## Categorical Exclusion Checklist – for all Project Types Project Name Grant Number

Categorical Exclusions (CEs) are identified categories of actions which do not individually, cumulatively overtime, or in conjunction with other Federal, State, local or private actions have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment. For a project to be eligible for a CE, it generally relates to an existing infrastructure system which is either (1) an existing sewer collection network and treatment system; (2) a system to collect, treat, store and distribute drinking water; or (3) a stormwater system (including a combined sewer overflow system) and is in accord with determination procedures adopted by EPA [40 CFR 6.204].

Table 1. Special Congressional Earmarks for Reimbursement of Costs of Already Completed Projects >>>PreliminaryEvaluation<<< If the earmark is not for the reimbursement of a completed	
Under 40 CFR 6.204(a)(1)(v), actions for the award of grants authorized by Cong annual Appropriations Act may qualify for a CE if they are solely for the reimbur associated with a project completed prior to the enacted appropriation date. The p in compliance with EPA guidelines covering the year of the appropriation in order	roject must also be
Indicate the date of the appropriation Indicate the date of project completion	
Is the completion date after the Appropriation date?	Yes No
If the answer is Yes, go to Table 2, the project does not qualify for a CE und	er this special 4.
provision, but may otherwise qualify. If the answer is No, proceed to Table	

Table 2. Replacement of Existing Onsite Systems in Unsewered Communities  >>>PreliminaryEvaluation<<< If the project does not consist of actions in unsewered communities involving the replacement of existing onsite systems, proceed to Table 3.  Under 40 CFR 6.204(a)(1)(iii), actions in unsewered communities involving the replacement of onsite systems with new onsite systems may qualify for a CE.			
		Will the project result in substantial increases in the volume of discharge or loadings of pollutants from existing sources, or relocate an existing discharge?	Yes No

If the answer is Yes, the project does not qualify for a CE, <u>STOP</u> . If the answer is No, go to Table 4.		
Table 3. General Categories of Projects That Qualify for a CE		
Under 40 CFR 6.204(a)(1)(ii), minor actions relating to an existing infrastructure system collection network and treatment system; a system to collect, treat, store and distribut water; or a stormwater or combined sewer system) may qualify for a CE. Answer 1 to	te drinking to 3.	
1. Is the project for minor upgrade or minor expansion of system capacity? This includes, but is not limited to: minor extensions of sanitary sewers or force mains or drinking water extensions within approximately ½ mile of the existing system to primarily serve existing development; stormwater detention pond and retention pond cleaning and dredging or minor storage increase or culvert upgrades.	Yes No	
2. Is the project for rehabilitation of existing facilities?  This includes, but is not limited to: infiltration and inflow corrections in the existing wastewater collection system or equipment rehabilitation at the existing wastewater plant, pumping, or storage facilities; drinking water system equipment replacement or modifications at an existing water plant, or pumping and storage facilities; stormwater culvert rehabilitation and repair, rip-rap renewal or other flow dissipation structure rehabilitation, or storm sewer to grass swale conversions.	Yes No	
3. Is the project for new minor ancillary facilities adjacent to or on the same property as existing facilities?  This includes, but is not limited to: new wastewater facilities and equipment for sludge handling, odor control, screening, flow equalization, disinfection, or laboratory facilities; new drinking water facilities such as alum sludge handling, filtration, flow equalization, chemical storage, chlorination, or laboratory facilities; innovative facilities at stormwater control locations, such as sedimentation basins, infiltration trenches, detention pond to retention pond retrofits, or oil and grit separators.	Yes No	
If the answer to all of the above is No, then the project does not qualify for a CI	E. <u>STOP</u> .	
If any answer is Yes, proceed to the next section: Excluding Factors.		
Excluding Factors	T • •	
(1) Project will involve new or relocated discharges to surface or ground water	Yes No	
(2) Project will result in substantial increases in the volume of discharge or the loadings of pollutant to the receiving water	Yes No	
(3) Project will provide capacity to serve a population 30 percent greater than the existing population	Yes No	
(4) Project will be in conflict with state or other regional growth plan or strategy	Yes No	
(5) Project will directly or indirectly relate to upgrading or extending infrastructure systems primarily for the purposes of future development	Yes No	

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If any answer (1-5) is Yes, then project does not qualify for a CE. <u>STOP</u>. If all answers (1-5) are No, go to Table 4.

Table 4. Extraordinary Circumstances That Disallow a CE	
(1) The action is known or expected to have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment, either individually or cumulatively over time.	Yes No
(2) The action is known or expected to have disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on any community, including minority communities, low-income communities, or federally-recognized Indian tribal communities.	Yes No
(3) The action is known or expected to significantly affect federally listed threatened or endangered species or their critical habitat.	Yes No
(4) The action is known or expected to significantly affect national natural landmarks or any property with nationally significant historic, architectural, prehistoric, archeological, or cultural value, including but not limited to, property listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places.	Yes No
(5) The action is known or expected to significantly affect environmentally important natural resource areas such as wetlands, floodplains, significant agricultural lands, aquifer recharge zones, coastal zones, barrier islands, wild and scenic rivers, and significant fish or wildlife habitat.	Yes No
(6) The action is known or expected to cause significant adverse air quality effects.	Yes No
(7) The action is known or expected to have a significant effect on the pattern and type of land use or growth and distribution of population including altering the character of existing residential area, or be inconsistent with state of local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe approved land use plans or federal land management plans.	Yes No
(8) The proposed action is known or expected to cause significant public controversy about a potential environmental impact of the proposed action.	Yes No
(9) The proposed action is known or expected to be associated with providing financial assistance through an interagency agreement for a project that is known or expected to have potentially significant environmental impacts.	Yes No
(10) The proposed action is known or expected to conflict with federal, state, or local government, or federally-recognized Indian tribe environmental resource-protection, or land-use laws or regulations.	Yes No

If all of the answers (1-10) are No, then the project is eligible for a CE. If any of the answers to the questions in Table 4 is Yes, then a CE can not be granted.