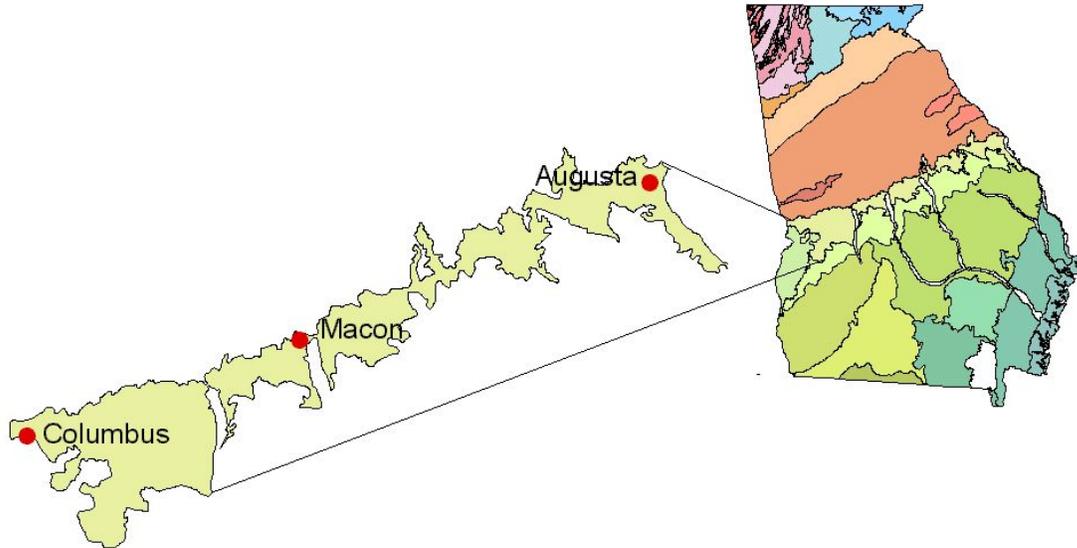




**GADNR/EPD Multi-Metric Macroinvertebrate Indices
Sand Hills (65c) subcoregion**

65c - Sand Hills



65c. The Sand Hills of Georgia form a narrow, rolling to hilly, highly dissected coastal plain belt stretching across the state from Augusta to Columbus. The region is composed primarily of Cretaceous and some Eocene-age marine sands and clays deposited over the crystalline and metamorphic rocks of the Piedmont (45). Many of the droughty, low-nutrient soils formed in thick beds of sand, although soils in some areas contain more loamy and clayey horizons. On the drier sites, turkey oak and longleaf pine are dominant, while shortleaf-loblolly pine forests and other oak-pine forests are common throughout the region.



**GADNR/EPD Multi-Metric Macroinvertebrate Indices
Sand Hills (65c) subcoregion**

Index 65c – Sand Hills

Metric	Metric Category
% Trichoptera	Composition
Tolerant Taxa	Tolerance/Intolerance
Intolerant Taxa	
% Scraper	Functional Feeding Group
Clinger Taxa	Habit