An owner/operator has the choice of adhering to either the heat content specifications in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section, and the maximum tip velocity specifications in paragraph (b)(7)(i) or (b)(8) of this section, or adhering to the requirements in paragraph (b)(6)(i) of this section.

(i) (A) Flares shall be used that have a diameter of 3 inches or greater, are nonassisted, have a hydrogen content of 8.0 percent (by volume) or greater, and are designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 37.2 m/sec (122 ft/sec) and less than the velocity, \( V_{\text{max}} \), as determined by the following equation:

\[
V_{\text{max}} = \left( X_{H_2} - K_1 \right) K_2
\]

Where:

- \( V_{\text{max}} \) = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.
- \( K_1 \) = Constant, 6.0 volume-percent hydrogen.
- \( K_2 \) = Constant, 3.9 (m/sec)/volume-percent hydrogen.
- \( X_{H_2} \) = The volume-percent of hydrogen, on a wet basis, as calculated by using the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Method D1946-77. (Incorporated by reference as specified in §1.6).

(B) The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section.

(ii) Flares shall be used only with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 11.2 MJ/scm (300 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is steam-assisted or air-assisted; or with the net heating value of the gas being combusted at 7.45 MJ/scm (200 Btu/scf) or greater if the flare is non-assisted. The net heating value of the gas being combusted in a flare shall be calculated using the following equation:
Where:

\[ H_T = K \sum_{i=1}^{n} C_i H_i \]

\[ K = \frac{1.740 \times 10^{-7}}{1 \text{ ppmv} \cdot \left( \frac{g\text{-mole}}{scm} \right)} \left( \frac{MJ}{kcal} \right) \]

\( C_i = \) Concentration of sample component \( i \) in ppmv on a wet basis, as measured for organics by Test Method 18 and measured for hydrogen and carbon monoxide by American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) D1946-77 (incorporated by reference as specified in §1.6).

\( H_i = \) Net heat of combustion of sample component \( i \), kcal/g-mole at 25°C and 760 mm Hg. The heats of combustion may be determined using ASTM D2382-76 (incorporated by reference as specified in §1.6) if published values are not available or cannot be calculated.

\( n = \) Number of sample components.

(i) Steam-assisted and non-assisted flares shall be designed for and operated with an exit velocity less than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec), except as provided in paragraphs (b)(7)(ii) and (b)(7)(iii) of this section. The actual exit velocity of a flare shall be determined by dividing the volumetric flow rate of gas being combusted (in units of emission standard temperature and pressure), as determined by Test Methods 2, 2A, 2C, or 2D in Appendix A of this text, as appropriate, by the unobstructed (free) cross-sectional area of the flare tip.

(ii) Steam-assisted and non-assisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, equal to or greater than 18.3 m/sec (60 ft/sec) but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec), are allowed if the net heating value of the gas being combusted is greater than 37.3 MJ/scm (1,000 Btu/scf).

(iii) Steam-assisted and non-assisted flares designed for and operated with an exit velocity, as determined by the method specified in paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this section, less than the velocity \( V_{\max} \), as determined by the method specified in this paragraph, but less than 122 m/sec (400 ft/sec) are allowed. The maximum permitted velocity, \( V_{\max} \), for flares complying with this paragraph shall be determined by the following equation:

\[ \log_{10}(V_{\max}) = \frac{(H_T + 28.8)}{31.7} \]

\( 28.8 = \) Constant.

\( 31.7 = \) Constant.

\( H_T = \) The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6) of this section.

(8) Air-assisted flares shall be designed and operated with an exit velocity less than the
velocity \( V_{\text{max}} \). The maximum permitted velocity, \( V_{\text{max}} \), for air-assisted flares shall be determined by the following equation:

\[ V_{\text{max}} = 8.71 + 0.708 (H_r) \]

Where:

\( V_{\text{max}} \) = Maximum permitted velocity, m/sec.

8.71 = Constant.

0.708 = Constant.

\( H_r \) = The net heating value as determined in paragraph (b)(6)(ii) of this section.