Have you encountered an incident involving radioactive materials?

- <u>SAFELY</u> approach from upwind, upslope direction
- ISOLATE AND SECURE the scene
- <u>LIMIT TIME</u> of contact in the area containing radioactive materials
- **NOTIFY** Georgia State authorities
- OBTAIN information about the scene (see below)
- INFORMATION that should be reported includes:
 - <u>Your name</u>, address and contact telephone number
 - Location of encounter with driving directions
 - <u>Description</u> of any device or package and any labels found
 - <u>Identity</u> (name, address, contact telephone number) of person possessing a package or device
 - <u>Vehicle</u> description (make, model, color, license plate)



Georgia Department of Natural Resources Environmental Protection Division 2 Martin Luther King Jr. Drive Atlanta, GA 30334 <u>General Information During Business Hours</u> Radiation Programs—(404) 362-2675 rademergencyinfo@dnr.state.ga.us



1-800-TRY-GEMA

(Use any one of these telephone numbers)

1-800-241-4113 (within Georgia) **(404) 656-4863** (Atlanta or outside Georgia)

24 Hour Emergency Contact

REPORT ALL INCIDENTS TO:

Georgia Emergency Management Agency





RADIATION RESPONSE For LAW ENFORCEMENT



RADIATION

RESPONSE

For

LAW

ENFORCEMENT

How to Recognize and Respond to Incidents Involving Radiation in Georgia

Radiation incidents can occur anywhere.

There are techniques that you can use to protect yourself, your fellow responders and others.

Georgia state radiation experts can provide assistance during a radiological response.

Georgia Department of Natural Resources Environmental Protection Division

Georgia Emergency Management Agency

Revised: April 2008

Responder Safety = TDS + PPE



Time

Minimize the time spent within the radiological area



Distance

Maximize the distance from the sources of radiation.



Shielding

Place shielding (e.g., vehicles, clothing) between you and the sources of radiation.



Personal Protective Equipment

Typical PPE used during radiological incidents may consist of, but is not limited to, the following:

- Disposable coveralls
- Jackets
- Shoe covers or boots
- Gloves



- Hoods
- Safety glasses
- Respiratory protection (e.g., respirators)

Radiation Response Guidance

<u>Safety</u>

- Approach from upwind, upslope side, especially if involved in fire
- Check for other hazards—chemicals, electricity, traffic, water, weapons
- Attempt to determine the types and quantities of radioactive materials

Isolate

- Cordon off incident scene to an initial evacuation area of 500 meters/yards in all directions
- If obvious danger exists (such as fire), initiate evacuation of general public to a safe area
- Secure persons of interest nearby

Notify

- Advise Fire / Rescue of possible radiological incident
- Advise Medical Responders of injured and possible contaminated individuals
- Advise Georgia radiation authority
- Relinquish control of technical response upon arrival of Georgia Emergency Radiation Team

Scene Size-Up, Initial Actions

Radiological Incident Indicators

- Human senses cannot detect radiation
- Instruments can detect radiation (e.g., Geiger counters)
- Look for Radiation signs and labels at scene



Approaching the Scene

- **<u>Safety</u>**, first and always
- **Isolate**, and deny entry
- <u>Notify</u> Fire/Rescue, Medical, State Radiation Authority

Immediate Actions

- Keep all uninvolved persons away from scene and reroute traffic as needed
- Detain all persons involved with incident or potentially contaminated at the scene
- Record names, addresses, phone numbers of those unable to remain at scene