

NORTH CAROLINA

EXPLANATION

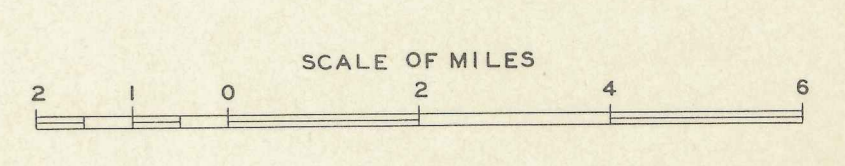
- CAMBRIAN OR YOUNGER(?)**
Brevard schist
bl, finely crystalline blue to white limestone or marble; occurs as lenses in Brevard schist. bs, black graphitic schist, scaly micaceous schist, phyllitic shale, graywackes, & some beds of quartzite
- PRE-CAMBRIAN(?) & YOUNGER**
gr, granite; locally porphyritic (pgr)
ms, biotite and muscovite schists
hgn, hornblende gneiss and schist
kms, kyanite-mica-garnetiferous schist with or without graphite
fq, Tallulah Falls quartzite; massive thick-bedded quartzite with layers of mica schist; upper portion biotite quartzite or graywacke.
gns, biotite and muscovite gneisses and schists (include some hornblende gneiss; intruded by younger granites)
- Normal Contact
- Known Fault
- Major built-up area in town

MINERAL RESOURCE LEGEND

- 1- Asbestos
 - 2- Corundum
 - 3- Feldspar
 - 4- Flagstone
 - 5- Gold
 - 6- Granite
 - 7- Gravel
 - 8- Kaolin
 - 9- Kyanite
 - 10- Limestone
 - 11- Mica
 - 12- Monazite
 - 13- Olivine
 - 14- Quartz, Amethyst
 - 15- Road Material
 - 16- Sand
 - 17- Serpentine
 - 18- Soapstone
 - 19- Talc
 - 20- Vermiculite
- X - Mineral Prospect
X - Mine

GEOLGY AND MINERAL RESOURCES OF RABUN AND HABERSHAM COUNTIES, GEORGIA

GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF MINES, MINING AND GEOLOGY
IN COOPERATION WITH THE TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY



1948

Geology by K.H. Teague and A.S. Furcron, Surveyed 1948

This is a provisional edition. Geology and mineral resource data are from field reconnaissance. Base map compiled from U.S.G.S. - TVA 1:24000 topographic maps, official 1/4 mile county road maps (by State Highway Board of Georgia in cooperation with Federal Works Agency) and AAA aerial photography indexes.